

ATTACHMENT 4

Cirrus Consulting, LLC

February 4, 2022

Air Permits Section, 6MM-AP
U.S. EPA, Region 6
1445 Ross Avenue
Dallas, Texas 752002-2733

Re: Application to Renew Title V Operating Permit Number R6FOP-NM-04-R2
Harvest Four Corners, LLC – Los Mestenos Compressor Station

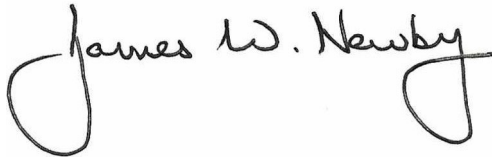
Dear Madam/Sir,

On behalf of Harvest Four Corners, LLC (Harvest), Cirrus Consulting, LLC submits the enclosed application to renew the Title V operating permit for the Los Mestenos Compressor Station, located within the exterior boundaries of the Jicarilla Apache Indian Reservation.

Thank you for your assistance. If you have questions or need any additional information, please contact Oakley Hayes of Harvest at (505) 632-4421.

Sincerely,

CIRRUS CONSULTING, LLC

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James W. Newby". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

James W. Newby

Attachment

Los Mestenos Compressor Station Title V Operating Permit Renewal Application

c: Oakley Hayes, Harvest

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**U.S ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (REGION 6)
RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR PERMIT # R6FOP-NM-04-R2**

LOS MESTENIOS COMPRESSOR STATION

Submitted By:



**HARVEST FOUR CORNERS, LLC
1755 Arroyo Drive
Bloomfield, New Mexico 87413**

Prepared By:

**CIRRUS CONSULTING, LLC
11139 Crisp Air Drive
Colorado Springs, Colorado 80908
(801) 294-3024**

February 2022

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Introduction

The Harvest Four Corners, LLC (Harvest) Los Mestenios Compressor Station currently operates under Part 71 Title V permit R6FOP-NM-04-R2, issued August 8, 2017. This application is being submitted to renew the Title V permit.

The Los Mestenios Compressor Station is a natural gas compressor station that accepts produced natural gas gathered from various wellheads from the gas field surrounding the facility, and compresses this gas for delivery to natural gas processing facilities. This is done on a contractual basis.

Under the existing Title V operating permit, the station is currently approved to operate a Solar Saturn T1200 natural gas fired turbine (Unit 1) and a Caterpillar G-399-TA 4 stroke rich burn (4SRB) reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) (Unit 2), both driving natural gas compressors. The existing permit also includes a 490-bbl condensate storage tank (Unit T1) for which both flash and working/breathing losses are estimated, a 400-bbl condensate tank (Unit T2) with working/breathing losses only, fugitive emissions from valves, flanges, etc. (Unit F1), startup, shutdown, and maintenance emissions (Unit SSM) and miscellaneous insignificant emission sources. Note that T2 is permitted to prevent overflows from T1 during times when haul truck access is limited due to outside factors such as weather and/or road conditions, and as such does not include flash losses.

In addition to renewing the Part 71 Title V permit, this application proposes to replace Unit 2, with a Waukesha L7042GL compressor engine and add one Scania DS11 diesel emergency generator (Unit 3). Note that the caterpillar engine is no longer operational and has been disconnected from the process.

The emergency generator was installed during the latter half of calendar year 2019; however, Harvest has not been able to find records indicating EPA was notified of startup. That being the case, this application is being used to provide notice of installation and startup.

On January 21, 2022, a letter was submitted to EPA Region 6 indicating that emissions at the Los Mestenios Compressor Station have dropped below the Title V major source thresholds. This occurred both because of the replacement of the Caterpillar G-399-TA engine, a Title V major source by itself, and because flash emissions from the condensate storage tank have been reduced. The emission rates identified in this application are below the Title V major source thresholds.

This renewal application is being submitted because EPA has not had a chance to review and approve the January 21, 2022 letter.

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Section 1

Application Forms

Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
GENERAL INFORMATION AND SUMMARY (GIS)

A. Mailing Address and Contact Information

Facility name: Los Mestenos Compressor Station

Mailing address: Street or P.O. Box 1755 Arroyo Drive

City: Bloomfield State: NM ZIP: 87413 -

Contact person: Oakley Hayes Title Environmental Specialist

Telephone: (505) 632-4421 Ext.

Facsimile: (505) 632-4782 Ext.

B. Facility Location

Temporary source? Yes X No Plant site location Section 2 5& 26, Township 26N, Range 5W
(UTMH 292.3 km, UTMV 4,036.5 km, Zone 13)

City: ≈24 miles northwest of Gavilan State: NM County: Rio Arriba EPA Region: 6

Is the facility located within:

Indian lands? X YES NO An offshore source in federal waters? YES X NO

Non-attainment area? YES X NO If yes, for what air pollutants? N/A

Within 50 miles of affected State? X YES NO If yes, what state(s)? CO

C. Owner

Name: Hilcorp Energy Company Street/P.O. Box: 1111 Travis Street

City: Houston State: TX ZIP: 77002 -

Telephone: (713) 289 - 2630 Ext:

D. Operator

Name: Harvest Four Corners, LLC Street/P.O. Box: 1755 Arroyo Drive

City: Bloomfield State: NM ZIP: 87413 -

Telephone: (505) 632 - 4600 Ext:

E. Application Type

Mark only one permit application type and answer the supplementary question appropriate for the type marked.

☐ Initial Permit ☒ Renewal ☐ Significant Mod ☐ Minor Permit Mod(MPM)

☐ Group Processing, MPM ☐ Administrative Amendment

For initial permits, when did operations commence? ____ / ____ / ____

For permit renewal, what is the expiration date of current permit? 08 / 07 / 2022

F. Applicable Requirement Summary

Mark the types of applicable requirements that apply:

☐ SIP ☒ FIP/TIP ☐ PSD ☐ Non-attainment NSR

☐ Minor source NSR ☒ Section 111 ☐ Phase I acid rain ☐ Phase II acid rain

☐ Stratospheric ozone ☐ OCS regulations ☐ NESHAP ☐ Sec. 112(d) MACT

☒ Sec. 112(g) MACT ☐ Early reduction of HAP ☐ Sec 112(j) MACT ☐ RMP [Sec.112(r)]

☐ Section 129 ☐ NAAQS, increments or visibility but for temporary sources (This is rare)

Is the source subject to the Deepwater Port Act? ☐ YES ☒ NO

Has a risk management plan been registered? ☐ YES ☒ NO Agency: _____

Phase II acid rain application submitted? ☐ YES ☒ NO If YES, Permitting Authority: _____

G. Source-Wide PTE Restrictions and Generic Applicable Requirements

Cite and describe any emissions-limiting requirements and/or facility-wide "generic" applicable requirements.

Not applicable.

H. Process Description

List processes, products, and SIC codes for the facility.

| Process | Products | SIC |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Natural Gas Compression | Natural Gas | 1389 |
| Condensate Storage | Natural Gas Condensate | 1389 |
| | | |
| | | |

I. Emission Unit Identification

Assign an emissions unit ID and describe each emissions unit at the facility. Control equipment and/or alternative operating scenarios associated with emissions units should be listed on a separate line. Applicants may exclude from this list any insignificant emissions units or activities.

| Emissions Unit ID | Description of Unit |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Solar Saturn 1200 Turbine |
| 2 | Waukesha L7042GL Engine |
| 3 | Scania DS11 Diesel Engine |
| T1 | 490 bbl Condensate Storage Tank |
| T2 | 400 bbl Condensate Storage Tank |
| F1 | Piping Component Fugitive Emissions |
| SSM | Startup, Shutdown & Maintenance |
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J. Facility Emissions Summary

Enter potential to emit (PTE) for the facility as a whole for each regulated air pollutant listed below. Enter the name of the single HAP emitted in the greatest amount and its PTE. For all pollutants, stipulations to major source status may be indicated by entering "major" in the space for PTE. Indicate the total actual emissions for fee purposes for the facility in the space provided. Applications for permit modifications need not include actual emissions information.

NOx 39.55 tons/yr VOC 91.12 tons/yr SO2 0.24 tons/yr
PM-10 0.82 tons/yr CO 45.73 tons/yr Lead 0.00 tons/yr
Total HAP 7.33 tons/yr
Single HAP with greatest amount n-Hexane PTE 3.83 tons/yr
Total of regulated pollutants (for fee calculation), Sec. F, line 5 of form FEE 177.46 tons/yr

K. Existing Federally-Enforceable Permits

Permit number(s) R6FOP-NM-04-R2 Permit type Part 71 Permitting authority EPA
Permit number(s) _____ Permit type _____ Permitting authority _____

L. Emission Unit(s) Covered by General Permits – Not Applicable

Emission unit(s) subject to general permit _____
Check one: ____ Application made ____ Coverage granted
General permit identifier _____ Expiration Date ____/____/____

M. Cross-referenced Information

Does this application cross-reference information? ____ YES X NO (If yes, see instructions)

C. Fuel Data

Primary fuel type(s): Natural Gas Standby fuel type(s): Not Applicable

Describe each fuel you expected to use during the term of the permit.

| Fuel Type | Max. Sulfur Content (%) | Max. Ash Content (%) | BTU Value (cf, gal., or lb.) |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Natural Gas | Negligible | Negligible | 900 Btu/cf |
| | | | |
| | | | |

D. Fuel Usage Rates

| Fuel Type | Annual Actual Usage | Maximum Usage | |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Hourly | Annual |
| Natural Gas | Not Applicable | 12,044 scf | 105.51 MMscf |
| | | | |

E. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable

| |
|--|
| Emissions unit ID _____ Device type _____ Air pollutant(s) Controlled _____ Manufacturer _____ Model No. _____ Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____ Control efficiency (%) _____ Efficiency estimation method _____ |
|--|

F. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

| |
|--|
| Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____ Stack temp (°F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____ |
|--|

C. Fuel Data

Primary fuel type(s): Natural Gas Standby fuel type(s): Not Applicable

Describe each fuel you expected to use during the term of the permit.

| Fuel Type | Max. Sulfur Content (%) | Max. Ash Content (%) | BTU Value (cf, gal., or lb.) |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Natural Gas | Negligible | Negligible | 900 Btu/cf |
| | | | |
| | | | |

D. Fuel Usage Rates

| Fuel Type | Annual Actual Usage | Maximum Usage | |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | Hourly | Annual |
| Natural Gas | Not Applicable | 10,912 scf | 95.59 MMscf |
| | | | |

E. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment - Not Applicable

Emissions unit ID _____ Device type _____

Air pollutant(s) Controlled _____ Manufacturer _____

Model No. _____ Serial No. _____

Installation date ____/____/____ Control efficiency (%) _____

Efficiency estimation method _____

F. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____

Stack temp (°F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____

Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____

C. Fuel Data

Primary fuel type(s): Diesel Standby fuel type(s): Not Applicable

Describe each fuel you expected to use during the term of the permit.

| Fuel Type | Max. Sulfur Content (%) | Max. Ash Content (%) | BTU Value (cf, gal., or lb.) |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Diesel | ≤0.0015% | Unknown | 138,000 Btu/gal |
| | | | |
| | | | |

D. Fuel Usage Rates

| Fuel Type | Annual Actual Usage | Maximum Usage | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | Hourly | Annual |
| Diesel | Not Applicable | 5 gal | 2,500 gal |
| | | | |

E. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable

| |
|--|
| Emissions unit ID _____ Device type _____ Air pollutant(s) Controlled _____ Manufacturer _____ Model No. _____ Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____ Control efficiency (%) _____ Efficiency estimation method _____ |
|--|

F. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

| |
|--|
| Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____ Stack temp (°F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____ |
|--|

Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION FOR VOC EMITTING SOURCES (EUD-2)**A. General Information**Emissions unit ID T1 Description 490-bbl Condensate Storage TankSIC Code (4-digit) 1389 SCC Code 40400311**B. Emissions Unit Description**Equipment type Condensate Storage Tank Temporary source: ☐ Yes ☒ NoManufacturer Permian Model No. N/ASerial No. 25428 Installation date Unknown (Manufacture Date 1993)Articles being coated or degreased N/AApplication method N/AOverspray (surface coating) (%) N/A Drying method N/ANo. of dryers N/A Tank capacity (degreasers) (gal) N/A**C. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable**

Emissions unit ID _____ Device Type _____

Manufacturer _____ Model No _____

Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____

Control efficiency (%) _____ Capture efficiency (%) _____

Air pollutant(s) controlled _____ Efficiency estimation method _____

D. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____

Stack temp (F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____

Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____

E. VOC-containing Substance Data

List each VOC-containing substance consumed, processed or produced at the emissions unit that is emitted into the air. In the name column, if providing a brand name, include the name of the manufacture; if the substance contains HAP, list the constituent HAP.

| Substance Name (Chemical, Brand Name) | CAS No. | Substance Type | Actual Usage (gal/yr) | Max Usage (gal/day) | Max Usage (gal/year) | VOC Content (lb/gal) |
|---|---------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Natural Gas Condensate | N/A | Natural Gas Condensate | N/A | 2,548 | 929,922 | 5.7 |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION FOR VOC EMITTING SOURCES (EUD-2)**A. General Information**Emissions unit ID T2 Description 400 bbl Condensate Storage TankSIC Code (4-digit) 1389 SCC Code 40400311**B. Emissions Unit Description**Equipment type Condensate Storage Tank Temporary source: ☐ Yes ☒ NoManufacturer Permian Model No. N/ASerial No. 831-2918 Installation date 2014 (Manufacture Date 1965)Articles being coated or degreased N/AApplication method N/AOverspray (surface coating) (%) N/A Drying method N/ANo. of dryers N/A Tank capacity (degreasers) (gal) N/A**C. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable**

Emissions unit ID _____ Device Type _____

Manufacturer _____ Model No _____

Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____

Control efficiency (%) _____ Capture efficiency (%) _____

Air pollutant(s) controlled _____ Efficiency estimation method _____

D. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____

Stack temp (F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____

Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____

E. VOC-containing Substance Data

List each VOC-containing substance consumed, processed or produced at the emissions unit that is emitted into the air. In the name column, if providing a brand name, include the name of the manufacture; if the substance contains HAP, list the constituent HAP.

| Substance Name (Chemical, Brand Name) | CAS No. | Substance Type | Actual Usage (gal/yr) | Max Usage (gal/day) | Max Usage (gal/year) | VOC Content (lb/gal) |
|---|---------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Natural Gas Condensate | N/A | Natural Gas Condensate | N/A | 2,548 | 929,922 | 5.7 |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION FOR VOC EMITTING SOURCES (EUD-2)**A. General Information**Emissions unit ID F1 Description Piping Component Fugitive EmissionsSIC Code (4-digit) 1389 SCC Code 31088811**B. Emissions Unit Description**Equipment type Valves, Flanges, Seals, etc. Temporary source: ☐ Yes ☒ NoManufacturer Unknown Model No. UnknownSerial No. Unknown Installation date UnknownArticles being coated or degreased N/AApplication method N/AOverspray (surface coating) (%) N/A Drying method N/ANo. of dryers N/A Tank capacity (degreasers) (gal) N/A**C. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable**

Emissions unit ID _____ Device Type _____

Manufacturer _____ Model No _____

Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____

Control efficiency (%) _____ Capture efficiency (%) _____

Air pollutant(s) controlled _____ Efficiency estimation method _____

D. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____

Stack temp (F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____

Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____

E. VOC-containing Substance Data

List each VOC-containing substance consumed, processed or produced at the emissions unit that is emitted into the air. In the name column, if providing a brand name, include the name of the manufacture; if the substance contains HAP, list the constituent HAP.

| Substance Name (Chemical, Brand Name) | CAS No. | Substance Type | Actual Usage (gal/yr) | Max Usage (gal/day) | Max Usage (gal/year) | VOC Content (lb/gal) |
|--|---------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Natural Gas | N/A | Natural Gas | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)**EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION FOR VOC EMITTING SOURCES (EUD-2)****A. General Information**Emissions unit ID SSM Description Startup, Shutdown & MaintenanceSIC Code (4-digit) 1389 SCC Code 31000299**B. Emissions Unit Description**Equipment type SSM Emissions Temporary source: ☐ Yes ☒ NoManufacturer N/A Model No. N/ASerial No. N/A Installation date N/AArticles being coated or degreased N/AApplication method N/AOverspray (surface coating) (%) N/A Drying method N/ANo. of dryers N/A Tank capacity (degreasers) (gal) N/A**C. Associated Air Pollution Control Equipment – Not Applicable**

Emissions unit ID _____ Device Type _____

Manufacturer _____ Model No _____

Serial No. _____ Installation date ____/____/____

Control efficiency (%) _____ Capture efficiency (%) _____

Air pollutant(s) controlled _____ Efficiency estimation method _____

D. Ambient Impact Assessment – Not Applicable

This information must be completed by temporary sources or when ambient impact assessment is an applicable requirement for this emissions unit (this is not common).

Stack height (ft) _____ Inside stack diameter (ft) _____

Stack temp (F) _____ Design stack flow rate (ACFM) _____

Actual stack flow rate (ACFM) _____ Velocity (ft/sec) _____

E. VOC-containing Substance Data

List each VOC-containing substance consumed, processed or produced at the emissions unit that is emitted into the air. In the name column, if providing a brand name, include the name of the manufacture; if the substance contains HAP, list the constituent HAP.

| Substance Name (Chemical, Brand Name) | CAS No. | Substance Type | Actual Usage (gal/yr) | Max Usage (gal/day) | Max Usage (gal/year) | VOC Content (lb/gal) |
|--|---------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Natural Gas | N/A | Natural Gas | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
INSIGNIFICANT EMISSIONS (IE)

On this page list each insignificant activity or emission unit. In the "number" column, indicate the number of units in this category. Descriptions should be brief but unique. Indicate which emissions criterion of part 71 is the basis for the exemption.

| Number | Description of Activities or Emissions Units | RAP (except HAP) | HAP |
|--------|--|---------------------|-----|
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater (0.3 MMBtu/hr) | X | X |
| 5 | Tank Heater (0.3 MMBtu/hr) | X | X |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | X | X |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced Water) | X | X |
| T3 | Produced Water Storage Tank (70 bbl) | X | X |
| T4 | Lube Oil Storage Tank (500 gal) | X | X |
| T5 | Lube Oil Storage Tank (500 bbl) | X | X |
| T6 | Ambitrol Storage Tank (350 gal) | X | X |
| T7 | Methanol Storage Tank (500 gal) | X | X |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
EMISSION CALCULATIONS (EMISS)

Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

A. Emissions Unit ID 1

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

| Air Pollutants | Emission Rates | | | CAS No. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
| | Actual Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Potential to Emit | | |
| | | Hourly (lb/hr) | Annual (tons/yr) | |
| NO2 | 19.3 | 4.4 | 19.3 | |
| CO | 11.4 | 2.6 | 11.4 | |
| VOC | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| SO2 | 0.2 | -- | 0.2 | |
| TSP | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | |
| PM10 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | |
| PM2.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | |
| Acetaldehyde | -- | -- | 0.2 | 75070 |
| Formaldehyde | -- | -- | 0.2 | 50000 |
| Total HAPs | -- | 0.1 | 0.5 | |
| CO2 | -- | -- | 5544.6 | |
| CH4 | -- | -- | 0.1 | |
| | | | | |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
EMISSION CALCULATIONS (EMISS)

Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

A. Emissions Unit ID 2

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

| Air Pollutants | Emission Rates | | | CAS No. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
| | Actual Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Potential to Emit | | |
| | | Hourly (lb/hr) | Annual (tons/yr) | |
| NO2 | 19.2 | 4.4 | 19.2 | |
| CO | 33.9 | 7.7 | 33.9 | |
| VOC | 12.8 | 2.9 | 12.8 | |
| SO2 | -- | -- | -- | |
| TSP | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| PM10 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| PM2.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| Formaldehyde | -- | 0.5 | 2.2 | 50000 |
| Total HAPs | -- | 0.5 | 2.3 | |
| CO2 | -- | -- | 6,010.5 | |
| CH4 | -- | -- | 0.1 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
EMISSION CALCULATIONS (EMISS)

Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

A. Emissions Unit ID 3

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

| Air Pollutants | Emission Rates | | | CAS No. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
| | Actual Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Potential to Emit | | |
| | | Hourly (lb/hr) | Annual (tons/yr) | |
| NO2 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 0.8 | |
| CO | -- | 0.7 | 0.2 | |
| VOC | -- | 0.3 | 0.1 | |
| SO2 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| TSP | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| PM10 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| PM2.5 | -- | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| Total HAPs | -- | -- | -- | |
| CO2 | -- | -- | 31.2 | |
| CH4 | -- | -- | -- | |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
EMISSION CALCULATIONS (EMISS)

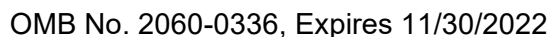
Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

A. Emissions Unit ID T1

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

| Air Pollutants | Emission Rates | | | CAS No. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
| | Actual Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Potential to Emit | | |
| | | Hourly (lb/hr) | Annual (tons/yr) | |
| VOC | 8.7 | -- | 52.8 | |
| Benzene | -- | -- | 0.4 | 71432 |
| n-Hexane | -- | -- | 3.1 | 110543 |
| Xylenes | -- | -- | 0.1 | 1330207 |
| Total HAPs | -- | -- | 3.7 | |
| CO2 | -- | -- | 0.1 | |
| CH4 | -- | -- | 13.6 | |
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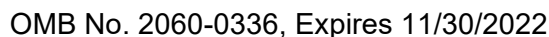


Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

[illegible]



Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

[illegible]

Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
EMISSION CALCULATIONS (EMISS)

Calculate potential to emit (PTE) for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each emissions unit, control device, or alternative operating scenario identified in section I of form **GIS**. If form **FEE** does not need to be submitted with the application, do not calculate actual emissions.

A. Emissions Unit ID SSM

B. Identification and Quantification of Emissions

For each emissions unit identified above, list each regulated air pollutant or other pollutant for which the source is major, then list any other regulated pollutant (for fee calculation) not already listed. HAP may be simply listed as "HAP." Next, calculate PTE for applicability purposes and actual emissions for fee purposes for each pollutant. Do not calculate PTE for air pollutants listed solely for fee purposes. Include all fugitives for fee purposes. See instructions concerning GHGs. Values should be reported to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton for yearly values or tenth (0.1) of a pound for hourly values.

| Air Pollutants | Emission Rates | | | CAS No. |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
| | Actual Annual Emissions (tons/yr) | Potential to Emit | | |
| | | Hourly (lb/hr) | Annual (tons/yr) | |
| VOC | 4.2 | -- | 16.1 | |
| n-Hexane | -- | -- | 0.4 | 110543 |
| Total HAPs | -- | -- | 0.5 | |
| CO2 | -- | -- | 1.2 | |
| CH4 | -- | -- | 41.0 | |
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Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
POTENTIAL TO EMIT (PTE)

For each emissions unit at the facility, list the unit ID and the PTE of each air pollutant listed below and sum the values to determine the total PTE for the facility. It may be helpful to complete form **EMISS** before completing this form. Report each pollutant at each unit to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a ton; values may be reported with greater precision (i.e., more decimal places) if desired. Report facility total PTE for each listed pollutant on this form and in section **J** of form **GIS**. The HAP column is for the PTE of all HAPs for each unit. You may use an attachment to show any pollutants that may be present in major amounts that are not already listed on the form (this is not common).

| Emissions Unit ID | Regulated Air Pollutants and Pollutants for which Source is Major (PTE in tons/yr) | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| | NOx | VOC | SO2 | PM10 | CO | Lead | HAP |
| 1 | 19.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 11.4 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| 2 | 19.2 | 12.8 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 33.9 | 0.0 | 2.3 |
| 3 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| T1 | | 52.8 | | | | | 3.7 |
| T2 | | 2.8 | | | | | 0.2 |
| F1 | | 4.8 | | | | | 0.1 |
| SSM | | 16.1 | | | | | 0.5 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| FACILITY TOTALS: | 39.6 | 91.12 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 45.7 | 0.0 | 7.3 |

Federal Operating Permit Program (40 CFR Part 71)
CERTIFICATION OF TRUTH, ACCURACY, AND COMPLETENESS (CTAC)

This form must be completed, signed by the "Responsible Official" designated for the facility or emission unit, and sent with each submission of documents (i.e., application forms, updates to applications, reports, or any information required by a part 71 permit).

A. Responsible Official

Name: (Last) Jones (First) Travis (MI) _____

Title EH&S Manager

Street or P.O. Box 1111 Travis Street

City Houston State TX ZIP 77002 - _____

Telephone (713) 289 - 2630 Ext. _____ Facsimile (____) _____ - _____

B. Certification of Truth, Accuracy and Completeness (to be signed by the responsible official)

I certify under penalty of law, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information contained in these documents are true, accurate and complete.

Name (signed) 

Name (typed) Travis Jones Date: 2 / 1 / 2022

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Section 2

Facility Plot Plan and Topographic Map

FIGURE 2

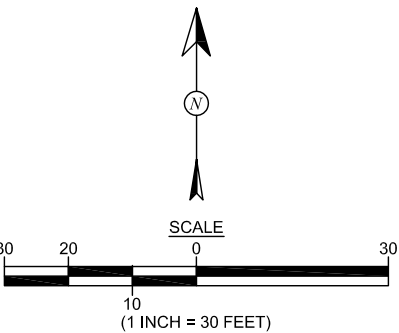
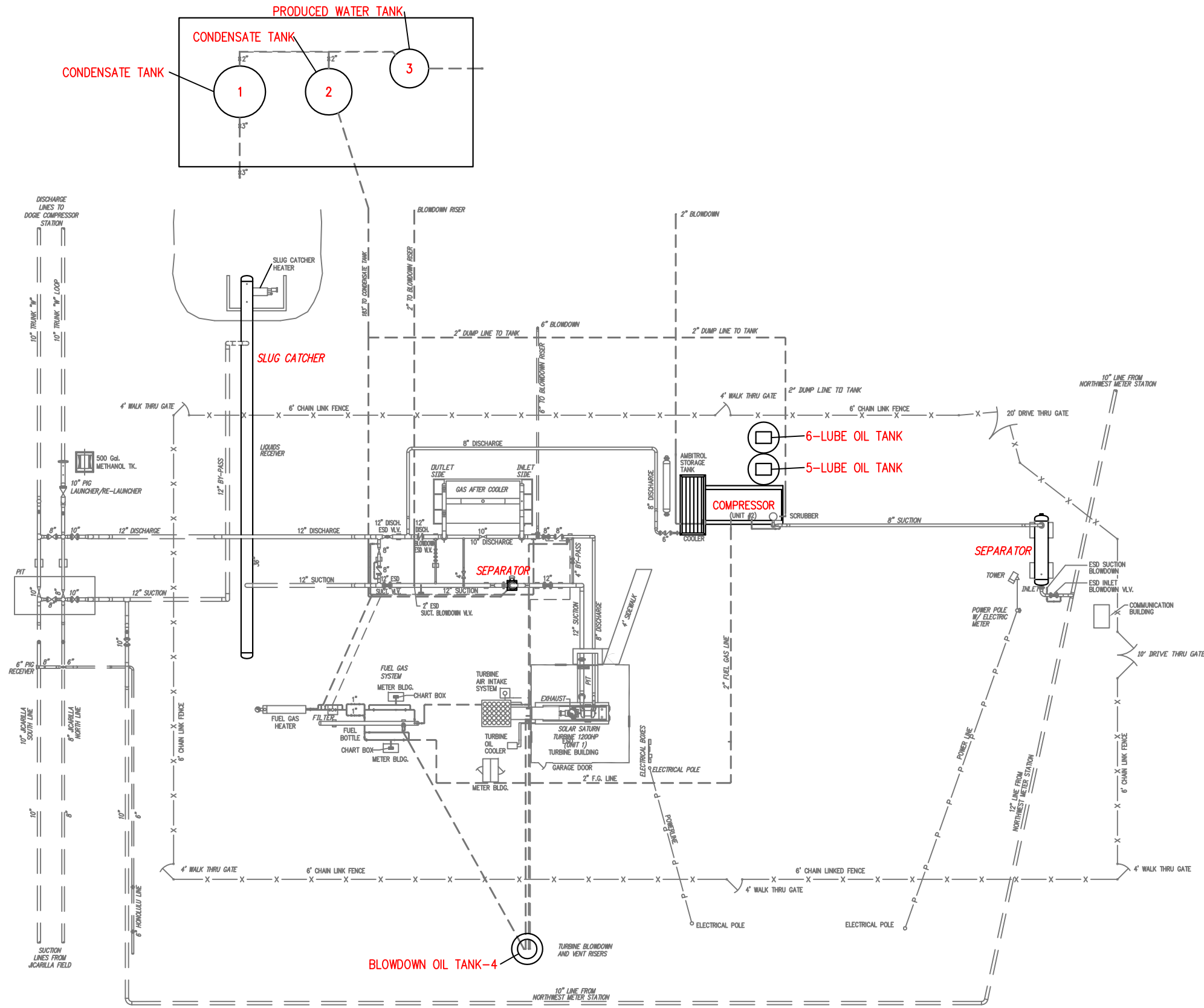
FACILITY LAYOUT
WILLIAMS FOUR CORNERS LLC
LOS MESTINIOS FACILITY
SW¼ SW¼, SECTION 25, T26N, R5W
RIO ARriba COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
N36.45096, W107.31759



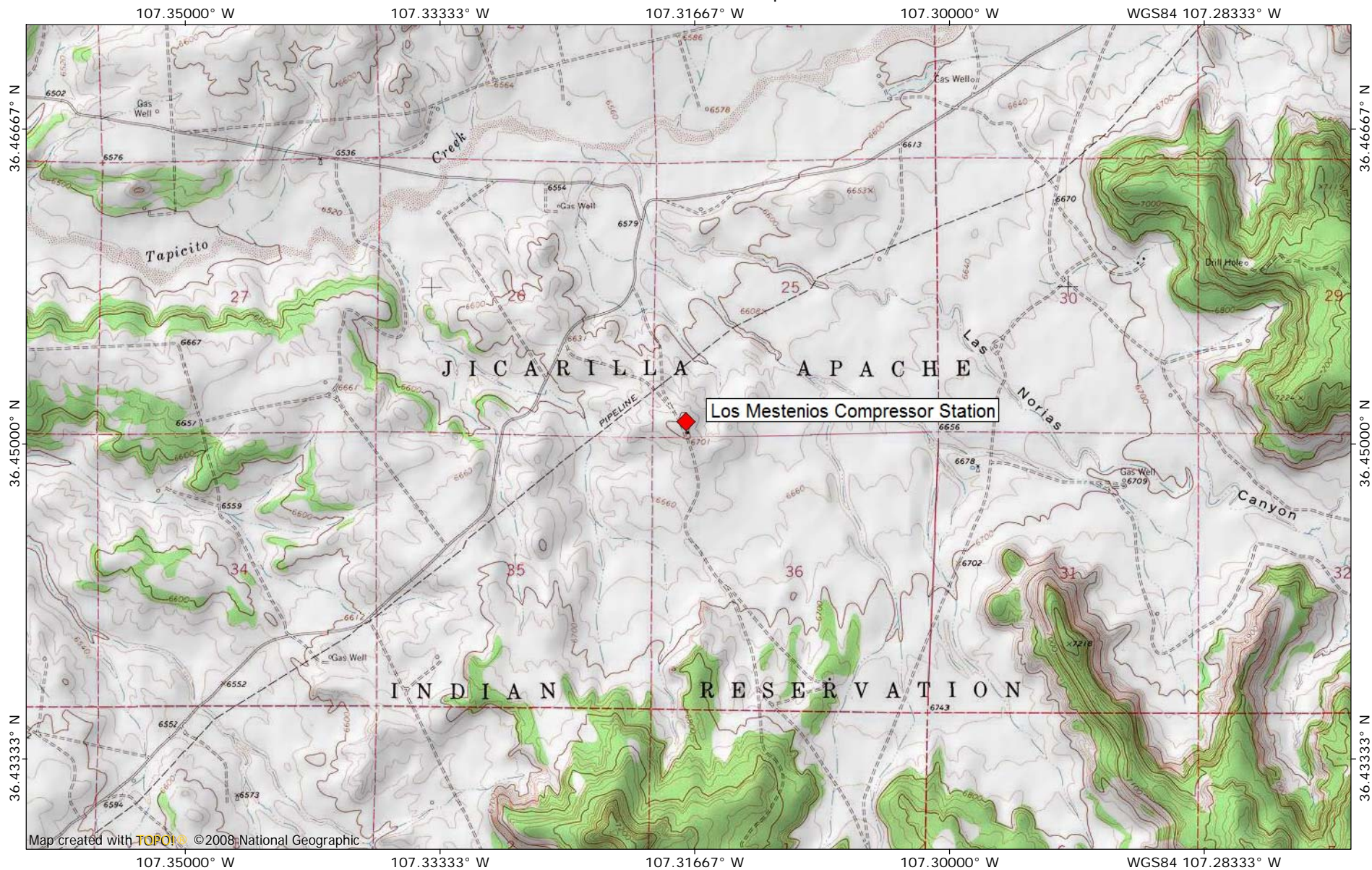
Animas Environmental Services, LLC

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| DRAWN BY: C. Lameman | DATE DRAWN: December 11, 2013 |
| REVISIONS BY: C. Lameman | DATE REVISED: December 11, 2013 |
| CHECKED BY: K. Christiansen | DATE CHECKED: December 11, 2013 |
| APPROVED BY: E. McNally | DATE APPROVED: December 11, 2013 |

NOTE: SITE DIAGRAM OBTAINED FROM WILLIAMS.



HARVEST FOUR CORNERS, LLC - LOS MESTENIOS COMPRESSOR STATION - Jicarilla Apache Reservation, Rio Arriba Co., NM T 26 N, R 05 W, Sec. 25/36



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Section 3

Emission Calculations and Documentation

Turbine – Unit 1 (Solar Saturn T1200)

The nitrogen oxide (NO_x), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions from the Solar Saturn T1200 turbine (Unit 1) were taken from previous applications and permits. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and particulate emissions were calculated using the AP-42 emission factors from Table 3.1-2a. Hazardous air pollutant (HAP) emissions were calculated using GRI-HAPCalc 3.0. Potential to Emit (PTE) and 2021 actual emissions were calculated assuming the turbine operates at full site capacity for 8,760 hours per year (hr/yr). There were no shutdowns during 2021.

Engine – Unit 2 (Waukesha L7042GL)

The NO_x, CO, and VOC emissions from the Waukesha L7042GL engine were calculated using manufacturers data. SO₂ and particulate emissions were calculated using the AP-42 emission factors from Table 3.2-2. Hazardous air pollutant (HAP) emissions were calculated using GRI-HAPCalc 3.0. PTE and 2021 actual emissions were calculated assuming the engine operates at full site capacity for 8,760 hr/yr.

Engine – Unit 3 (Waukesha – Scania DS11)

Emissions from the Waukesha Scania DS11 emergency generator engine were calculated using AP-42 emission factors from Tables 3.3-1 & 3.3-2. PTE emissions were calculated assuming the engine operates at full site capacity for 500 hr/yr. Actual 2021 emissions were calculated assuming the engine operates at full site capacity for 121.8 hr/yr.

Heaters – Units 4 & 5 (Fuel Gas & Tank Heaters)

Emissions from the heaters were calculated using AP-42 emission factors from Tables 1.4-1 & 1.4-2. PTE and 2021 actual emissions were calculated assuming the heaters operate at full capacity for 8,760 hours per year. The heaters are insignificant sources.

Equipment Leak Emissions – Unit F1

VOC and HAP emissions from equipment leaks were calculated using emission factors from Table 2.4 of the 1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the gas stream composition obtained from a recent extended gas analysis. PTE and 2021 actual emissions were calculated assuming the equipment operates 8,760 hours per year.

Compressors and Associated Piping – Unit SSM

Emissions associated with startups, shutdowns and routine maintenance (SSM) of the turbine (Unit 1), engine (Unit 2), and associated piping, are vented to the atmosphere.

The VOC, HAP, and greenhouse gas emissions from blowdown of the compressors and piping associated with the facility were calculated from the quantity of gas vented during each event, the composition of the

gas, and the number of events. The quantity of gas vented during each event was estimated by Harvest. The composition of the gas was based on a recent gas analysis from the facility. The estimated annual number of blowdown events includes an added safety factor because emissions from each blowdown event are dependent on the composition of the gas in the pipeline and the number of blowdowns in a year may vary. Experience indicates the composition of the gas will vary.

The SSM emissions identified in this application are routine or predictable startup/shutdown and scheduled maintenance and do not include malfunctions or upsets.

Storage Tanks

Emissions from the condensate storage tank (Unit T1) were calculated using TANKS 4.0.9d for working/breathing losses and VMGSim for flash emissions. Emissions were calculated using the condensate (post-flash) throughput of 21,141 barrels per year.

Unit T2 operates as an overflow tank for Unit T1, and has only working and breathing losses. Its emissions were conservatively based on the assumption that it will have the same condensate throughput as Unit T1.

VOC and HAP emissions from the produced water tank were calculated using maximum throughputs and emission factors from the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). As VOC emissions from the produced water storage tank are less than 2.0 tpy, the produced water storage tank is a Title V insignificant source.

Residual oil #6 was used as an estimate for lubrication oil. As the vapor pressure of residual oil #6 is less than 0.2 psia, the tanks containing lubrication and used oil were assumed to be Title V insignificant sources.

As the vapor pressures of ethylene glycol and propylene glycol are less than 0.2 psia, the tank containing Ambitrol was assumed to be a Title V insignificant source. Note that Ambitrol is an inhibited ethylene or propylene glycol coolant containing ethylene or propylene glycol, water and less than 5% dipotassium hydrogen phosphate;

VOC emissions from the methanol storage tank were calculated using TANKS 4. As emissions were only 44.79 pounds per year, the tank is a Title V insignificant source.

Truck Loading – Units L1 & L2 (Condensate and Produced H2O Loading)

The VOC emissions from truck loading were calculated using the AP-42 emissions factor identified in Section 5.2-1. As emission from each operation are less than 2.0 tpy, both operations are Title V insignificant sources.

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions

For the combustion sources (Units 1-3), carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), and nitrous oxide (N₂O) emissions were calculated using emission factors from the 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part C, Tables C-1 & C-2 and the higher heating value (HHV) design heat rates.

Facility Total PTE Emissions (Criteria Pollutants)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor Station

Date: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | NOX, | | CO, | | VOC, | | SOX, | | TSP, | | PM10, | | PM2.5, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 4.41 | 19.30 | 2.60 | 11.40 | 9.13E-02 | 4.00E-01 | 3.69E-02 | 1.61E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | 4.38 | 19.20 | 7.74 | 33.92 | 2.92 | 12.80 | 5.77E-03 | 2.53E-02 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | 3.04 | 7.61E-01 | 6.56E-01 | 1.64E-01 | 2.48E-01 | 6.21E-02 | 2.00E-01 | 5.00E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| 5 | Tank Heater | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| SSM | SSM | - | - | - | - | - | 16.10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| F1 | Leaks | - | - | - | - | 1.10 | 4.81 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | - | - | - | - | - | 1.18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | - | - | - | - | - | 1.38E-03 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 52.82 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 2.80 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 1.10E-01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | 2.24E-02 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | 11.90 | 39.55 | 11.06 | 45.73 | 4.36 | 91.12 | 2.43E-01 | 2.38E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 8.19E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 8.19E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 8.19E-01 |

Facility Total PTE Emissions (HAPs)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor Station

Date/Rev: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | Total HAPs, | | 1,3-Butadiene, | | Acetaldehyde, | | Acrolein, | | Benzene, | | Biphenyl, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 1.04E-01 | 4.55E-01 | 1.60E-04 | 7.00E-04 | 4.34E-02 | 1.90E-01 | 6.39E-04 | 2.80E-03 | 1.35E-03 | 5.90E-03 | 8.22E-04 | 3.60E-03 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | 5.17E-01 | 2.26 | | | | | | | 1.52E-02 | 6.65E-02 | | |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | 2.52E-03 | 6.31E-04 | | | 5.29E-04 | 1.32E-04 | | | 6.44E-04 | 1.61E-04 | | |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | 4.29E-03 | 1.88E-02 | 9.13E-05 | 4.00E-04 | 2.28E-04 | 1.00E-03 | | | 2.28E-04 | 1.00E-03 | | |
| 5 | Tank Heater | 4.29E-03 | 1.88E-02 | 9.13E-05 | 4.00E-04 | 2.28E-04 | 1.00E-03 | | | 2.28E-04 | 1.00E-03 | | |
| SSM | SSM | | 4.62E-01 | | | | | | | | 3.12E-02 | | |
| F1 | Leaks | 3.16E-02 | 1.38E-01 | | | | | | | 2.13E-03 | 9.31E-03 | | |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | | 7.37E-02 | | | | | | | | 5.84E-03 | | |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | | 2.35E-06 | | | | | | | | 3.69E-07 | | |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | | 3.68 | | | | | | | | 3.79E-01 | | |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | | 2.04E-01 | | | | | | | | 1.62E-02 | | |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | | 1.88E-02 | | | | | | | | 2.94E-03 | | |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | 2.94E-03 | | |
| | Total | 6.64E-01 | 7.33 | 3.42E-04 | 1.50E-03 | 4.44E-02 | 1.92E-01 | 6.39E-04 | 2.80E-03 | 1.98E-02 | 5.21E-01 | 8.22E-04 | 3.60E-03 |

Facility Total PTE Emissions (HAPs)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC
Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor S
Date/Rev: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | Chromium, | | Ethylbenzene, | | Formaldehyde, | | n-Hexane, | | Isooctane | | Manganese, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 6.85E-05 | 3.00E-04 | 2.51E-04 | 1.10E-03 | 4.24E-02 | 1.86E-01 | 3.77E-03 | 1.65E-02 | 4.02E-03 | 1.76E-02 | 4.57E-05 | 2.00E-04 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | | | | | 4.92E-01 | 2.15 | | | | | | |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | | | | | 8.14E-04 | 2.04E-04 | | | | | | |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | | | 6.39E-04 | 2.80E-03 | 2.51E-04 | 1.10E-03 | 4.11E-04 | 1.80E-03 | 8.45E-04 | 3.70E-03 | | |
| 5 | Tank Heater | | | 6.39E-04 | 2.80E-03 | 2.51E-04 | 1.10E-03 | 4.11E-04 | 1.80E-03 | 8.45E-04 | 3.70E-03 | | |
| SSM | SSM | | | | 6.89E-04 | | | | 3.63E-01 | | 9.11E-03 | | |
| F1 | Leaks | | | 4.70E-05 | 2.06E-04 | | | 2.48E-02 | 1.08E-01 | 7.07E-04 | 3.10E-03 | | |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | | | | 3.21E-04 | | | | 6.37E-02 | | 1.17E-03 | | |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | | | | 3.69E-08 | | | | 1.16E-06 | | | | |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | | | | 1.89E-02 | | | | 3.09 | | 5.43E-02 | | |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | | | | 8.90E-04 | | | | 1.77E-01 | | 3.23E-03 | | |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | | | | 2.94E-04 | | | | 9.24E-03 | | | | |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | 6.85E-05 | 3.00E-04 | 1.58E-03 | 2.80E-02 | 5.35E-01 | 2.34 | 2.94E-02 | 3.83 | 6.42E-03 | 9.59E-02 | 4.57E-05 | 2.00E-04 |

Facility Total PTE Emissions (HAPs)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC
Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor S
Date/Rev: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | Methanol, | | Naphthalene, | | Nickel, | | Phenol, | | Phosphorous, | | Propionaldehyde, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | | | 2.28E-05 | 1.00E-04 | 2.28E-05 | 1.00E-04 | 2.74E-04 | 1.20E-03 | 1.60E-04 | 7.00E-04 | 2.17E-03 | 9.50E-03 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | | | 5.85E-05 | 1.46E-05 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | 2.97E-04 | 1.30E-03 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Tank Heater | 2.97E-04 | 1.30E-03 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SSM | SSM | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F1 | Leaks | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | | 2.24E-02 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | 5.94E-04 | 2.50E-02 | 8.13E-05 | 1.15E-04 | 2.28E-05 | 1.00E-04 | 2.74E-04 | 1.20E-03 | 1.60E-04 | 7.00E-04 | 2.17E-03 | 9.50E-03 |

Facility Total PTE Emissions (HAPs)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC
Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor S
Date/Rev: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | Propylene Oxide, | | Styrene, | | Toluene, | | Xylenes, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 3.20E-04 | 1.40E-03 | | | 1.03E-03 | 4.50E-03 | 3.11E-03 | 1.36E-02 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | | | | | 6.14E-03 | 2.69E-02 | 4.09E-03 | 1.79E-02 |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | | | | | 2.82E-04 | 7.06E-05 | 1.97E-04 | 4.92E-05 |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | | | 6.16E-04 | 2.70E-03 | 2.97E-04 | 1.30E-03 | 3.88E-04 | 1.70E-03 |
| 5 | Tank Heater | | | 6.16E-04 | 2.70E-03 | 2.97E-04 | 1.30E-03 | 3.88E-04 | 1.70E-03 |
| SSM | SSM | | | | | | 4.93E-02 | | 8.27E-03 |
| F1 | Leaks | | | | | 3.36E-03 | 1.47E-02 | 5.64E-04 | 2.47E-03 |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | | | | | | 7.68E-04 | | 1.86E-03 |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | | | | | | 4.74E-07 | | 3.16E-07 |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | | | | | | 4.46E-02 | | 9.45E-02 |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | | | | | | 2.13E-03 | | 5.15E-03 |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | | | | | | 3.78E-03 | | 2.52E-03 |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | | | | | | | | |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | 3.20E-04 | 1.40E-03 | 1.23E-03 | 5.40E-03 | 1.14E-02 | 1.49E-01 | 8.73E-03 | 1.50E-01 |

Turbine Exhaust PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **1**

Description: Solar Saturn T1200

Horsepower Calculations

6,715 ft above MSL**1,200** hp**1,136** hp

Elevation

Nameplate hp

Site-rated hp

Mfg. data

Mfg. data

Fuel Consumption

10.84 MMBtu/hr

12,044 scf/hr

8,760 hr/yr

94,958 MMBtu/yr

105.51 MMscf/yr

900 Btu/scf

Hourly fuel consumption

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual operating time

Annual fuel consumption

Annual fuel consumption

Field gas heating value

Btu/hp-hr x NMAQB site-rated hp / 1,000,000

MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/scf

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

MMBtu/hr x hr/yr

scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000

Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | pph | tpy |
| NOX | 4.41 | 19.30 |
| CO | 2.60 | 11.40 |
| VOC | 9.13E-02 | 4.00E-01 |

Emissions brought forward from Part 71 TV permit R6NM-04-10-M1

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| SO2 | 3.40E-03 | 3.69E-02 | 1.61E-01 |
| TSP | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| PM10 | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| PM2.5 | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.1-2a

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

GRI-HAPCalc® 3.0
Turbine Report

Facility ID: LOS MESTENIOS
Operation Type: COMPRESSOR STATION
Facility Name: LOS MESTENIOS COMPRESSOR
User Name: Harvest Four Corners, LLC
Units of Measure: U.S. STANDARD

Notes:

Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.
These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".
Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".

Turbine Unit

Unit Name: T1200

Hours of Operation: 8,760 Yearly
Rate Power: 1136 hp
Fuel Type: NATURAL GAS
Emission Factor Set: FIELD > EPA > LITERATURE
Additional EF Set: -NONE-

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>Emissions</u> | <u>Emission Factor</u> | <u>Emission Factor Set</u> |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| HAPs | | | |
| Formaldehyde | 0.1856 | 0.01693680 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Acetaldehyde | 0.1900 | 0.01733570 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 0.0007 | 0.00006160 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Acrolein | 0.0028 | 0.00026000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Propional | 0.0095 | 0.00086500 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Propylene Oxide | 0.0014 | 0.00012480 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| n-Nitrosodimethylamine | 0.0000 | 0.00000100 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Benzene | 0.0059 | 0.00053840 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Toluene | 0.0045 | 0.00041100 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0011 | 0.00010330 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Xylenes(m,p,o) | 0.0136 | 0.00124410 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | 0.0176 | 0.00160530 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| n-Hexane | 0.0165 | 0.00150580 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Phenol | 0.0012 | 0.00011010 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| n-Nitrosomorpholine | 0.0000 | 0.00000100 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Naphthalene | 0.0001 | 0.00000760 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 0.0000 | 0.00000130 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Biphenyl | 0.0036 | 0.00033050 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Phenanthrene | 0.0000 | 0.00000050 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Chrysene | 0.0000 | 0.00000100 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Beryllium | 0.0000 | 0.00000010 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Phosphorous | 0.0007 | 0.00006520 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Chromium | 0.0001 | 0.00000820 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Chromium | 0.0001 | 0.00000560 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Manganese | 0.0002 | 0.00001750 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Nickel | 0.0001 | 0.00000610 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Cobalt | 0.0000 | 0.00000160 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |

| | | | |
|----------|--------|---------------------|-----------|
| Arsenic | 0.0000 | 0.00000060 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Selenium | 0.0000 | 0.00000030 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Cadmium | 0.0000 | 0.00000020 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Mercury | 0.0000 | 0.00000270 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Lead | 0.0000 | 0.00000340 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |

| | | | |
|--------------|-------|--------|--|
| Total | <hr/> | 0.4553 | |
|--------------|-------|--------|--|

Criteria Pollutants

| | | | |
|-------|---------|---------------------|-----------|
| PM | 0.3490 | 0.03184680 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| CO | 23.1061 | 2.10828420 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| NMHC | 2.1248 | 0.19387800 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| NMEHC | 0.1321 | 0.01205010 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| NOx | 13.7233 | 1.25216290 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| SO2 | 0.0113 | 0.00102720 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |

Other Pollutants

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Methane | 10.8193 | 0.98719230 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Acetylene | 0.0785 | 0.00716540 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Ethylene | 0.1529 | 0.01395450 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Ethane | 1.6449 | 0.15008370 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Propane | 0.1754 | 0.01600000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Isobutane | 0.0526 | 0.00480000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Butane | 0.0570 | 0.00520000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Trimethylamine | 0.0000 | 0.00000070 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0181 | 0.00165110 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Butyrald/Isobutyraldehyde | 0.0147 | 0.00134000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| n-Pentane | 0.8894 | 0.08115000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0671 | 0.00612400 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0968 | 0.00883120 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| n-Octane | 0.0349 | 0.00318890 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.0329 | 0.00300000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| n-Nonane | 0.0058 | 0.00053260 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| CO2 | 5,188.2765 | 473.39811550 g/bhp-hr | EPA |
| Vanadium | 0.0000 | 0.00000070 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Copper | 0.0002 | 0.00002050 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Molybdenum | 0.0002 | 0.00002030 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |
| Barium | 0.0003 | 0.00002290 g/bhp-hr | GRI Field |

Table 3.1-2a. EMISSION FACTORS FOR CRITERIA POLLUTANTS AND GREENHOUSE GASES FROM STATIONARY GAS TURBINES

| Emission Factors ^a - Uncontrolled | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Pollutant | Natural Gas-Fired Turbines ^b | | Distillate Oil-Fired Turbines ^d | |
| | (lb/MMBtu) ^c (Fuel Input) | Emission Factor Rating | (lb/MMBtu) ^c (Fuel Input) | Emission Factor Rating |
| CO ₂ ^f | 110 | A | 157 | A |
| N ₂ O | 0.003 ^g | E | ND | NA |
| Lead | ND | NA | 1.4 E-05 | C |
| SO ₂ | 0.94S ^h | B | 1.01S ^h | B |
| Methane | 8.6 E-03 | C | ND | NA |
| VOC | 2.1 E-03 | D | 4.1 E-04 ^j | E |
| TOC ^k | 1.1 E-02 | B | 4.0 E-03 ^l | C |
| PM (condensable) | 4.7 E-03 ^l | C | 7.2 E-03 ^l | C |
| PM (filterable) | 1.9 E-03 ^l | C | 4.3 E-03 ^l | C |
| PM (total) | 6.6 E-03 ^l | C | 1.2 E-02 ^l | C |

^a Factors are derived from units operating at high loads (≥ 80 percent load) only. For information on units operating at other loads, consult the background report for this chapter (Reference 16), available at “www.epa.gov/ttn/chief”. ND = No Data, NA = Not Applicable.

^b SCCs for natural gas-fired turbines include 2-01-002-01, 2-02-002-01 & 03, and 2-03-002-02 & 03.

^c Emission factors based on an average natural gas heating value (HHV) of 1020 Btu/scf at 60°F. To convert from (lb/MMBtu) to (lb/10⁶ scf), multiply by 1020. Similarly, these emission factors can be converted to other natural gas heating values.

^d SCCs for distillate oil-fired turbines are 2-01-001-01, 2-02-001-01, 2-02-001-03, and 2-03-001-02.

^e Emission factors based on an average distillate oil heating value of 139 MMBtu/10³ gallons. To convert from (lb/MMBtu) to (lb/10³ gallons), multiply by 139.

^f Based on 99.5% conversion of fuel carbon to CO₂ for natural gas and 99% conversion of fuel carbon to CO₂ for distillate oil. CO₂ (Natural Gas) [lb/MMBtu] = (0.0036 scf/Btu)(%CON)(C)(D), where %CON = weight percent conversion of fuel carbon to CO₂, C = carbon content of fuel by weight, and D = density of fuel. For natural gas, C is assumed at 75%, and D is assumed at 4.1 E+04 lb/10⁶scf. For distillate oil, CO₂ (Distillate Oil) [lb/MMBtu] = (26.4 gal/MMBtu) (%CON)(C)(D), where C is assumed at 87%, and the D is assumed at 6.9 lb/gallon.

^g Emission factor is carried over from the previous revision to AP-42 (Supplement B, October 1996) and is based on limited source tests on a single turbine with water-steam injection (Reference 5).

^h All sulfur in the fuel is assumed to be converted to SO₂. S = percent sulfur in fuel. Example, if sulfur content in the fuel is 3.4 percent, then S = 3.4. If S is not available, use 3.4 E-03 lb/MMBtu for natural gas turbines, and 3.3 E-02 lb/MMBtu for distillate oil turbines (the equations are more accurate).

^j VOC emissions are assumed equal to the sum of organic emissions.

^k Pollutant referenced as THC in the gathered emission tests. It is assumed as TOC, because it is based on EPA Test Method 25A.

^l Emission factors are based on combustion turbines using water-steam injection.

Engine Exhaust PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **2**
 Description: Waukesha L7042GL
 Type: Four Stroke Lean Burn (Turbocharged)

Horsepower Calculations

6,715 ft above MSL
1,480 hp
 1,326 hp

Elevation
 Nameplate hp
 Mfg. Site-rated hp

Mfg. data
 Mfg. product bulletin Power Derate,
 S8154-6, April 2001
 (loss of 2% for every 1,000 ft over 1,500 ft)

Engine Specifications

1200 rpm
7040 cu in
 124.28 psi

Engine rpm
 Engine displacement
 BMEP

Mfg. data
 Mfg. data
 $792,000 \times \text{Mfg. Site-rated hp} / (\text{rpm} \times \text{cu in})$

Fuel Consumption

7408 Btu/hp-hr
 9.82 MMBtu/hr
900 Btu/scf
 10,912 scf/hr
8,760 hr/yr
 86,027 MMBtu/yr
 95.59 MMscf/yr

Brake specific fuel consumption
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Field gas heating value
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Annual operating time
 Annual fuel consumption
 Annual fuel consumption

Mfg. data
 $\text{Btu/hp-hr} \times \text{Mfg. site-rated hp} / 1,000,000$
 Nominal heat content
 $\text{MMBtu/hr} \times 1,000,000 / \text{Btu/scf}$
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 $\text{MMBtu/hr} \times \text{hr/yr}$
 $\text{scf/hr} \times \text{hr/yr} / 1,000,000$

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, g/hp-hr | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| NOX | 1.50 | 4.38 | 19.20 |
| CO | 2.65 | 7.74 | 33.92 |
| VOC | 1.00 | 2.92 | 12.80 |

Emission factors taken from Waukesha Bulletin 7005 0107

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = $\text{g/hp-hr} \times \text{hp} / 453.59 \text{ g/lb}$

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = $\text{Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph)} \times \text{hr/yr} / 2,000 \text{ lb/ton}$

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| SO2 | 5.88E-04 | 5.77E-03 | 2.53E-02 |
| TSP | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| PM10 | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| PM2.5 | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.2-2

Particulate factors include both filterable and condensable emissions

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = $\text{lb/MMBtu} \times \text{MMBtu/hr}$

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = $\text{Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph)} \times \text{hr/yr} / 2,000 \text{ lb/ton}$

GRI-HAPCalc® 3.0
Engines Report

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Facility ID: | LOS MESTENIOS | Notes: |
| Operation Type: | COMPRESSOR STATION | |
| Facility Name: | LOS MESTENIOS COMPRESSOR | |
| User Name: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC | |
| Units of Measure: | U.S. STANDARD | |

*Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.
These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".
Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".*

Engine Unit

Unit Name: 7042GL

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Hours of Operation: | 8,760 | Yearly |
| Rate Power: | 1,326 | hp |
| Fuel Type: | FIELD GAS | |
| Engine Type: | 4-Stroke, Lean Burn | |
| Emission Factor Set: | FIELD > EPA > LITERATURE | |
| Additional EF Set: | -NONE- | |

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>Emissions</u> | <u>Emission Factor</u> | <u>Emission Factor Set</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <u>HAPs</u> | | | |
| Formaldehyde | 2.1530 | 0.16830000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Literature |
| Benzene | 0.0665 | 0.00520000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Literature |
| Toluene | 0.0269 | 0.00210000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Literature |
| Xylenes(m,p,o) | 0.0179 | 0.00140000 g/bhp-hr | GRI Literature |
| Total | 2.2643 | | |

STANDARD EQUIPMENT

AIR CLEANER – Two, 3" dry type filter with hinged rain shield and service indicator.

BARRING DEVICE – Manual.

BATTERY BOX – Ship loose battery box designed to accommodate two series 31 12 VDC batteries. Includes power disconnect switch and 20 foot (6.1 m) cable for connection to ESM Power Distribution Box.

BEARINGS – Heavy duty, replaceable, precision type.

BREATHER – Self regulating, closed system.

CONNECTING RODS – Drop forged steel, rifle drilled.

CONTROL SYSTEM – Waukesha Engine System Manager (ESM) integrates spark timing control, speed governing, detonation detection, start-stop control, diagnostic tools, fault logging and engine safeties. Engine Control Unit (ECU) is central brain of the control system and main customer interface. Interface with ESM is through 25 foot (7.6 m) harness to local panel, through MODBUS RTU slave connection RS-485 multidrop hardware, and through the Electronic Service Program (ESP). Customer connections are only required to the local panel, fuel valve, and 24V DC power supply. Compatible with Woodward load sharing module. ESM meets Canadian Standards Association Class I, Division 2, Group D, hazardous location requirements. ESM controlled prechamber logic.

CRANKCASE – Integral crankcase and cylinder frame. Main bearing caps drilled and tapped for temperature sensors. Does not include sensors.

CRANKSHAFT – Counterweighted, forged steel, seven main bearings, and dynamically balanced.

CYLINDERS – Removable bainitic cast iron wet type cylinder liners, chrome plated on outer diameter.

CYLINDER HEADS – Twelve interchangeable. Two hard faced intake and two hard faced exhaust valves per cylinder. Hard faced intake and exhaust valve seat inserts. Roller valve lifters and hydraulic push rods. Includes prechamber and related fuel control valves.

ENGINE ROTATION – Counterclockwise when facing flywheel.

ENGINE MONITORING DEVICES – Factory mounted and wired sensors for lube oil pressure and temperature; intake manifold temperature and pressure; overspeed; and jacket water temperature; all accessible through ESM®. ESM continually monitors combustion performance through accelerometers to provide detonation protection. Dual magnetic pick-ups are used for accurate engine speed monitoring. ESM provides predictive spark plug diagnostics as well as advanced diagnostics of engine and all ESM sensors and logs any faults into non-volatile flash memory.

EXHAUST THERMOCOUPLES – 14 K-type thermocouples. One for each individual cylinder and one pre-turbine for each bank and 25 foot (7.6 m) harness.

EXHAUST OUTLET – Single vertical at rear. Flexible stainless steel connection with 8" (203 mm) pipe flange.

FLYWHEEL – Approx. WR2 = 155000 lb-in²; with ring gear (208 teeth), machined to accept two drive adapters: 31.88" (810 mm) pilot bore, 30.25" (768 mm) bolt circle, (12) 0.75"-10 tapped holes; or 28.88" (734 mm) pilot bore, 27.25" (692 mm) bolt circle, (12) 0.625"-11 tapped holes and (12) 0.75"-10 tapped holes.

FLYWHEEL HOUSING – No. 00 SAE.

FUEL SYSTEM – Single 3" ANSI flange fuel inlet connection. Dual natural gas, 4" (102 mm) duplex updraft carburetors. Two mounted Mooney Flowgrid 250, 2" (51 mm) gas regulators, 43 – 60 psi (296 – 414 kPa) gas inlet pressure required. Prechamber fuel system and control logic. 10 foot (3 m) harness provided for ESM control of customer supplied fuel shutoff valve.

GOVERNOR – Electric throttle actuator controlled by ESM with throttle position feedback. Governor tuning is performed using ESP. ESM includes option of a load-coming feature to improve engine response to step loads.

IGNITION SYSTEM – Ignition Power Module (IPM) controlled by ESM, with spark timing optimized for any speed-load condition. Dual voltage energy levels automatically controlled by ESM to maximize spark plug life.

INTERCOOLER – Air-to-water.

LEVELING BOLTS

LIFTING EYES – Requires 9.5 ton Working Load Limit (W.L.L.) anchor shackles.

LUBRICATION – Full pressure, gear type pump. Engine mounted full flow lube oil micro-fiberglass filters with mounted differential pressure gauge. MICROSPIN® bypass filter, engine mounted. Lube oil strainer, mounted. Air/gas motor driven prelube pump, requires final piping.

MANIFOLDS – Exhaust, (2) water cooled.

OIL COOLER – Shell and tube type, with thermostatic temperature controller and pressure regulating valve. Factory mounted.

OIL PAN – Deep sump type. 190 gallon (719 L) capacity including filter and cooler.

PAINT – Oilfield orange primer.

PISTONS – Aluminum with floating pin. Oil cooled.

SHIPPING SKID – For domestic truck or rail.

TURBOCHARGERS – Two, dry type. Wastegate controlled.

VIBRATION DAMPER – Two, viscous type. Guard included with remote mounted radiator or no radiator.

WATER CIRCULATING SYSTEM, AUXILIARY CIRCUIT – Belt driven water circulating high capacity pump for intercooler and lube oil cooler. See S6543-38 performance curve for use with standard 10" diameter crankshaft pulley. Includes thermostatic valve.

WATER CIRCULATING SYSTEM, ENGINE JACKET – Belt driven water circulating pump, cluster type thermostatic temperature regulating valve, full flow bypass type. Flange connections and mating flanges for (2) 4" (102 mm) inlets and (1) 5" (127 mm) outlet.

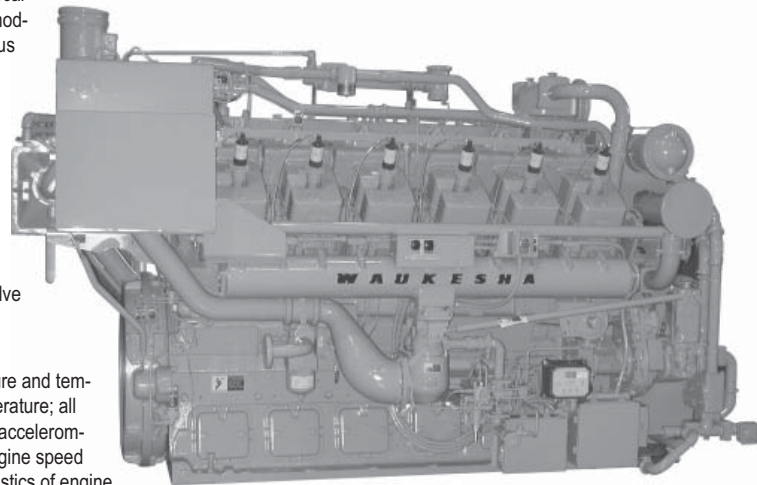


Waukesha

POWERING PERFORMANCE

L7042GL

VHP® Gas Engine
886 - 1547 BHP



Engine shown without Extender Series Features.

Model L7042GL with ESM®

Turbocharged and Intercooled, Twelve Cylinder,
Lean Combustion, Four-Cycle Gas Engine

SPECIFICATIONS

| | |
|---|--|
| Cylinders V 12 | Lube Oil Capacity 190 gal. (719 L) |
| Piston Displacement 7040 cu. in. (115 L) | Starting System 125 - 150 psi air/gas 24/32V electric |
| Bore & Stroke 9.375" x 8.5" (238 x 216 mm) | Dry Weight 21,000 lb. (9525 kg) |
| Compression Ratio 10.5:1 | |
| Jacket Water System Capacity 107 gal. (405 L) | |



POWER RATINGS: L7042GL VHP® GAS ENGINES

| Model | I.C. Water Inlet Temp. °F (°C) (T _{cra}) | C.R. | Brake Horsepower (kWb Output) | | | | |
|---------|---|--------|-------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | 800 rpm | 900 rpm | 1000 rpm | 1100 rpm | 1200 rpm |
| L7042GL | 85° (29°) | 10.5:1 | 928 (692) | 1160 (865) | 1289 (961) | 1418 (1057) | 1547 (1154) |
| L7042GL | 130° (54°) | 10.5:1 | 886 (661) | 1110 (828) | 1233 (919) | 1357 (1012) | 1480 (1104) |

Rating Standard: All models: Ratings are based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with mechanical efficiency of 90% and auxiliary water temperature T_{cra} (clause 10.1) as specified above limited to ± 10° F (± 5° C). Ratings are also valid for SAE J1349, BS5514, DIN6271 and AP17B-11C standard atmospheric conditions.

ISO Standard Power/Continuous Power Rating: The highest load and speed which can be applied 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days per year except for normal maintenance. It is permissible to operate the engine at up to 10% overload, or maximum load indicated by the intermittent rating, whichever is lower, for two hours in each 24 hour period.

All natural gas engine ratings are based on a fuel of 900 Btu/ft³ (35.3 MJ/nm³) SLHV value, with a 91 Waukesha Knock Index®.

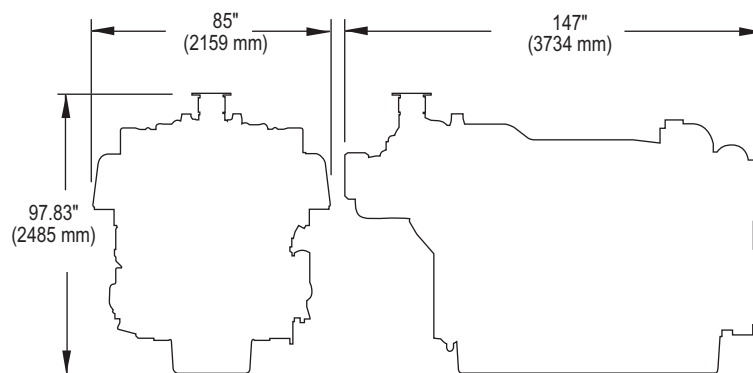
For conditions or fuels other than standard, contact the Waukesha Engine Sales Engineering Department.

PERFORMANCE: L7042GL VHP® GAS ENGINES

| NO _x Settings | English | 130° F ICW | | 85° F ICW | | NO _x Settings | Metric | 54° C ICW | | 29° C ICW | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| | RPM | 1200 | 1000 | 1200 | 1000 | | RPM | 1200 | 1000 | 1200 | 1000 |
| 1.5 g NO _x | Power (Bhp) | 1480 | 1233 | 1547 | 1289 | 1.5 g NO _x | Power (kWb) | 1104 | 919 | 1154 | 962 |
| | BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr) | 7135 | 6850 | 7160 | 6865 | | BSFC (kJ/kW-hr) | 10089 | 9686 | 10124 | 9707 |
| | NO _x (grams/bhp-hr) | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | | NO _x (g/nm ³) | 0.62 | 0.62 | 0.62 | 0.62 |
| | CO (grams/bhp-hr) | 2.65 | 2.65 | 2.65 | 2.65 | | CO (g/nm ³) | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1.09 |
| | NMHC (grams/bhp-hr) | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.90 | | NMHC (g/nm ³) | 0.29 | 0.41 | 0.33 | 0.37 |

NOTES:

- Fuel consumption and exhaust emissions are based on ISO 3046/1-1995 standard reference conditions and commercial quality natural gas of 900 Btu/ft³ (35.38 MJ/m³ [25, V(0; 101.325)]) saturated lower heat value, Waukesha Knock Index® of 91 and 93% methane content by volume. ISO 3046/1-1995 standard reference conditions are 77°F (25°C) ambient temperature, 29.54 inches Hg (100 kPa) barometric pressure, 30% relative humidity (1kPa/0.3 inches Hg water vapor pressure).
- S.I. exhaust emissions are corrected to 5% O₂ (0°C and 101.325 kPa).
- Data will vary due to variations in site conditions. For conditions and/or fuels other than standard, consult the Waukesha Engine Sales Engineering Department.
- Fuel consumption based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with a +5% tolerance for commercial quality natural gas having a 900 Btu/ft³ saturated low heat valve



Waukesha

**WAUKESHA ENGINE
DRESSER, INC.**

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waukeshaengine.dresser.com

Bulletin 7005 0107

Consult your local Waukesha Distributor for system application assistance. The manufacturer reserves the right to change or modify without notice, the design or equipment specifications as herein set forth without incurring any obligation either with respect to equipment previously sold or in the process of construction except where otherwise specifically guaranteed by the manufacturer.

Table 3.2-2. UNCONTROLLED EMISSION FACTORS FOR 4-STROKE LEAN-BURN ENGINES^a
(SCC 2-02-002-54)

| Pollutant | Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) ^b (fuel input) | Emission Factor Rating |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases | | |
| NO _x ^c 90 - 105% Load | 4.08 E+00 | B |
| NO _x ^c <90% Load | 8.47 E-01 | B |
| CO ^c 90 - 105% Load | 3.17 E-01 | C |
| CO ^c <90% Load | 5.57 E-01 | B |
| CO ₂ ^d | 1.10 E+02 | A |
| SO ₂ ^e | 5.88 E-04 | A |
| TOC ^f | 1.47 E+00 | A |
| Methane ^g | 1.25 E+00 | C |
| VOC ^h | 1.18 E-01 | C |
| PM10 (filterable) ⁱ | 7.71 E-05 | D |
| PM2.5 (filterable) ⁱ | 7.71 E-05 | D |
| PM Condensable ^j | 9.91 E-03 | D |
| Trace Organic Compounds | | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^k | <4.00 E-05 | E |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane ^k | <3.18 E-05 | E |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | <2.36 E-05 | E |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | 2.30 E-05 | D |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1.43 E-05 | C |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | <2.36 E-05 | E |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | <2.69 E-05 | E |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 3.38 E-05 | D |
| 1,3-Butadiene ^k | 2.67E-04 | D |
| 1,3-Dichloropropene ^k | <2.64 E-05 | E |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene ^k | 3.32 E-05 | C |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane ^k | 2.50 E-04 | C |
| Acenaphthene ^k | 1.25 E-06 | C |

Engine Exhaust Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 3

Description: Scania DS11 Diesel Generator (Emergency)

Horsepower

250 hp

Nameplate hp

Mfg. data

The data sheet shows the DS11 has a horsepower rating of 250+. Since the associated alternator is rated at 130 kW, the assumption of a site rating at 250 hp should be conservative.

Fuel Consumption

0.69 MMBtu/hr

138,000 Btu/gal

5.00 gal/hr

500 hr/yr

2,500 gal/yr

345 MMBtu/yr

Hourly fuel consumption

Field gas heating value

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual operating time

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual fuel consumption

Mfg. data

Nominal heat content

MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/gal

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

gal/hr x hr/yr

MMBtu/hr x hr/yr

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| NO ₂ | 4.41 | 3.04 | 7.61E-01 |
| CO | 9.50E-01 | 6.56E-01 | 1.64E-01 |
| VOC | 3.60E-01 | 2.48E-01 | 6.21E-02 |
| SO ₂ | 2.90E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 5.00E-02 |
| TSP | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 |
| PM ₁₀ | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 |
| PM _{2.5} | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 5.35E-02 |
| Acetaldehyde | 7.67E-04 | 5.29E-04 | 1.32E-04 |
| Benzene | 9.33E-04 | 6.44E-04 | 1.61E-04 |
| Formaldehyde | 1.18E-03 | 8.14E-04 | 2.04E-04 |
| Naphthalene | 8.48E-05 | 5.85E-05 | 1.46E-05 |
| Toluene | 4.09E-04 | 2.82E-04 | 7.06E-05 |
| Xylene | 2.85E-04 | 1.97E-04 | 4.92E-05 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Tables 3.3-1 & 3.3-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Table 3.3-1. EMISSION FACTORS FOR UNCONTROLLED GASOLINE AND DIESEL INDUSTRIAL ENGINES^a

| Pollutant | Gasoline Fuel (SCC 2-02-003-01, 2-03-003-01) | | Diesel Fuel (SCC 2-02-001-02, 2-03-001-01) | | EMISSION FACTOR RATING |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| | Emission Factor (lb/hp-hr) (power output) | Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) (fuel input) | Emission Factor (lb/hp-hr) (power output) | Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu) (fuel input) | |
| NO _x | 0.011 | 1.63 | 0.031 | 4.41 | D |
| CO | 6.96 E-03 ^d | 0.99 ^d | 6.68 E-03 | 0.95 | D |
| SO _x | 5.91 E-04 | 0.084 | 2.05 E-03 | 0.29 | D |
| PM-10 ^b | 7.21 E-04 | 0.10 | 2.20 E-03 | 0.31 | D |
| CO ₂ ^c | 1.08 | 154 | 1.15 | 164 | B |
| Aldehydes | 4.85 E-04 | 0.07 | 4.63 E-04 | 0.07 | D |
| TOC | | | | | |
| Exhaust | 0.015 | 2.10 | 2.47 E-03 | 0.35 | D |
| Evaporative | 6.61 E-04 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | E |
| Crankcase | 4.85 E-03 | 0.69 | 4.41 E-05 | 0.01 | E |
| Refueling | 1.08 E-03 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | E |

^a References 2,5-6,9-14. When necessary, an average brake-specific fuel consumption (BSFC) of 7,000 Btu/hp-hr was used to convert from lb/MMBtu to lb/hp-hr. To convert from lb/hp-hr to kg/kw-hr, multiply by 0.608. To convert from lb/MMBtu to ng/J, multiply by 430. SCC = Source Classification Code. TOC = total organic compounds.


^b PM-10 = particulate matter less than or equal to 10 µm aerodynamic diameter. All particulate is assumed to be ≤ 1 µm in size.

^c Assumes 99% conversion of carbon in fuel to CO₂ with 87 weight % carbon in diesel, 86 weight % carbon in gasoline, average BSFC of 7,000 Btu/hp-hr, diesel heating value of 19,300 Btu/lb, and gasoline heating value of 20,300 Btu/lb.

^d Instead of 0.439 lb/hp-hr (power output) and 62.7 lb/mmBtu (fuel input), the correct emissions factors values are 6.96 E-03 lb/hp-hr (power output) and 0.99 lb/mmBtu (fuel input), respectively. This is an editorial correction. March 24, 2009

Table 3.3-2. SPECIATED ORGANIC COMPOUND EMISSION
FACTORS FOR UNCONTROLLED DIESEL ENGINES^a

EMISSION FACTOR RATING: E

| Pollutant | Emission Factor (Fuel Input) (lb/MMBtu) |
|---|---|
| Benzene ^b | 9.33 E-04 |
| Toluene ^b | 4.09 E-04 |
| Xylenes ^b | 2.85 E-04 |
| Propylene  | 2.58 E-03 |
| 1,3-Butadiene ^{b,c} | <3.91 E-05 |
| Formaldehyde ^b | 1.18 E-03 |
| Acetaldehyde ^b | 7.67 E-04 |
| Acrolein ^b | <9.25 E-05 |
| Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) | |
| Naphthalene ^b | 8.48 E-05 |
| Acenaphthylene | <5.06 E-06 |
| Acenaphthene | <1.42 E-06 |
| Fluorene | 2.92 E-05 |
| Phenanthrene | 2.94 E-05 |
| Anthracene | 1.87 E-06 |
| Fluoranthene | 7.61 E-06 |
| Pyrene | 4.78 E-06 |
| Benzo(a)anthracene | 1.68 E-06 |
| Chrysene | 3.53 E-07 |
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | <9.91 E-08 |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | <1.55 E-07 |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | <1.88 E-07 |
| Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene | <3.75 E-07 |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | <5.83 E-07 |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | <4.89 E-07 |
| TOTAL PAH | 1.68 E-04 |

^a Based on the uncontrolled levels of 2 diesel engines from References 6-7. Source Classification Codes 2-02-001-02, 2-03-001-01. To convert from lb/MMBtu to ng/J, multiply by 430.

^b Hazardous air pollutant listed in the *Clean Air Act*.

^c Based on data from 1 engine.

Heater Exhaust PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 4 & 5

Description: Fuel Gas Heater and Tank Heater

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Fuel Consumption

0.30 MMBtu/hr
 333 scf/hr
 8,760 hr/yr
 2,628 MMBtu/yr
 2.92 MMscf/yr
 900 Btu/scf

Capacity
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Annual operating time
 Annual fuel consumption
 Annual fuel consumption
 Field gas heating value

Mfg. data
 MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/scf
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 MMBtu/hr x hr/yr
 scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000
 Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMscf | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| NOX | 100 | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 |
| CO | 84 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 |
| VOC | 5.5 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 |
| SO2 | 0.6 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 |
| TSP | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| PM10 | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| PM2.5 | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| Lead | 5.00E-04 | 1.67E-07 | 7.30E-07 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Tables 1.4-1 & 1.4-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

GRI-HAPCalc® 3.0
External Combustion Devices Report

| | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Facility ID: | LOS MESTENIOS | Notes: |
| Operation Type: | COMPRESSOR STATION | |
| Facility Name: | LOS MESTENIOS COMPRESSOR | |
| User Name: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC | |
| Units of Measure: | U.S. STANDARD | |

*Note: Emissions less than 5.00E-09 tons (or tonnes) per year are considered insignificant and are treated as zero.
These emissions are indicated on the report with a "0".
Emissions between 5.00E-09 and 5.00E-05 tons (or tonnes) per year are represented on the report with "0.0000".*

External Combustion Devices

Unit Name: HEATERS

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| Hours of Operation: | 8,760 | Yearly |
| Heat Input: | 0.30 | MMBtu/hr |
| Fuel Type: | NATURAL GAS | |
| Device Type: | HEATER | |
| Emission Factor Set: | FIELD > EPA > LITERATURE | |
| Additional EF Set: | -NONE- | |

Calculated Emissions (ton/yr)

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>Emissions</u> | <u>Emission Factor</u> | <u>Emission Factor Set</u> |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| <u>HAPs</u> | | | |
| 7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000157 lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| Formaldehyde | 0.0011 | 0.0008440090 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Methanol | 0.0013 | 0.0009636360 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Acetaldehyde | 0.0010 | 0.0007375920 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 0.0004 | 0.0003423350 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Benzene | 0.0010 | 0.0007480470 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Toluene | 0.0013 | 0.0010163310 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0028 | 0.0021128220 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Xylenes(m,p,o) | 0.0017 | 0.0013205140 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | 0.0037 | 0.0028417580 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| n-Hexane | 0.0018 | 0.0014070660 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Phenol | 0.0000 | 0.0000001070 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Styrene | 0.0027 | 0.0020788960 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Naphthalene | 0.0000 | 0.0000005100 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 2-Methylnaphthalene | 0.0000 | 0.0000001470 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Acenaphthylene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000670 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Biphenyl | 0.0000 | 0.0000004730 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Acenaphthene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000900 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Fluorene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000800 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Anthracene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000870 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Phenanthrene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000600 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Fluoranthene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000900 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Pyrene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000830 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Benz(a)anthracene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000870 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Chrysene | 0.0000 | 0.0000001170 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Benzo(a)pyrene | 0.0000 | 0.0000000700 lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |

| | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| Benzo(b)fluoranthene | 0.0000 | 0.0000001500 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Benzo(k)fluoranthene | 0.0000 | 0.0000007600 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Benzo(g,h,i)perylene | 0.0000 | 0.0000002600 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene | 0.0000 | 0.0000001200 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Dibenz(a,h)anthracene | 0.0000 | 0.0000001030 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Lead | 0.0000 | 0.0000004902 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |

| | | | | |
|--------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Total | 0.0188 | | | |
|--------------|--------|--|--|--|

Criteria Pollutants

| | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| VOC | 0.0071 | 0.0053921569 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| PM | 0.0098 | 0.0074509804 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| PM, Condensable | 0.0073 | 0.0055882353 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| PM, Filterable | 0.0024 | 0.0018627451 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| CO | 0.0425 | 0.0323636360 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| NMHC | 0.0112 | 0.0085294118 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| NOx | 0.1275 | 0.0970167730 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| SO2 | 0.0008 | 0.0005880000 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |

Other Pollutants

| | | | | |
|------------------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------|
| Dichlorobenzene | 0.0000 | 0.0000011765 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |
| Methane | 0.0138 | 0.0105212610 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Acetylene | 0.0184 | 0.0140000000 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Ethylene | 0.0012 | 0.0009476310 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Ethane | 0.0035 | 0.0026312210 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Propylene | 0.0031 | 0.0023454550 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Propane | 0.0014 | 0.0010686280 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Isobutane | 0.0019 | 0.0014640770 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Butane | 0.0018 | 0.0013766990 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0015 | 0.0011304940 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Pentane | 0.0046 | 0.0034671850 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| n-Pentane | 0.0019 | 0.0014221310 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0012 | 0.0009183830 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0029 | 0.0022011420 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| n-Octane | 0.0038 | 0.0028538830 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | 0.0045 | 0.0034224540 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 0.0045 | 0.0034224540 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 0.0045 | 0.0034224540 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| n-Nonane | 0.0048 | 0.0036604170 | lb/MMBtu | GRI Field |
| CO2 | 154.5882 | 117.6470588235 | lb/MMBtu | EPA |

Table 1.4-1. EMISSION FACTORS FOR NITROGEN OXIDES (NO_x) AND CARBON MONOXIDE (CO)
FROM NATURAL GAS COMBUSTION^a

| Combustor Type (MMBtu/hr Heat Input) [SCC] | NO _x ^b | | CO | |
|---|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | Emission Factor (lb/10 ⁶ scf) | Emission Factor Rating | Emission Factor (lb/10 ⁶ scf) | Emission Factor Rating |
| Large Wall-Fired Boilers (>100) [1-01-006-01, 1-02-006-01, 1-03-006-01] | | | | |
| Uncontrolled (Pre-NSPS) ^c | 280 | A | 84 | B |
| Uncontrolled (Post-NSPS) ^c | 190 | A | 84 | B |
| Controlled - Low NO _x burners | 140 | A | 84 | B |
| Controlled - Flue gas recirculation | 100 | D | 84 | B |
| Small Boilers (≤100) [1-01-006-02, 1-02-006-02, 1-03-006-02, 1-03-006-03] | | | | |
| Uncontrolled | 100 | B | 84 | B |
| Controlled - Low NO _x burners | 50 | D | 84 | B |
| Controlled - Low NO _x burners/Flue gas recirculation | 32 | C | 84 | B |
| Tangential-Fired Boilers (All Sizes) [1-01-006-04] | | | | |
| Uncontrolled | 170 | A | 24 | C |
| Controlled - Flue gas recirculation | 76 | D | 98 | D |
| Residential Furnaces (≤0.3) [No SCC] | | | | |
| Uncontrolled | 94 | B | 40 | B |

^a Reference 11. Units are in pounds of pollutant per million standard cubic feet of natural gas fired. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to kg/10⁶ m³, multiply by 16. Emission factors are based on an average natural gas higher heating value of 1,020 Btu/scf. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to lb/MMBtu, divide by 1,020. The emission factors in this table may be converted to other natural gas heating values by multiplying the given emission factor by the ratio of the specified heating value to this average heating value. SCC = Source Classification Code. ND = no data. NA = not applicable.

^b Expressed as NO₂. For large and small wall fired boilers with SNCR control, apply a 24 percent reduction to the appropriate NO_x emission factor. For tangential-fired boilers with SNCR control, apply a 13 percent reduction to the appropriate NO_x emission factor.

^c NSPS=New Source Performance Standard as defined in 40 CFR 60 Subparts D and Db. Post-NSPS units are boilers with greater than 250 MMBtu/hr of heat input that commenced construction modification, or reconstruction after August 17, 1971, and units with heat input capacities between 100 and 250 MMBtu/hr that commenced construction modification, or reconstruction after June 19, 1984.

TABLE 1.4-2. EMISSION FACTORS FOR CRITERIA POLLUTANTS AND GREENHOUSE GASES FROM NATURAL GAS COMBUSTION^a

| Pollutant | Emission Factor (lb/10 ⁶ scf) | Emission Factor Rating |
|--|---|------------------------|
| CO ₂ ^b | 120,000 | A |
| Lead | 0.0005 | D |
| N ₂ O (Uncontrolled) | 2.2 | E |
| N ₂ O (Controlled-low-NO _x burner) | 0.64 | E |
| PM (Total) ^c | 7.6 | D |
| PM (Condensable) ^c | 5.7 | D |
| PM (Filterable) ^c | 1.9 | B |
| SO ₂ ^d | 0.6 | A |
| TOC | 11 | B |
| Methane | 2.3 | B |
| VOC | 5.5 | C |

^a Reference 11. Units are in pounds of pollutant per million standard cubic feet of natural gas fired. Data are for all natural gas combustion sources. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to kg/10⁶ m³, multiply by 16. To convert from lb/10⁶ scf to lb/MMBtu, divide by 1,020. The emission factors in this table may be converted to other natural gas heating values by multiplying the given emission factor by the ratio of the specified heating value to this average heating value. TOC = Total Organic Compounds.

VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds.

^b Based on approximately 100% conversion of fuel carbon to CO₂. CO₂[lb/10⁶ scf] = (3.67) (CON) (C)(D), where CON = fractional conversion of fuel carbon to CO₂, C = carbon content of fuel by weight (0.76), and D = density of fuel, 4.2x10⁴ lb/10⁶ scf.

^c All PM (total, condensable, and filterable) is assumed to be less than 1.0 micrometer in diameter. Therefore, the PM emission factors presented here may be used to estimate PM₁₀, PM_{2.5} or PM₁ emissions. Total PM is the sum of the filterable PM and condensable PM. Condensable PM is the particulate matter collected using EPA Method 202 (or equivalent). Filterable PM is the particulate matter collected on, or prior to, the filter of an EPA Method 5 (or equivalent) sampling train.

^d Based on 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO₂.

Assumes sulfur content is natural gas of 2,000 grains/10⁶ scf. The SO₂ emission factor in this table can be converted to other natural gas sulfur contents by multiplying the SO₂ emission factor by the ratio of the site-specific sulfur content (grains/10⁶ scf) to 2,000 grains/10⁶ scf.

Turbine & Compressor Blowdown PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **SSM**

Description: Turbine, Compressor & Piping Associated With Station

Throughput

1 # of units
100 events/yr/unit
5,780 scf/event
12,400 scf/event
 1,818,000 scf/yr

Number of units
 Blowdowns per year per unit
 Gas loss per blowdown (compressor)
 Gas loss per blowdown (turbine)
 Annual gas loss

Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 # of units x events/yr/unit
 x [scf/event (compressor)
 + scf/event (turbine)]

Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/scf | Uncontrolled, Emission Rates, tpy |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| VOC | 1.307E-02 | 11.88 |
| Benzene | 2.533E-05 | 2.30E-02 |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.598E-07 | 5.09E-04 |
| n-Hexane | 2.951E-04 | 2.68E-01 |
| Isooctane | 7.398E-06 | 6.72E-03 |
| Toluene | 4.008E-05 | 3.64E-02 |
| Xylene | 6.718E-06 | 6.11E-03 |

Emission factors calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Gas Composition

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Emission Factors, lb/scf |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.01 | 1.002E-03 |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.07 | 0.000E+00 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.01 | 3.295E-04 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.04 | 3.329E-02 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.07 | 8.554E-03 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.09 | 5.897E-03 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.12 | 1.370E-03 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.12 | 2.392E-03 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.15 | 1.061E-03 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.15 | 8.176E-04 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.14 | 3.495E-05 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.17 | 2.951E-04 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.16 | 8.631E-05 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.18 | 6.525E-04 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.20 | 1.902E-04 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.19 | 1.439E-04 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 100.21 | 7.398E-06 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.11 | 2.533E-05 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.14 | 4.008E-05 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.17 | 5.598E-07 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.17 | 6.718E-06 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 110.00 | 5.423E-05 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | |
| Total VOC | | | 1.307E-02 |

Gas stream composition obtained from **Los Mestenos** extended gas analysis dated **05/06/2021**

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = (% / 100) x lb/lb-mole / 379.3 scf/lb-mole

Compressor Blowdown PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **SSM**

Description: RICE Compressor & Piping Associated With Station

Throughput

1 # of units
 100 events/yr/unit
 6,442 scf/event
 644,200 scf/yr

Number of units
 Blowdowns per year per unit
 Gas loss per blowdown
 Annual gas loss

Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 # of units x events/yr/unit x scf/event

Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/scf | Uncontrolled, Emission Rates, tpy |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| VOC | 1.307E-02 | 4.21 |
| Benzene | 2.533E-05 | 8.16E-03 |
| Ethylbenzene | 5.598E-07 | 1.80E-04 |
| n-Hexane | 2.951E-04 | 9.51E-02 |
| Isooctane | 7.398E-06 | 2.38E-03 |
| Toluene | 4.008E-05 | 1.29E-02 |
| Xylene | 6.718E-06 | 2.16E-03 |

Emission factors calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Gas Composition

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Emission Factors, lb/scf |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.01 | 1.002E-03 |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.07 | 0.000E+00 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.01 | 3.295E-04 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.04 | 3.329E-02 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.07 | 8.554E-03 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.09 | 5.897E-03 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.12 | 1.370E-03 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.12 | 2.392E-03 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.15 | 1.061E-03 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.15 | 8.176E-04 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.14 | 3.495E-05 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.17 | 2.951E-04 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.16 | 8.631E-05 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.18 | 6.525E-04 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.20 | 1.902E-04 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.19 | 1.439E-04 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 100.21 | 7.398E-06 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.11 | 2.533E-05 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.14 | 4.008E-05 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.17 | 5.598E-07 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.17 | 6.718E-06 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 110.00 | 5.423E-05 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | |
| Total VOC | | | 1.307E-02 |

Gas stream composition obtained from Los Mestenos extended gas analysis dated 05/06/2021

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = (% / 100) x lb/lb-mole / 379.3 scf/lb-mole

| | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Description: | Los Mestenios | Company: | HARVEST MIDSTREAM |
| Field: | | WorkOrder: | |
| Meter Number: | | GPA Method: | GPA 2286 |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 5/7/2021 11:17:24 | Sampled By: | |
| Date Sampled: | 5/6/2021 | Analyst Initials: | PK |
| Sample Temperature: | 60 | Instrument: | SRI 8610 |
| Sample Pressure: | 66 | | |

GRI GlyCalc Information

| Component | Mol% | Normalized Weight % |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Carbon Dioxide | 0.8632 | 1.7763 |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | N/R | 0 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 0.5845 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 59.0586 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 15.1712 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 10.4609 |
| Iso-Butane | 0.894 | 2.4297 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 4.2421 |
| Iso-Pentane | 0.5577 | 1.8815 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 1.45 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 0.062 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 0.5483 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 0.1531 |
| Other Hexanes | 0.2872 | 1.3456 |
| Heptanes | 0.072 | 0.3373 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 0.2553 |
| 2 2 4 Trimethylpentane | 0.0028 | 0.015 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 0.0449 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 0.0711 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 0.001 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 0.0119 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 0.0999 |
| Subtotal | 100.0001 | |
| Oxygen | N/R | |
| Subtotal | 100.0001 | 100 |
| Calculated Molecular Weight | | 21.3865 |



2030 Afton Place
Farmington, NM 87401
(505) 325-6622

Analysis No: HM2021049
Cust No: 33700-10375

Well/Lease Information

Customer Name: HARVEST MIDSTREAM
Well Name: Los Mestenios CDP
County/State:
Location:
Lease/PA/CA:
Formation:
Cust. Stn. No.:

Source: METER RUN
Well Flowing: Y
Pressure: 80 PSIG
Flow Temp: 60 DEG. F
Ambient Temp: 72 DEG. F
Flow Rate: MCF/D
Sample Method: Purge & Fill
Sample Date: 05/06/2021
Sample Time: 2.10 PM
Sampled By:
Sampled by (CO): Harvest Mid.

Heat Trace: N
Remarks: Calculated Molecular Weight = 21.3865

Analysis

| Component: | Mole%: | Unnormalized %: | **GPM: | *BTU: | *SP Gravity: |
|------------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------|--------------|
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 0.4456 | 0.0490 | 0.00 | 0.0043 |
| CO2 | 0.8632 | 0.8621 | 0.1480 | 0.00 | 0.0131 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 78.6321 | 13.3930 | 795.17 | 0.4361 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 10.7768 | 2.8960 | 190.95 | 0.1120 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 5.0671 | 1.4030 | 127.65 | 0.0772 |
| Iso-Butane | 0.8940 | 0.8929 | 0.2940 | 29.07 | 0.0179 |
| N-Butane | 1.5609 | 1.5590 | 0.4940 | 50.92 | 0.0313 |
| Neopentane 2,2 dmc3 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| I-Pentane | 0.5577 | 0.5570 | 0.2050 | 22.31 | 0.0139 |
| N-Pentane | 0.4298 | 0.4293 | 0.1560 | 17.23 | 0.0107 |
| Neohexane | 0.0117 | N/R | 0.0050 | 0.55 | 0.0003 |
| 2-3-Dimethylbutane | 0.0181 | N/R | 0.0070 | 0.86 | 0.0005 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | N/R | 0.0060 | 0.71 | 0.0005 |
| 2-Methylpentane | 0.1220 | N/R | 0.0510 | 5.79 | 0.0036 |
| 3-Methylpentane | 0.0464 | N/R | 0.0190 | 2.20 | 0.0014 |
| C6 | 0.1299 | 0.6545 | 0.0540 | 6.18 | 0.0039 |
| Methylcyclopentane | 0.0890 | N/R | 0.0320 | 4.01 | 0.0026 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | N/R | 0.0030 | 0.46 | 0.0003 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | N/R | 0.0130 | 1.74 | 0.0011 |
| 2-Methylhexane | 0.0143 | N/R | 0.0070 | 0.78 | 0.0005 |
| 3-Methylhexane | 0.0156 | N/R | 0.0070 | 0.85 | 0.0005 |
| 2-2-4-Trimethylpentane | 0.0028 | N/R | 0.0010 | 0.17 | 0.0001 |
| i-heptanes | 0.0091 | N/R | 0.0040 | 0.48 | 0.0003 |
| Heptane | 0.0330 | N/R | 0.0150 | 1.82 | 0.0011 |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | N/R | 0.0220 | 2.90 | 0.0019 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | N/R | 0.0060 | 0.74 | 0.0005 |
| 2-Methylheptane | 0.0064 | N/R | 0.0030 | 0.40 | 0.0003 |
| 4-Methylheptane | 0.0033 | N/R | 0.0020 | 0.20 | 0.0001 |
| i-Octanes | 0.0026 | N/R | 0.0010 | 0.16 | 0.0001 |
| Octane | 0.0056 | N/R | 0.0030 | 0.35 | 0.0002 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| m, p Xylene | 0.0022 | N/R | 0.0010 | 0.11 | 0.0001 |
| o Xylene (& 2,2,4 tmc7) | 0.0002 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| i-C9 | 0.0002 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| C9 | 0.0003 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.02 | 0.0000 |
| i-C10 | 0.0001 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| C10 | 0.0001 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| i-C11 | 0.0000 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| C11 | 0.0001 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.0000 |
| C12P | 0.0000 | N/R | 0.0000 | 0.00 | 0.0000 |
| Total | 100.00 | 99.876 | 19.300 | 1264.86 | 0.7368 |

* @ 14.730 PSIA DRY & UNCORRECTED FOR COMPRESSIBILITY

**@ 14.730 PSIA & 60 DEG. F.

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| COMPRESSIBILITY FACTOR (1/Z): | 1.0037 |
| BTU/CU.FT IDEAL: | 1267.8 |
| BTU/CU.FT (DRY) CORRECTED FOR (1/Z): | 1272.5 |
| BTU/CU.FT (WET) CORRECTED FOR (1/Z): | 1250.4 |
| DRY BTU @ 15.025: | 1298.0 |
| REAL SPECIFIC GRAVITY: | 0.7392 |

| | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| CYLINDER #: | 16 |
| CYLINDER PRESSURE: | 66 PSIG |
| ANALYSIS DATE: | 05/07/2021 |
| ANALYSIS TIME: | 11:17:24 AM |
| ANALYSIS RUN BY: | PATRICIA KING |

GPM, BTU, and SPG calculations as shown above are based on current GPA constants.

GPA Standard: GPA 2286-14

GC: SRI Instruments 8610 Last Cal/Verify: 05/11/2021

GC Method: C12+BTEX Gas

Equipment Leaks PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **F1**

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Open-Ended Lines

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Equipment | Number of Components, # of sources | Emission Factors, kg/hr/source | Emission Factors, lb/hr/source | Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates, | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | pph | tpy |
| Valves | 315 | 0.0045 | 0.0099 | 3.12 | 13.66 |
| Connectors | 263 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.12 | 0.51 |
| Pump Seals | 0 | 0.0024 | 0.0053 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Compressor Seals | 32 | 0.0088 | 0.0194 | 0.62 | 2.71 |
| Pressure Relief Valves | 19 | 0.0088 | 0.0194 | 0.37 | 1.61 |
| Open-Ended Lines | 88 | 0.0020 | 0.0044 | 0.39 | 1.70 |
| Total | | | | 4.61 | 20.19 |

Number of components based on the numbers of compressors and dehydrators at the station (see next page)

Emission factors taken from the EPA "1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates"

Emission factors (lb/hr/source) = Emission factors (kg/hr/source) x 2.2 lb/kg

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) = lb/hr/source x # of sources

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) x 8,760 hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent of TOC, % | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | pph | tpy |
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.010 | | | | |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.070 | | | | |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.013 | | | | |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.043 | 1263.056 | 60.619 | | |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.070 | 324.458 | 15.572 | | |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.097 | 223.722 | 10.737 | 4.95E-01 | 2.17E+00 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.123 | 51.962 | 2.494 | 1.15E-01 | 5.03E-01 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.123 | 90.724 | 4.354 | 2.01E-01 | 8.79E-01 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.150 | 40.238 | 1.931 | 8.90E-02 | 3.90E-01 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.150 | 31.010 | 1.488 | 6.86E-02 | 3.00E-01 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.134 | 1.326 | 0.064 | 2.93E-03 | 1.28E-02 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.177 | 11.194 | 0.537 | 2.48E-02 | 1.08E-01 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.161 | 3.274 | 0.157 | 7.24E-03 | 3.17E-02 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.177 | 24.750 | 1.188 | 5.47E-02 | 2.40E-01 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.204 | 7.215 | 0.346 | 1.60E-02 | 6.99E-02 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.188 | 5.459 | 0.262 | 1.21E-02 | 5.29E-02 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 114.231 | 0.320 | 0.015 | 7.07E-04 | 3.10E-03 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.114 | 0.961 | 0.046 | 2.13E-03 | 9.31E-03 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.141 | 1.520 | 0.073 | 3.36E-03 | 1.47E-02 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.167 | 0.021 | 0.001 | 4.70E-05 | 2.06E-04 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.167 | 0.255 | 0.012 | 5.64E-04 | 2.47E-03 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 114.231 | 2.136 | 0.103 | 4.72E-03 | 2.07E-02 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | 2083.601 | | | |
| Total VOC | | | | 23.809 | 1.10 | 4.81 |

Gas stream composition obtained from **Los Mestenos** extended gas analysis dated **05/06/2021**

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (pph) x (% / 100)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (% / 100)

Equipment Leaks PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **F1**

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Lines

Number of Compression Units at the Facility: **2**Number of Dehydrators at the Facility: **0**

| Process Equipment Description | Equipment Count | | | | | | Instrument Count | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|-------|----------|
| | Valves | Connectors | Pump Seals | Compressor Seals | Pressure Relief Valves | Open-end | Flow | Level | Pressure |
| Station inlet, meter run to pulsation dampener | 17 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Pulsation dampener | 12 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Compressor suction header | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Suction header feed to instrument gas header | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Compressor discharge header and bypass to station discharge | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Compressor discharge header and suction header bypass lines | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fuel gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Instrument gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Station discharge header | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Fuel gas recovery header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fuel gas feed and filter loop | 15 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Instrument gas feed and filter loop | 9 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Produced water storage tank | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ESD panel | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Starting gas header | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hot gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume bottle lop | 12 | 4 | 0 | 24 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Components from Compressors | 88 | 118 | 0 | 8 | 12 | 22 | 0 | 8 | 18 |
| Components from dehydrators | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 209 | 191 | 0 | 32 | 19 | 70 | 3 | 18 | 30 |
| Adjusted Total | 315 | 263 | 0 | 32 | 19 | 88 | | | |

The following additions are included in the Adjusted Total:

- 1 valve is added for each open end line
- 2 connectors are added for each flow meter
- 2 valves, 2 connectors and 1 open end line are added for each level gauge
- 1 connector is added for each pressure gauge

The component count is based on an evaluation of the Sim Mesa Compressor Station (two stage compression)

TABLE 2-4. OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION OPERATIONS AVERAGE EMISSION FACTORS (kg/hr/source)

| Equipment Type | Service ^a | Emission Factor (kg/hr/source) ^b |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|
| Valves | Gas | 4.5E-03 |
| | Heavy Oil | 8.4E-06 |
| | Light Oil | 2.5E-03 |
| | Water/Oil | 9.8E-05 |
| Pump seals | Gas | 2.4E-03 |
| | Heavy Oil | NA |
| | Light Oil | 1.3E-02 |
| | Water/Oil | 2.4E-05 |
| Others ^c | Gas | 8.8E-03 |
| | Heavy Oil | 3.2E-05 |
| | Light Oil | 7.5E-03 |
| | Water/Oil | 1.4E-02 |
| Connectors | Gas | 2.0E-04 |
| | Heavy Oil | 7.5E-06 |
| | Light Oil | 2.1E-04 |
| | Water/Oil | 1.1E-04 |
| Flanges | Gas | 3.9E-04 |
| | Heavy Oil | 3.9E-07 |
| | Light Oil | 1.1E-04 |
| | Water/Oil | 2.9E-06 |
| Open-ended lines | Gas | 2.0E-03 |
| | Heavy Oil | 1.4E-04 |
| | Light Oil | 1.4E-03 |
| | Water/Oil | 2.5E-04 |

^aWater/Oil emission factors apply to water streams in oil service with a water content greater than 50%, from the point of origin to the point where the water content reaches 99%. For water streams with a water content greater than 99%, the emission rate is considered negligible.

^bThese factors are for total organic compound emission rates (including non-VOC's such as methane and ethane) and apply to light crude, heavy crude, gas plant, gas production, and off shore facilities. "NA" indicates that not enough data were available to develop the indicated emission factor.

^cThe "other" equipment type was derived from compressors, diaphragms, drains, dump arms, hatches, instruments, meters, pressure relief valves, polished rods, relief valves, and vents. This "other" equipment type should be applied for any equipment type other than connectors, flanges, open-ended lines, pumps, or valves.

Truck Loading (Condensate) PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **L1**

Description: Truck Loading

Emission Factor

| | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 0.6 | Saturation factor, S | AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (submerged loading & dedicated service) |
| 2.28 psia | True vapor pressure of liquid, P | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 78.1 lb/lb-mole | Molecular weight of vapors, M | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 65 °F | Temperature of liquid | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 524.6 °R | Temperature of liquid, T | °F + 459.67 |
| 2.54 lb/10 ³ gal | Emission factor, L | AP-42, Section 5.2, Equation 1 L = 12.46 (SPM/T) |

Production Rate

929.92 10³ gal/yr

Maximum annual production rate

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

(= 21,000 bbl/yr, which is approx. max historical throughput plus 10%)

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Rates, tpy |
|-----------|---------------------|
| VOC | 1.18 |

Emission Rate (tpy) = lb/10³ gal x 10³ gal/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

| Pollutants | Percent of VOC, % | Emission Rates, tpy |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Benzene | 0.50 | 5.84E-03 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.03 | 3.21E-04 |
| n-Hexane | 5.40 | 6.37E-02 |
| Isooctane | 0.10 | 1.17E-03 |
| Toluene | 0.07 | 7.68E-04 |
| m-Xylene | 0.16 | 1.86E-03 |

Liquid percent of VOC calculated from the TANKS 4.0 results

Percent of VOC (%) = 100 x Pollutant Emission Rate (lb/yr) / Total VOC Emission Rate (lb/yr)

Emission Rates (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (%) / 100

Truck Loading (Produced Water) PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **L2**

Description: Truck Loading

Emission Factor

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 0.6 | Saturation factor, S | AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (submerged loading & dedicated service) |
| 0.3045 psia (average) | True vapor pressure of liquid, P | Estimated using Antoine's Equation (see calculations below) |
| 18.02 lb/lb-mole | Molecular weight of vapors, M | TANKS 4.0 Database |
| 65 °F (average) | Temperature of liquid | Estimated (see calculations below) |
| 524.67 °R (average) | Temperature of liquid, T | °F + 459.67 |
| 0.08 lb/10 ³ gal (average) | Emission factor, L | AP-42, Section 5.2, $L = 12.46 \frac{SPM}{T}$ |

Production Rate

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 35.28 10 ³ gal/yr | Maximum annual production rate | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Rates, tpy |
|-----------|---------------------|
| VOC | 1.38E-03 |

Uncontrolled Emission Rate (tpy) = lb/10³ gal x 10³ gal/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

| Pollutants | Mass Fraction | Emission Rates, tpy |
|--------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Benzene | 0.0267 | 3.69E-07 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0027 | 3.69E-08 |
| n-Hexane | 0.0840 | 1.16E-06 |
| Toluene | 0.0344 | 4.74E-07 |
| m-Xylene | 0.0229 | 3.16E-07 |

HAP mass fractions are estimated from the produced water tank emission factors

HAP Mass Fraction = HAP Emission Factor (lb/bbl) / VOC Emission Factor (lb/bbl)

Emission Rates (tpy) = VOC Emission Rate (tpy) x HAP Mass Fraction

Vapor Pressure of Produced Water:

It is estimated that the true vapor pressure of produced water is approximately equal to the true vapor pressure of pure water. An estimate of the true vapor pressure for water is calculated using Antoine's equation (see AP-42, Section 7.1, Equation 1-25).

Maximum:

Temperature = **77** °F

$$\log P = A - (B / (C + T))$$

A = 8.07131

B = 1730.63

C = 233.426

T = 25.00 °C

P = mmHg

$$P = 10^{(A - (B / (C + T)))}$$

P = 23.69 mmHg

P = 0.4581 psi

Note: 760 mmHg = 14.7 psia

Average:

Temperature = **65** °F

$$\log P = A - (B / (C + T))$$

A = 8.07131

B = 1730.63

C = 233.426

T = 18.33 °C

P = mmHg

$$P = 10^{(A - (B / (C + T)))}$$

P = 15.75 mmHg

P = 0.3045 psi

loading operation, resulting in high levels of vapor generation and loss. If the turbulence is great enough, liquid droplets will be entrained in the vented vapors.

A second method of loading is submerged loading. Two types are the submerged fill pipe method and the bottom loading method. In the submerged fill pipe method, the fill pipe extends almost to the bottom of the cargo tank. In the bottom loading method, a permanent fill pipe is attached to the cargo tank bottom. During most of submerged loading by both methods, the fill pipe opening is below the liquid surface level. Liquid turbulence is controlled significantly during submerged loading, resulting in much lower vapor generation than encountered during splash loading.

The recent loading history of a cargo carrier is just as important a factor in loading losses as the method of loading. If the carrier has carried a nonvolatile liquid such as fuel oil, or has just been cleaned, it will contain vapor-free air. If it has just carried gasoline and has not been vented, the air in the carrier tank will contain volatile organic vapors, which will be expelled during the loading operation along with newly generated vapors.

Cargo carriers are sometimes designated to transport only one product, and in such cases are practicing "dedicated service". Dedicated gasoline cargo tanks return to a loading terminal containing air fully or partially saturated with vapor from the previous load. Cargo tanks may also be "switch loaded" with various products, so that a nonvolatile product being loaded may expel the vapors remaining from a previous load of a volatile product such as gasoline. These circumstances vary with the type of cargo tank and with the ownership of the carrier, the petroleum liquids being transported, geographic location, and season of the year.

One control measure for vapors displaced during liquid loading is called "vapor balance service", in which the cargo tank retrieves the vapors displaced during product unloading at bulk plants or service stations and transports the vapors back to the loading terminal. Figure 5.2-5 shows a tank truck in vapor balance service filling a service station underground tank and taking on displaced gasoline vapors for return to the terminal. A cargo tank returning to a bulk terminal in vapor balance service normally is saturated with organic vapors, and the presence of these vapors at the start of submerged loading of the tanker truck results in greater loading losses than encountered during nonvapor balance, or "normal", service. Vapor balance service is usually not practiced with marine vessels, although some vessels practice emission control by means of vapor transfer within their own cargo tanks during ballasting operations, discussed below.

Emissions from loading petroleum liquid can be estimated (with a probable error of ± 30 percent)⁴ using the following expression:

$$L_L = 12.46 \frac{SPM}{T} \quad (1)$$

where:

L_L = loading loss, pounds per 1000 gallons ($\text{lb}/10^3 \text{ gal}$) of liquid loaded

S = a saturation factor (see Table 5.2-1)

P = true vapor pressure of liquid loaded, pounds per square inch absolute (psia)
(see Figure 7.1-5, Figure 7.1-6, and Table 7.1-2)

M = molecular weight of vapors, pounds per pound-mole ($\text{lb}/\text{lb-mole}$) (see Table 7.1-2)

T = temperature of bulk liquid loaded, $^{\circ}\text{R}$ ($^{\circ}\text{F} + 460$)

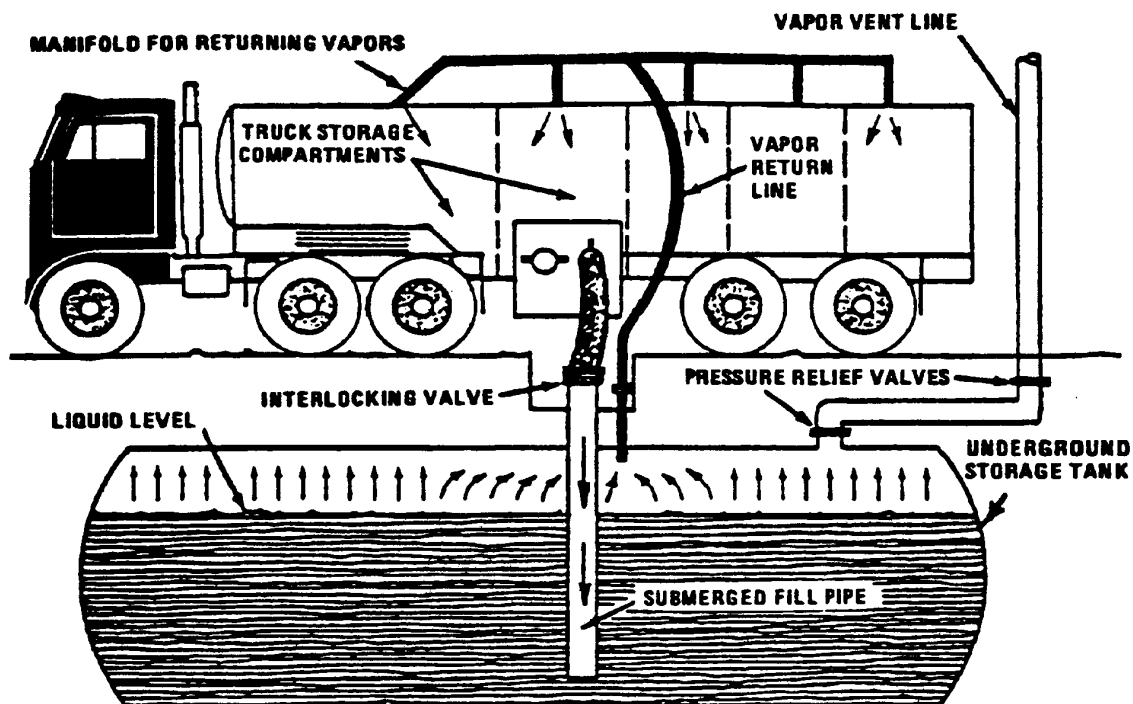


Figure 5.2-5. Tank truck unloading into a service station underground storage tank and practicing "vapor balance" form of emission control.

Table 5.2-1. SATURATION (S) FACTORS FOR CALCULATING PETROLEUM LIQUID LOADING LOSSES

| Cargo Carrier | Mode Of Operation | S Factor |
|--------------------------------|--|----------|
| Tank trucks and rail tank cars | Submerged loading of a clean cargo tank | 0.50 |
| | Submerged loading: dedicated normal service | 0.60 |
| | Submerged loading: dedicated vapor balance service | 1.00 |
| | Splash loading of a clean cargo tank | 1.45 |
| | Splash loading: dedicated normal service | 1.45 |
| | Splash loading: dedicated vapor balance service | 1.00 |
| | | |
| Marine vessels ^a | Submerged loading: ships | 0.2 |
| | Submerged loading: barges | 0.5 |

^a For products other than gasoline and crude oil. For marine loading of gasoline, use factors from Table 5.2-2. For marine loading of crude oil, use Equations 2 and 3 and Table 5.2-3.

The saturation factor, S, represents the expelled vapor's fractional approach to saturation, and it accounts for the variations observed in emission rates from the different unloading and loading methods. Table 5.2-1 lists suggested saturation factors.

Emissions from controlled loading operations can be calculated by multiplying the uncontrolled emission rate calculated in Equation 1 by an overall reduction efficiency term:

$$\left(1 - \frac{\text{eff}}{100}\right)$$

The overall reduction efficiency should account for the capture efficiency of the collection system as well as both the control efficiency and any downtime of the control device. Measures to reduce loading emissions include selection of alternate loading methods and application of vapor recovery equipment. The latter captures organic vapors displaced during loading operations and recovers the vapors by the use of refrigeration, absorption, adsorption, and/or compression. The recovered product is piped back to storage. Vapors can also be controlled through combustion in a thermal oxidation unit, with no product recovery. Figure 5.2-6 demonstrates the recovery of gasoline vapors from tank trucks during loading operations at bulk terminals. Control efficiencies for the recovery units range from 90 to over 99 percent, depending on both the nature of the vapors and the type of control equipment used.⁵⁻⁶ However, not all of the displaced vapors reach the control device, because of leakage from both the tank truck and collection system. The collection efficiency should be assumed to be 99.2 percent for tanker trucks passing the MACT-level annual leak test (not more than 1 inch water column pressure change in 5 minutes after pressurizing to 18 inches water followed by pulling a vacuum of 6 inches water).⁷ A collection efficiency of 98.7 percent (a 1.3 percent leakage rate) should be assumed for trucks passing the NSPS-level annual test (3 inches pressure change). A collection efficiency of 70 percent should be assumed for trucks not passing one of these annual leak tests.⁶

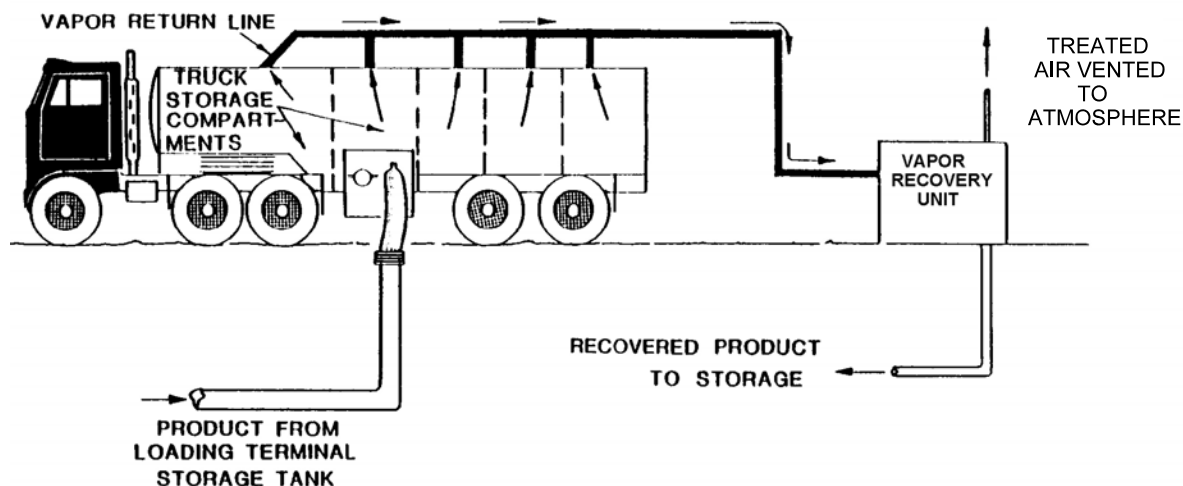


Figure 5.2-6. Tank truck loading with vapor recovery.

Storage Tank PTE Emissions Data and Calculations

Unit Number: **T1 & T2**

Description: Condensate Storage Tanks

Emission Rates

| Source/Pollutants | Working/Breathing Losses, pppy tpy | | Flash Losses, tpy | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, tpy | 10% Safety Factor tpy |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| T1 | | | | | |
| VOC | 6,540.36 | 3.27 | 44.75 | 48.02 | 52.82 |
| Benzene | 37.76 | 1.89E-02 | 3.25E-01 | 3.44E-01 | 3.79E-01 |
| Ethylbenzene | 2.07 | 1.04E-03 | 1.62E-02 | 1.72E-02 | 1.89E-02 |
| n-Hexane | 412.11 | 2.06E-01 | 2.60 | 2.81 | 3.09 |
| Isooctane | 7.53 | 3.77E-03 | 4.56E-02 | 4.94E-02 | 5.43E-02 |
| Toluene | 4.96 | 2.48E-03 | 3.81E-02 | 4.06E-02 | 4.46E-02 |
| Xylene | 12.01 | 6.01E-03 | 7.99E-02 | 8.59E-02 | 9.45E-02 |
| T2 | | | | | |
| VOC | 5,608.34 | 2.80 | -- | 2.80 | |
| Benzene | 32.38 | 1.62E-02 | -- | 1.62E-02 | |
| Ethylbenzene | 1.78 | 8.90E-04 | -- | 8.90E-04 | |
| n-Hexane | 353.38 | 1.77E-01 | -- | 1.77E-01 | |
| Isooctane | 6.46 | 3.23E-03 | -- | 3.23E-03 | |
| Toluene | 4.26 | 2.13E-03 | -- | 2.13E-03 | |
| Xylene | 10.30 | 5.15E-03 | -- | 5.15E-03 | |

Working/breathing losses taken from TANKS 4.0 results

Flash VOC emissions taken from VMGSim results

Flash HAP emissions calculated from the flash VOC emissions and the weight % HAP (calculated in the table below)

Unit T2 does not have flash emissions because it is an overflow tank for Unit T1. All flashing occurs in Unit T1.

Storage Tank PTE Emissions Data and Calculations

Unit Number: **T1 & T2**

Description: Condensate Storage Tanks

Flash Emissions Composition (To Determine HAP Emissions)

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent, % |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.1231 | 44.010 | | |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.070 | | |
| Nitrogen | 1.4810 | 28.013 | | |
| Water | 1.9137 | 18.015 | | |
| Methane | 58.8518 | 16.043 | | |
| Ethane | 9.5652 | 30.070 | | |
| Propane | 3.1622 | 44.097 | 139.445 | 7.752 |
| Isobutane | 4.8689 | 58.123 | 282.998 | 15.732 |
| n-Butane | 9.3180 | 58.123 | 541.590 | 30.108 |
| Isopentane | 4.5581 | 72.150 | 328.870 | 18.282 |
| n-Pentane | 3.0399 | 72.150 | 219.325 | 12.193 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0158 | 70.134 | 1.107 | 0.062 |
| n-Hexane | 1.2128 | 86.177 | 104.513 | 5.810 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.4511 | 84.161 | 37.966 | 2.111 |
| Other hexanes | 0.0000 | 86.177 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Heptanes | 0.6055 | 100.204 | 60.677 | 3.373 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.4106 | 98.188 | 40.317 | 2.241 |
| Isooctane | 0.0160 | 114.231 | 1.833 | 0.102 |
| Benzene | 0.1674 | 78.114 | 13.074 | 0.727 |
| Toluene | 0.0166 | 92.141 | 1.532 | 0.085 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0061 | 106.167 | 0.651 | 0.036 |
| Xylenes | 0.0303 | 106.167 | 3.212 | 0.179 |
| n-Octane | 0.1544 | 114.232 | 17.643 | 0.981 |
| n-Nonane | 0.0262 | 128.259 | 3.355 | 0.187 |
| n-Decane | 0.0051 | 142.286 | 0.719 | 0.040 |
| Total | 100.0000 | | 1798.826 | 100.000 |

Gas stream composition obtained from VGMSym output

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Storage Tank PTE Emissions Data and Calculations

Unit Number: **T1 & T2**

Description: Condensate Storage Tanks

Condensate Composition (To Determine Working/Breathing Losses)

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent, % |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.0016 | 44.010 | | |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.070 | | |
| Nitrogen | 0.0016 | 28.013 | | |
| Water | 10.3467 | 18.015 | 186.3954 | 1.9609 |
| Methane | 0.2398 | 16.043 | 3.8476 | 0.0405 |
| Ethane | 0.2647 | 30.070 | 7.9592 | 0.0837 |
| Propane | 0.3284 | 44.097 | 14.4797 | 0.1523 |
| Isobutane | 1.3530 | 58.123 | 78.6407 | 0.8273 |
| n-Butane | 4.0043 | 58.123 | 232.7417 | 2.4485 |
| Isopentane | 5.2914 | 72.150 | 381.7734 | 4.0163 |
| n-Pentane | 4.7618 | 72.150 | 343.5631 | 3.6143 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0479 | 70.134 | 3.3588 | 0.0353 |
| n-Hexane | 7.2009 | 86.177 | 620.5560 | 6.5283 |
| Cyclohexane | 4.2312 | 84.161 | 356.1035 | 3.7463 |
| Other hexanes | 0.0000 | 86.177 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Heptanes | 12.0651 | 100.204 | 1208.9690 | 12.7185 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 9.4637 | 98.188 | 929.2256 | 9.7756 |
| Isooctane | 0.3125 | 114.231 | 35.7007 | 0.3756 |
| Benzene | 1.1780 | 78.114 | 92.0162 | 0.9680 |
| Toluene | 0.4530 | 92.141 | 41.7421 | 0.4391 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.4864 | 106.167 | 51.6357 | 0.5432 |
| Xylenes | 3.3752 | 106.167 | 358.3340 | 3.7697 |
| n-Octane | 10.1150 | 114.232 | 1155.4546 | 12.1555 |
| n-Nonane | 5.6876 | 128.259 | 729.4821 | 7.6743 |
| n-Decane | 18.7903 | 142.286 | 2673.5942 | 28.1266 |
| Total | 100.0000 | | 9505.5736 | 100.0000 |

Gas stream composition obtained from VGMSym output

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

In TANKS 4, the methane, ethane, and propane percentages are included with isobutane and n-butane (an even distribution)

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate PTE |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Vertical Fixed Roof Tank |
| Description: | 490 Barrel Condensate Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Shell Height (ft): | 16.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 14.75 |
| Liquid Height (ft) : | 15.00 |
| Avg. Liquid Height (ft): | 7.50 |
| Volume (gallons): | 19,173.00 |
| Turnovers: | 48.50 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 929,922.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |
| Roof Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Roof Condition: | Good |

Roof Characteristics

| | |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Type: | Dome |
| Height (ft) | 0.00 |
| Radius (ft) (Dome Roof) | 14.75 |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

Los Mestenios - T1 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight. | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Condensate | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 3.4523 | 2.6161 | 4.3471 | 66.3334 | | | 95.42 | |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | | | | | | 0.7338 | 0.4989 | 1.0546 | 114.2300 | 0.0038 | 0.0011 | 114.23 | Option 2: A=6.8118, B=1257.84, C=220.74 |
| Benzene | | | | | | 1.4274 | 0.9846 | 2.0237 | 78.1100 | 0.0097 | 0.0058 | 78.11 | Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79 |
| Butane (-n) | | | | | | 29.9357 | 23.3576 | 34.6684 | 58.1230 | 0.0259 | 0.3227 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 26.1 VP70 = 31.31 |
| Cyclohexane | | | | | | 1.4738 | 1.0254 | 2.0729 | 84.1600 | 0.0375 | 0.0230 | 84.16 | Option 2: A=6.841, B=1201.53, C=222.65 |
| Cyclopentane | | | | | | 4.9596 | 3.6370 | 6.6394 | 70.1300 | 0.0004 | 0.0007 | 70.13 | Option 1: VP60 = 4.177 VP70 = 5.24 |
| Decane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0395 | 0.0291 | 0.0536 | 142.2900 | 0.2813 | 0.0046 | 142.29 | Option 1: VP60 = .033211 VP70 = .041762 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | | | | 0.1396 | 0.0876 | 0.2162 | 106.1700 | 0.0054 | 0.0003 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21 |
| Heptane (-n) | | | | | | 0.7600 | 0.5088 | 1.1128 | 100.2000 | 0.1272 | 0.0403 | 100.20 | Option 3: A=37358, B=8.2585 |
| Hexane (-n) | | | | | | 2.3100 | 1.6303 | 3.2059 | 86.1700 | 0.0653 | 0.0628 | 86.17 | Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41 |
| Iso-Butane | | | | | | 43.3083 | 34.4026 | 53.8185 | 58.1230 | 0.0097 | 0.1743 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 38.14 VP70 = 45.16 |
| Isopentane | | | | | | 11.8640 | 8.7212 | 15.5743 | 72.1500 | 0.0402 | 0.1985 | 72.15 | Option 1: VP60 = 10.005 VP70 = 12.53 |
| Methylcyclohexane | | | | | | 0.6886 | 0.4673 | 0.9913 | 98.1800 | 0.0978 | 0.0280 | 98.18 | Option 2: A=6.823, B=1270.763, C=221.42 |
| Nonane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0784 | 0.0568 | 0.1080 | 128.2600 | 0.0767 | 0.0025 | 128.26 | Option 1: VP60 = .065278 VP70 = .08309 |
| Octane (-n) | | | | | | 0.1769 | 0.1254 | 0.2493 | 114.2300 | 0.1216 | 0.0090 | 114.23 | Option 1: VP60 = .145444 VP70 = .188224 |
| Pentane (-n) | | | | | | 8.0308 | 5.9649 | 10.6537 | 72.1500 | 0.0361 | 0.1209 | 72.15 | Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558 |
| Toluene | | | | | | 0.4136 | 0.2726 | 0.6120 | 92.1300 | 0.0044 | 0.0008 | 92.13 | Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48 |
| Water | | | | | | 0.3402 | 0.2160 | 0.5229 | 18.0150 | 0.0196 | 0.0028 | 18.02 | Option 1: VP60 = .263 VP70 = .3679 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | | | | | | 0.1165 | 0.0728 | 0.1813 | 106.1700 | 0.0377 | 0.0018 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|--|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 2,577.2156 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,625.2961 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3649 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,625.2961 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.5117 |
| Tank Shell Height (ft): | 16.0000 |
| Average Liquid Height (ft): | 7.5000 |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 1.0117 |
| Roof Outage (Dome Roof) | |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 1.0117 |
| Dome Radius (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Shell Radius (ft): | 7.3750 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.7309 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range (psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6161 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 4.3471 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3649 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.5117 |
| Working Losses (lb): | 3,981.3785 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 929,922.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 48.5000 |
| Turnover Factor: | 0.7852 |
| Maximum Liquid Volume (gal): | 19,173.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Height (ft): | 15.0000 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| | |
| Total Losses (lb): | 6,558.5942 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Condensate | 3,981.38 | 2,577.22 | 6,558.59 |
| Iso-Butane | 693.82 | 449.12 | 1,142.94 |
| Butane (-n) | 1,284.65 | 831.58 | 2,116.23 |
| Isopentane | 790.47 | 511.69 | 1,302.16 |
| Pentane (-n) | 481.52 | 311.70 | 793.22 |
| Cyclopentane | 2.90 | 1.88 | 4.78 |
| Hexane (-n) | 250.17 | 161.94 | 412.11 |
| Cyclohexane | 91.60 | 59.29 | 150.89 |
| Heptane (-n) | 160.36 | 103.80 | 264.16 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 111.67 | 72.28 | 183.95 |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | 4.57 | 2.96 | 7.53 |
| Benzene | 22.92 | 14.84 | 37.76 |
| Toluene | 3.01 | 1.95 | 4.96 |
| Ethylbenzene | 1.26 | 0.81 | 2.07 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | 7.29 | 4.72 | 12.01 |
| Octane (-n) | 35.68 | 23.10 | 58.78 |
| Nonane (-n) | 9.98 | 6.46 | 16.44 |
| Decane (-n) | 18.43 | 11.93 | 30.37 |
| Water | 11.07 | 7.16 | 18.23 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate PTE |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Vertical Fixed Roof Tank |
| Description: | 400 Barrel Condensate Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Shell Height (ft): | 16.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 13.50 |
| Liquid Height (ft) : | 15.00 |
| Avg. Liquid Height (ft): | 7.50 |
| Volume (gallons): | 16,061.00 |
| Turnovers: | 57.90 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 929,922.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |
| Roof Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Roof Condition: | Good |

Roof Characteristics

| | |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Type: | Dome |
| Height (ft) | 0.00 |
| Radius (ft) (Dome Roof) | 13.50 |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d **Emissions Report - Detail Format** **Liquid Contents of Storage Tank**

Los Mestenios - T2 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank **Gavilan, New Mexico**

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight. | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Condensate | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 3.4523 | 2.6161 | 4.3471 | 66.3334 | | | 95.42 | |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | | | | | | 0.7338 | 0.4989 | 1.0546 | 114.2300 | 0.0038 | 0.0011 | 114.23 | Option 2: A=6.8118, B=1257.84, C=220.74 |
| Benzene | | | | | | 1.4274 | 0.9846 | 2.0237 | 78.1100 | 0.0097 | 0.0058 | 78.11 | Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79 |
| Butane (-n) | | | | | | 29.9357 | 23.3576 | 34.6684 | 58.1230 | 0.0259 | 0.3227 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 26.1 VP70 = 31.31 |
| Cyclohexane | | | | | | 1.4738 | 1.0254 | 2.0729 | 84.1600 | 0.0375 | 0.0230 | 84.16 | Option 2: A=6.841, B=1201.53, C=222.65 |
| Cyclopentane | | | | | | 4.9596 | 3.6370 | 6.6394 | 70.1300 | 0.0004 | 0.0007 | 70.13 | Option 1: VP60 = 4.177 VP70 = 5.24 |
| Decane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0395 | 0.0291 | 0.0536 | 142.2900 | 0.2813 | 0.0046 | 142.29 | Option 1: VP60 = .033211 VP70 = .041762 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | | | | 0.1396 | 0.0876 | 0.2162 | 106.1700 | 0.0054 | 0.0003 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21 |
| Heptane (-n) | | | | | | 0.7600 | 0.5088 | 1.1128 | 100.2000 | 0.1272 | 0.0403 | 100.20 | Option 3: A=37358, B=8.2585 |
| Hexane (-n) | | | | | | 2.3100 | 1.6303 | 3.2059 | 86.1700 | 0.0653 | 0.0628 | 86.17 | Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41 |
| Iso-Butane | | | | | | 43.3083 | 34.4026 | 53.8185 | 58.1230 | 0.0097 | 0.1743 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 38.14 VP70 = 45.16 |
| Isopentane | | | | | | 11.8640 | 8.7212 | 15.5743 | 72.1500 | 0.0402 | 0.1985 | 72.15 | Option 1: VP60 = 10.005 VP70 = 12.53 |
| Methylcyclohexane | | | | | | 0.6886 | 0.4673 | 0.9913 | 98.1800 | 0.0978 | 0.0280 | 98.18 | Option 2: A=6.823, B=1270.763, C=221.42 |
| Nonane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0784 | 0.0568 | 0.1080 | 128.2600 | 0.0767 | 0.0025 | 128.26 | Option 1: VP60 = .065278 VP70 = .08309 |
| Octane (-n) | | | | | | 0.1769 | 0.1254 | 0.2493 | 114.2300 | 0.1216 | 0.0090 | 114.23 | Option 1: VP60 = .145444 VP70 = .188224 |
| Pentane (-n) | | | | | | 8.0308 | 5.9649 | 10.6537 | 72.1500 | 0.0361 | 0.1209 | 72.15 | Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558 |
| Toluene | | | | | | 0.4136 | 0.2726 | 0.6120 | 92.1300 | 0.0044 | 0.0008 | 92.13 | Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48 |
| Water | | | | | | 0.3402 | 0.2160 | 0.5229 | 18.0150 | 0.0196 | 0.0028 | 18.02 | Option 1: VP60 = .263 VP70 = .3679 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | | | | | | 0.1165 | 0.0728 | 0.1813 | 106.1700 | 0.0377 | 0.0018 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|--|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 2,151.7664 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,349.2223 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3670 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,349.2223 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.4260 |
| Tank Shell Height (ft): | 16.0000 |
| Average Liquid Height (ft): | 7.5000 |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 0.9260 |
| Roof Outage (Dome Roof) | |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 0.9260 |
| Dome Radius (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Shell Radius (ft): | 6.7500 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.7309 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range (psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6161 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 4.3471 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3670 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.4260 |
| Working Losses (lb): | 3,472.2012 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 929,922.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 57.9000 |
| Turnover Factor: | 0.6848 |
| Maximum Liquid Volume (gal): | 16,061.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Height (ft): | 15.0000 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| | |
| Total Losses (lb): | 5,623.9676 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate PTE - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Condensate | 3,472.20 | 2,151.77 | 5,623.97 |
| Iso-Butane | 605.09 | 374.98 | 980.06 |
| Butane (-n) | 1,120.36 | 694.30 | 1,814.66 |
| Isopentane | 689.38 | 427.22 | 1,116.60 |
| Pentane (-n) | 419.94 | 260.24 | 680.18 |
| Cyclopentane | 2.53 | 1.57 | 4.10 |
| Hexane (-n) | 218.18 | 135.21 | 353.38 |
| Cyclohexane | 79.88 | 49.50 | 129.39 |
| Heptane (-n) | 139.85 | 86.67 | 226.52 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 97.39 | 60.35 | 157.74 |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | 3.99 | 2.47 | 6.46 |
| Benzene | 19.99 | 12.39 | 32.38 |
| Toluene | 2.63 | 1.63 | 4.26 |
| Ethylbenzene | 1.10 | 0.68 | 1.78 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | 6.36 | 3.94 | 10.30 |
| Octane (-n) | 31.12 | 19.28 | 50.40 |
| Nonane (-n) | 8.70 | 5.39 | 14.10 |
| Decane (-n) | 16.08 | 9.96 | 26.04 |
| Water | 9.65 | 5.98 | 15.63 |

Simulation Report



Symmetry

File Name: Los Mestenios Emissions Flash Model 12.21.2021
Company: VMG, a Schlumberger Technology
Customer:
Project:
Job No:
Prepared By:
Report Date: Tuesday, December 21, 2021
Unit Set: Field

File: U:\Environmental\Los Mestenios Emissions Flash Model 12.21.2021.vsym

Symmetry

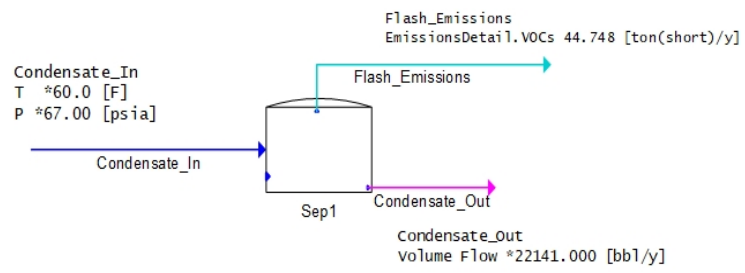
[Main Flowsheet](#)

[Material Stream \(3\)](#)

[2ph Separator \(1\)](#)

*Bold face throughout the report denotes specified values.

*Italic face throughout the report denotes recycle values.



| /Condensate_In (Material Stream) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Up Stream Unit Op | | |
| In | <Disconnected> | --- | | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Down Stream Unit Op | | |
| Out | Sep1.In0 | --- | | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | Is Up To Date | | False |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 0.0390 | 0.8649 | 0.0962 |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| P [psia] | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 7.04 | 0.27 | 6.09 | 0.68 |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 657.72 | 5.59 | 639.94 | 12.19 |
| Volume Flow [ft3/s] | 0.010 | 0.006 | 0.004 | 0.000 |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 0.0012 | 0.0273 | 1.69E-04 | 1.39E-06 |
| METHANE | 0.0497 | 0.8415 | 0.0195 | 9.28E-05 |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 1.14E-04 | 0.0011 | 8.10E-05 | 3.03E-06 |
| ETHANE | 0.0102 | 0.0590 | 0.0091 | 9.68E-06 |
| PROPANE | 0.0056 | 0.0105 | 0.0060 | 1.15E-06 |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0164 | 0.0123 | 0.0184 | 7.47E-07 |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0443 | 0.0218 | 0.0503 | 1.96E-06 |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0523 | 0.0098 | 0.0601 | 5.01E-07 |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0462 | 0.0065 | 0.0532 | 4.95E-07 |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 4.53E-04 | 3.28E-05 | 5.22E-04 | 1.90E-08 |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0672 | 0.0025 | 0.0776 | 1.89E-07 |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0873 | 8.63E-04 | 0.1009 | 3.17E-07 |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 0.0029 | 3.38E-05 | 0.0033 | 8.35E-10 |
| BENZENE | 0.0110 | 3.47E-04 | 0.0127 | 5.87E-06 |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0393 | 9.37E-04 | 0.0454 | 5.73E-07 |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.1114 | 0.0013 | 0.1288 | 6.67E-08 |
| TOLUENE | 0.0042 | 3.47E-05 | 0.0048 | 5.99E-07 |
| n-OCTANE | 0.0931 | 3.30E-04 | 0.1076 | 1.08E-08 |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 0.0045 | 1.30E-05 | 0.0052 | 1.82E-07 |
| m-XYLENE | 0.0214 | 4.76E-05 | 0.0247 | 7.31E-07 |
| o-XYLENE | 0.0096 | 1.66E-05 | 0.0112 | 4.19E-07 |
| n-NONANE | 0.0523 | 5.68E-05 | 0.0605 | 5.32E-09 |
| n-DECANE | 0.0024 | 8.18E-07 | 0.0028 | 1.01E-10 |
| n-UNDECANE | 0.0852 | 8.06E-06 | 0.0985 | 1.31E-09 |
| n-DODECANE | 0.0852 | 2.53E-06 | 0.0985 | 6.27E-10 |
| WATER | 0.0967 | 0.0038 | 4.11E-04 | 0.9999 |

| /Condensate_Out (Material Stream) | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Up Stream Unit Op | | |
| In | Sep1.Liq0 | --- | | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Down Stream Unit Op | | |
| Out | <Disconnected> | --- | | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | Is Up To Date | False | |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | |
| P [psia] | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 6.47 | 0.00 | 6.47 | |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 640.04 | 0.00 | 640.04 | |
| Volume Flow [ft3/s] | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.004 | |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 1.58E-05 | 0.0148 | 1.58E-05 | |
| METHANE | 0.0024 | 0.5885 | 0.0024 | |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 1.59E-05 | 0.0012 | 1.59E-05 | |
| ETHANE | 0.0026 | 0.0957 | 0.0026 | |
| PROPANE | 0.0033 | 0.0316 | 0.0033 | |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0135 | 0.0487 | 0.0135 | |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0400 | 0.0932 | 0.0400 | |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0529 | 0.0456 | 0.0529 | |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0476 | 0.0304 | 0.0476 | |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 4.79E-04 | 1.58E-04 | 4.79E-04 | |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0720 | 0.0121 | 0.0720 | |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0946 | 0.0041 | 0.0946 | |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 0.0031 | 1.60E-04 | 0.0031 | |
| BENZENE | 0.0118 | 0.0017 | 0.0118 | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0423 | 0.0045 | 0.0423 | |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.1207 | 0.0061 | 0.1207 | |
| TOLUENE | 0.0045 | 1.66E-04 | 0.0045 | |
| n-OCTANE | 0.1011 | 0.0015 | 0.1011 | |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 0.0049 | 6.13E-05 | 0.0049 | |
| m-XYLENE | 0.0233 | 2.24E-04 | 0.0233 | |
| o-XYLENE | 0.0105 | 7.81E-05 | 0.0105 | |
| n-NONANE | 0.0569 | 2.62E-04 | 0.0569 | |
| n-DECANE | 0.0026 | 3.70E-06 | 0.0026 | |
| n-UNDECANE | 0.0926 | 3.58E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| n-DODECANE | 0.0926 | 1.10E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| WATER | 0.1035 | 0.0191 | 0.1035 | |

| /Flash_Emissions (Material Stream) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Up Stream Unit Op | | |
| In | Sep1.Vap | --- | | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Down Stream Unit Op | | |
| Out | <Disconnected> | --- | | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | Is Up To Date | False | |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | |
| P [psia] | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 0.57 | 0.57 | 0.00 | |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 17.67 | 17.67 | 0.00 | |
| Volume Flow [ft3/s] | 0.067 | 0.067 | 0.000 | |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 0.0148 | 0.0148 | 1.58E-05 | |
| METHANE | 0.5885 | 0.5885 | 0.0024 | |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 0.0012 | 0.0012 | 1.59E-05 | |
| ETHANE | 0.0957 | 0.0957 | 0.0026 | |
| PROPANE | 0.0316 | 0.0316 | 0.0033 | |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0487 | 0.0487 | 0.0135 | |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0932 | 0.0932 | 0.0400 | |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0456 | 0.0456 | 0.0529 | |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0304 | 0.0304 | 0.0476 | |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 1.58E-04 | 1.58E-04 | 4.79E-04 | |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0121 | 0.0121 | 0.0720 | |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0041 | 0.0041 | 0.0946 | |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 1.60E-04 | 1.60E-04 | 0.0031 | |
| BENZENE | 0.0017 | 0.0017 | 0.0118 | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0045 | 0.0045 | 0.0423 | |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.0061 | 0.0061 | 0.1207 | |
| TOLUENE | 1.66E-04 | 1.66E-04 | 0.0045 | |
| n-OCTANE | 0.0015 | 0.0015 | 0.1011 | |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 6.13E-05 | 6.13E-05 | 0.0049 | |
| m-XYLENE | 2.24E-04 | 2.24E-04 | 0.0233 | |
| o-XYLENE | 7.81E-05 | 7.81E-05 | 0.0105 | |
| n-NONANE | 2.62E-04 | 2.62E-04 | 0.0569 | |
| n-DECANE | 3.70E-06 | 3.70E-06 | 0.0026 | |
| n-UNDECANE | 3.58E-05 | 3.58E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| n-DODECANE | 1.10E-05 | 1.10E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| WATER | 0.0191 | 0.0191 | 0.1035 | |

Storage Tank PTE Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: T3

Description: Produced Water Tank

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Throughput

70 bbl/turnover

12 turnover/yr

840 bbl/yr

Tank capacity

Turnovers per year

Annual liquid throughput

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

bbl/turnover x turnover/yr

Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Factor, lb/bbl | Uncontrolled, Emission Rate, tpy |
|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| VOC | 0.262 | 1.10E-01 |
| Benzene | 0.007 | 2.94E-03 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0007 | 2.94E-04 |
| n-Hexane | 0.022 | 9.24E-03 |
| Toluene | 0.009 | 3.78E-03 |
| Xylene | 0.006 | 2.52E-03 |

VOC, Benzene, and n-Hexane emission factors are taken from the CDPHE PS Memo 09-02

(Oil & Gas Produced Water Tank Batteries - Regulatory Definitions & Permitting Guidance)

Ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylene emissions factors (Non-Texas) are taken from the TCEQ

Project 2010-29 (Emission Factor Determination for Produced Water Storage Tanks) report

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = lb/bbl x bbl/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

PS Memo 09-02

To: Stationary Sources Program, Local Agencies, and Regulated Community
From: Chris Laplante and Roland C. Hea, Colorado Air Pollution Control Division
Date: February 8, 2010
Subject: Oil & Gas Produced Water Tank Batteries
Regulatory Definitions and Permitting Guidance

This guidance document is intended to answer frequently asked questions concerning oil and gas industry produced water tank batteries. This document does not address any other equipment types that may be part of a common facility with a tank battery. Nothing in this guidance should be construed regarding Air Pollution Control Division (Division) permitting of evaporation ponds or water treatment facilities. Please consult with the Division for information regarding the permitting of evaporation ponds or water treatment facilities.

Revision History

| | |
|------------------|---|
| October 1, 2009 | Initial issuance. |
| February 8, 2010 | First revision. This guidance document replaces the October 1, 2009 version. Revised language to clarify APEN fee structure, definition of modification, APEN submittals, and produced water exemption. |

| Topic | Page |
|--|------|
| 1. DEFINITIONS..... | 2 |
| 2. AIR POLLUTANT EMISSION NOTICE Q&A..... | 4 |
| 3. EMISSION FACTORS AND SITE SPECIFIC SAMPLING Q&A | 7 |
| 4. EMISSION CALCULATIONS Q&A | 8 |
| 5. CONSTRUCTION PERMIT Q&A | 9 |
| 6. OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY PRODUCED WATER TANK GP Q & A | 10 |
| 7. HOUSE BILL 07-1341 | 12 |

Document source:

https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/sites/default/files/AP_Memo-09-02-Oil-_-Gas-Produced-Water-Tank-Batteries-Regulatory-Definitions-and-Permitting-Guidance.pdf

3. EMISSION FACTORS AND SITE SPECIFIC SAMPLING Q&A

3.1. *What are the State approved default emission factors for produced water tanks?*

| County | Produced Water Tank Default Emission Factors ¹ (lb/bbl) ² | | |
|---|---|---------|----------|
| | VOC | Benzene | n-Hexane |
| Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, Larimer, & Weld | 0.262 | 0.007 | 0.022 |
| Garfield, Mesa, Rio Blanco, & Moffat | 0.178 | 0.004 | 0.010 |
| Remainder of Colorado ³ | 0.262 | 0.007 | 0.022 |

¹ Testing may be performed at any site to determine site-specific emissions factors. These default emission factors may be revised by the Division in the future, pending approved data and testing results.

² Units of lb/bbl means pounds of emissions per barrel of produced water throughput

³ For counties not listed in this table, use the emissions factors listed as a conservative measure or perform testing to determine a site-specific emission factor

3.2. *What type of emissions are included in the produced water tank state default emission factors?*

State default emission factors for produced water tanks include flash, working, and breathing losses.

3.3. *Are there limits as to when produced water tank state default emission factors may be used?*

State default emission factors may be used at all oil and gas industry tank batteries. The Division intends to work with industry to refine emission factors and may develop separate emission factors for E&P and non-E&P sites.

3.4. *When are site-specific emission factors required for tank batteries?*

Site-specific emission factors may be developed and used on a voluntary basis for any tank battery. The Division reserves the authority to require site-specific emission factors at any time. Site-specific emission factors may only be applied at the tank battery for which they were developed, unless otherwise approved by the Division.

3.5. *How is a site-specific emission factor developed?*

A site-specific emission factor for tank batteries is developed by performing a Division approved stack test. A test protocol must be submitted and approved by the Division prior to performing the test. Once a test protocol has been approved by the Division, subsequent testing may be performed following the approved protocol without submittal to the Division.

The Division must be notified of the site specific testing at least 30-days prior to the actual test date.



Emission Factor
Determination for Produced
Water Storage Tanks

TCEQ Project 2010-29

Prepared for:
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
Austin, Texas

Prepared by:
ENVIRON International Corporation
Novato, California

Date:
August 2010

ENVIRON Project Number:
06-17477T

Document source:

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Executive Summary

The overall purpose of this Study is to evaluate volatile organic compounds (VOC), speciated VOC and hazardous air pollutant (HAP) emissions from produced water and/or saltwater storage tanks servicing oil and gas wells and to develop appropriate VOC and HAP emission factors. The emission factors are to be used for emission inventory development purposes.

The primary source of information for this study was testing conducted by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) under Work Order 522-7-84005-FY10-25, *Upstream Oil & Gas Tank Measurements*, TCEQ Project 2010-39. As part of this referenced testing project, pressurized produced water samples were taken at seven different tank batteries located in Johnson, Wise and Tarrant Counties, Texas (all part of the Eastern Barnett Shale region) and analyzed for flash gas volume and composition. The sample collection and analysis conducted as part of TCEQ Project 2010-39 was done according to strict sampling and quality assurance procedures. In addition to TCEQ Project 2010-39 data, a thorough review of publically-available information sources identified a limited amount of data on produced water emissions. This was supplemented by data provided by two natural gas producers and one petroleum engineering services company. Other than TCEQ Project 2010-39 data, however, it could not be confirmed that any of the data had undergone a rigorous quality assurance process and therefore is considered secondary data, used to support conclusions drawn using the primary data but not used directly in deriving the produced water emission factors.

Emissions from produced water storage tanks consist of flash emissions, working losses and breathing losses. Flash emissions are determined using flash gas analysis. Working and breathing losses are estimated using EPA TANKS 4.09d software. Using this approach and the assumptions detailed within this report, it is determined that working and breathing losses associated with primary data source sites are very small compared to flash emissions and can be ignored without affecting the overall emission factor determination.

Table ES-1 presents the recommended emission factors for VOC and four HAPs – benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes – derived from the primary data source sites. For comparative purposes, average emissions from Texas and non-Texas secondary sites are also presented in Table ES-1.

Table ES-1. Recommended Emission Factors and Comparative Data

| Pollutant | Average Produced Water Emission Factor by Data Set (lb/bbl) | | |
|--------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Recommended Emission Factor | Secondary Data – Texas | Secondary Data – Non-Texas |
| VOC | 0.01 | 0.012 | 0.18 |
| Benzene | 0.0001 | 0.0012 | 0.004 |
| Toluene | 0.0003 | 0.0012 | 0.009 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.000006 | 0.0001 | 0.0007 |
| Xylenes | 0.00006 | 0.0003 | 0.006 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Horizontal Tank |
| Description: | 500 Gallon Methanol Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Shell Length (ft): | 6.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 4.00 |
| Volume (gallons): | 500.00 |
| Turnovers: | 12.00 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 6,000.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |
| Is Tank Underground (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|-------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Methyl alcohol | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 1.8115 | 1.1881 | 2.6951 | 32.0400 | | | 32.04 | Option 2: A=7.897, B=1474.08, C=229.13 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|---|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 36.5024 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 48.0243 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0103 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2419 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.8389 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 48.0243 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 4.0000 |
| Effective Diameter (ft): | 5.5293 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 2.0000 |
| Tank Shell Length (ft): | 6.0000 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0103 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 32.0400 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R | |
| (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation | |
| Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2419 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.5070 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.1881 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6951 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.8389 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid: | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 2.0000 |
| Working Losses (lb): | |
| Working Losses (lb): | 8.2917 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 32.0400 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 6,000.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 12.0000 |
| Turnover Factor: | 1.0000 |

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 4.0000 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| | |
| Total Losses (lb): | 44.7941 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Methyl alcohol | 8.29 | 36.50 | 44.79 |

Green House Gas Emissions Data and Calculations

| Sources | Facility Total Emissions | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| | CO ₂ , tpy | CH ₄ , tpy | N ₂ O, tpy | GHG, tpy | CO ₂ e, tpy |
| Engine & Turbine Exhaust | 11,586.25 | 2.19E-01 | 2.20E-02 | 11,586.49 | 11598.29 |
| SSM Blowdowns | 1.23 | 40.98 | -- | 42.21 | 1025.65 |
| Reciprocating Compressor Venting | 1.54 | 51.19 | -- | 52.73 | 1281.27 |
| Centrifugal Compressor Venting | 4.01 | 133.35 | -- | 137.36 | 3337.80 |
| Equipment Leaks | 2.15E-01 | 7.15 | -- | 7.36 | 178.95 |
| Separators & Storage Tanks (Flash Emissions) | 7.79E-02 | 13.58 | -- | 13.65 | 339.48 |
| Total | 11,593.32 | 246.46 | 2.20E-02 | 11,839.81 | 17,761.44 |

Engine & Turbine Exhaust Emissions

| Unit Numbers | Description | Emission Factors | | | Emission Rates | | |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | CO ₂ , kg/MMBtu | CH ₄ , kg/MMBtu | N ₂ O, kg/MMBtu | CO ₂ , tpy | CH ₄ , tpy | N ₂ O, tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 53.06 | 1.00E-03 | 1.00E-04 | 5,544.61 | 1.04E-01 | 1.04E-02 |
| 2 | Waukesha L7042GL | 53.06 | 1.00E-03 | 1.00E-04 | 6,010.45 | 1.13E-01 | 1.13E-02 |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | 73.96 | 3.00E-03 | 6.00E-04 | 31.19 | 1.27E-03 | 2.53E-04 |
| | Total | | | | 11,586.25 | 2.19E-01 | 2.20E-02 |

The emissions factors are taken from 40 CFR 98, Subpart C, Tables C-1 & C-2

Emission Rates (tpy) = kg/MMBtu x 2.2 lb/kg x MMBtu/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

| Unit Numbers | Description | Fuel Types | Operating Times, hr/yr | LHV Design Heat Rates, MMBtu/hr | HHV | |
|--------------|--------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | Design Heat Rates, MMBtu/hr | Fuel Usages, MMBtu/yr |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | Nat. Gas | 8,760 | 9.76 | 10.84 | 94,997 |
| 2 | Waukesha L7042GL | Nat. Gas | 8,760 | 10.58 | 11.76 | 102,979 |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | Diesel | 500 | 0.69 | 0.77 | 383 |

The fuel types and operating times are provided by Harvest

The LHV design heat rates are taken from manufacturers data

HHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) = LHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) / 0.9 LHV/HHV

HHV Fuel Usages (MMBtu/yr) = HHV Design Heat Rates (MMBtu/hr) x hr/yr

SSM Blowdown Emissions

| Unit Numbers | Description | Total Gas Losses, scf/yr | CO ₂ Emission Factors, lb/scf | CH ₄ Emission Factors, lb/scf | Emission Rates | |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | CO ₂ , tpy | CH ₄ , tpy |
| SSM | SSM Blowdowns | 2,462,200 | 0.0010 | 0.0333 | 1.23 | 40.98 |

The annual blowdown volumes are calculated from data provided by Harvest

The CO₂ and CH₄ emission factors are calculated from the facility extended gas analysis

Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Green House Gas Emissions Data and Calculations

Reciprocating Compressor Venting Emissions

| Unit Numbers | Description | Emission Rates | |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | CO ₂ , tpy | CH ₄ , tpy |
| NA | Blowdown Valve Leakage | 0.15 | 4.89 |
| NA | Rod Packing Emissions | 1.39 | 46.30 |
| NA | Isolation Valve Leakage | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 1.54 | 51.19 |

Operating or standby mode - includes blowdown valve leakage through blowdown vent stack

Operating mode - includes rod packing emissions

Non-operating depressurized mode - includes isolation valve leakage through open blowdown vents (without blind flanges)

Rod packing gas emissions assume 4 cylinders per compressor

A combination of equations W-26 & W-36 (Subpart W) is used to calculate reciprocating compressor emissions

As the NMED requires CO₂ & CH₄ emissions rather than CO_{2e} emissions, it is not necessary to include the global warming potential from equation W-36

CO₂ Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CO₂ Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CO₂ Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

CH₄ Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CH₄ Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CH₄ Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

| Unit Numbers | Description | Number of Compressors # | Gas Emissions, scf/hr | Operating Times, hr/yr | CO ₂ Mole Percents, % | CH ₄ Mole Percents, % | CO ₂ Density, kg/scf | CH ₄ Density, kg/scf |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NA | Blowdown Valve Leakage | 1 | 33.5 | 8,760 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Rod Packing Emissions | 1 | 317.2 | 8,760 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Isolation Valve Leakage | 1 | 10.5 | 0 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |

The number of compressors is provided by Harvest

Blowdown valve leakage (33.5 scf/hr) and rod packing emissions occur in operating mode

Blowdown valve leakage (10.5 scf/hr) occurs in standby pressurized mode

Emission factors are the three year rolling average (2012-2014) of all measurements in the Williams Field Services, LLC compressor fleet located at natural gas processing plants

The operating times (the average operating times for all station compressors combined) are provided by Harvest

The facility CO₂ and CH₄ contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The CO₂ & CH₄ densities (kg/scf) are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(v)

Centrifugal Compressor Venting Emissions

| Unit Numbers | Description | Emission Rates | |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | CO ₂ , tpy | CH ₄ , tpy |
| NA | Blowdown Valve Leakage | 0.73 | 24.43 |
| NA | Oil Degassing Vents | 3.27 | 108.92 |
| NA | Isolation Valve Leakage | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 4.01 | 133.35 |

Operating mode - includes blowdown valve leakage (wet and dry seal) and the oil degassing vents (wet seal)

Non-operating depressurized mode - includes isolation valve leakage (wet & dry seal) through open blowdown vents (without blind flanges)

A combination of equations W-22 & W-36 (Subpart W) is used to calculate centrifugal compressor emissions

As the NMED requires CO₂ & CH₄ emissions rather than CO_{2e} emissions, it is not necessary to include the global warming potential from equation W-36

CO₂ Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CO₂ Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CO₂ Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

CH₄ Emission Rates (tpy) = # x scf/hr x hr/yr x (CH₄ Mole Percent (%) / 100) x CH₄ Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

Green House Gas Emissions Data and Calculations

| Unit Numbers | Description | Number of Compressors # | Gas Emissions, scf/hr | Operating Times, hr/yr | CO2 Mole Percents, % | CH4 Mole Percents, % | CO2 Density, kg/scf | CH4 Density, kg/scf |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| NA | Blowdown Valve Leakage | 1 | 167.4 | 8,760 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Oil Degassing Vents | 1 | 746.2 | 8,760 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Isolation Valve Leakage | 1 | 10.8 | 0 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |

The number of compressors is provided by Harvest

Emission factors are the three year rolling average (2012-2014) of all measurements in the Williams Field Services, LLC compressor fleet located at natural gas processing plants

The operating times (the average operating times for all station compressors combined) are provided by Harvest

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The CO2 & CH4 densities (kg/scf) are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(v)

Equipment Leaks Emissions

| Unit Numbers | Description | Emission Rates | |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| | | CO2, tpy | CH4, tpy |
| NA | Valves | 0.2 | 5.6 |
| NA | Connectors | 0.0 | 0.7 |
| NA | Open-Ended Lines | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| NA | Pressure Relief Valves | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| | Total | 0.2 | 7.1 |

A combination of equations W-31 & W-36 (Subpart W) is used to calculate uncombusted CO2 & CH4 emissions

As the NMED requires CO2 & CH4 emissions rather than CO2e emissions, it is not necessary to include the global warming potential from equation W-36

CO2 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/component x (CO2 Content (mole %) / 100) x hr/yr x CO2 Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

CH4 Emission Rate (tpy) = # x scf/hr/component x (CH4 Content (mole %) / 100) x hr/yr x CH4 Density (kg/scf)
x (2,204.6 lb/tonne / 2,000 lb/ton) / 1,000 kg/tonne

| Unit Numbers | Description | Number of Components, # | Emission Factors, scf/hr /component | CO2 Contents, mole % | CH4 Contents, mole % | Operating Times, hr/yr | CO2 Density, kg/scf | CH4 Density, kg/scf |
|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| NA | Valves | 315 | 0.121 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 8,760 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Connectors | 263 | 0.017 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 8,760 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Open-Ended Lines | 88 | 0.031 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 8,760 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |
| NA | Pressure Relief Valves | 19 | 0.193 | 0.86 | 78.73 | 8,760 | 0.0526 | 0.0192 |

The number of sources are calculated based on the number of compressors and dehydrators at the station (see criteria pollutant and HAP equipment leaks calculations)

The emission factors are taken from Subpart W, Table W-1A (Western U.S. - Gas Service)

The facility CO2 and CH4 contents are taken from the facility extended gas analysis

The operating times are provided by Harvest (default is the entire year)

The CO2 & CH4 densities are taken from Subpart W, Paragraph 98.233(v)

Separators & Storage Tanks (Flash Emissions)

| Unit Number | Description | Emission Rates | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|
| | | CO2, tpy | CH4, tpy |
| T1 | Condensate Tank | 7.79E-02 | 13.58 |
| T2 | Condensate Tank | -- | -- |
| | Total | 7.79E-02 | 13.58 |

Emission rates calculated from VMGSym results

Green House Gas Emissions Data and Calculations

Gas Stream Composition

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent of Total, % | Emission Factors, lb/scf |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Carbon Dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.01 | 0.38 | 1.7805 | 0.0010 |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.07 | 0.00 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.01 | 0.12 | 0.5857 | 0.0003 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.04 | 12.63 | 59.1848 | 0.0333 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.07 | 3.24 | 15.2064 | 0.0086 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.09 | 2.24 | 10.4835 | 0.0059 |
| IsoButane | 0.8940 | 58.12 | 0.52 | 2.4352 | 0.0014 |
| Normal Butane | 1.5609 | 58.12 | 0.91 | 4.2518 | 0.0024 |
| IsoPentane | 0.5577 | 72.15 | 0.40 | 1.8858 | 0.0011 |
| Normal Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.15 | 0.31 | 1.4534 | 0.0008 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.14 | 0.01 | 0.0621 | 0.0000 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.17 | 0.11 | 0.5246 | 0.0003 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.16 | 0.03 | 0.1534 | 0.0001 |
| Other Hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.18 | 0.25 | 1.1600 | 0.0007 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.20 | 0.07 | 0.3381 | 0.0002 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.19 | 0.05 | 0.2559 | 0.0001 |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | 0.0028 | 100.21 | 0.00 | 0.0132 | 0.0000 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.11 | 0.01 | 0.0450 | 0.0000 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.14 | 0.02 | 0.0713 | 0.0000 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.17 | 0.00 | 0.0010 | 0.0000 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.17 | 0.00 | 0.0119 | 0.0000 |
| C8+ heavies | 0.0187 | 110.00 | 0.02 | 0.0964 | 0.0001 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | 21.34 | 100.0000 | 0.0562 |
| VOC | | | 4.96 | -- | 0.0131 |

Gas stream composition obtained from Los Mestenos extended gas analysis dated 05/06/2021

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = [Mole Percents (%) / 100] x Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of Total (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = [Mole Percents (%) / 100] x Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole) / 379.4 scf/lb-mole

Table A-1 to Subpart A of Part 98—Global Warming Potentials

GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIALS

[100-Year Time Horizon]

| Name | CAS No. | Chemical formula | Global warming potential (100 yr.) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 124-38-9 | CO ₂ | 1 |
| Methane | 74-82-8 | CH ₄ | ^a 25 |
| Nitrous oxide | 10024-97-2 | N ₂ O | ^a 298 |
| HFC-23 | 75-46-7 | CHF ₃ | ^a 14,800 |
| HFC-32 | 75-10-5 | CH ₂ F ₂ | ^a 675 |
| HFC-41 | 593-53-3 | CH ₃ F | ^a 92 |
| HFC-125 | 354-33-6 | C ₂ HF ₅ | ^a 3,500 |
| HFC-134 | 359-35-3 | C ₂ H ₂ F ₄ | ^a 1,100 |
| HFC-134a | 811-97-2 | CH ₂ FCF ₃ | ^a 1,430 |
| HFC-143 | 430-66-0 | C ₂ H ₃ F ₃ | ^a 353 |
| HFC-143a | 420-46-2 | C ₂ H ₃ F ₃ | ^a 4,470 |
| HFC-152 | 624-72-6 | CH ₂ FCH ₂ F | 53 |
| HFC-152a | 75-37-6 | CH ₃ CHF ₂ | ^a 124 |
| HFC-161 | 353-36-6 | CH ₃ CH ₂ F | 12 |
| HFC-227ea | 431-89-0 | C ₃ HF ₇ | ^a 3,220 |
| HFC-236cb | 677-56-5 | CH ₂ FCF ₂ CF ₃ | 1,340 |
| HFC-236ea | 431-63-0 | CHF ₂ CHFCF ₃ | 1,370 |
| HFC-236fa | 690-39-1 | C ₃ H ₂ F ₆ | ^a 9,810 |
| HFC-245ca | 679-86-7 | C ₃ H ₃ F ₅ | ^a 693 |
| HFC-245fa | 460-73-1 | CHF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃ | 1,030 |
| HFC-365mfc | 406-58-6 | CH ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ CF ₃ | 794 |
| HFC-43-10mee | 138495-42-8 | CF ₃ CFHCFHCF ₂ CF ₃ | ^a 1,640 |
| Sulfur hexafluoride | 2551-62-4 | SF ₆ | ^a 22,800 |
| Trifluoromethyl sulphur pentafluoride | 373-80-8 | SF ₅ CF ₃ | 17,700 |
| Nitrogen trifluoride | 7783-54-2 | NF ₃ | 17,200 |
| PFC-14 (Perfluoromethane) | 75-73-0 | CF ₄ | ^a 7,390 |
| PFC-116 (Perfluoroethane) | 76-16-4 | C ₂ F ₆ | ^a 12,200 |
| PFC-218 (Perfluoropropane) | 76-19-7 | C ₃ F ₈ | ^a 8,830 |
| Perfluorocyclopropane | 931-91-9 | C-C ₃ F ₆ | 17,340 |
| PFC-3-1-10 (Perfluorobutane) | 355-25-9 | C ₄ F ₁₀ | ^a 8,860 |
| PFC-318 (Perfluorocyclobutane) | 115-25-3 | C-C ₄ F ₈ | ^a 10,300 |
| PFC-4-1-12 (Perfluoropentane) | 678-26-2 | C ₅ F ₁₂ | ^a 9,160 |
| PFC-5-1-14 (Perfluorohexane, FC-72) | 355-42-0 | C ₆ F ₁₄ | ^a 9,300 |
| PFC-9-1-18 | 306-94-5 | C ₁₀ F ₁₈ | 7,500 |
| HCFE-235da2 (Isoflurane) | 26675-46-7 | CHF ₂ OCHClCF ₃ | 350 |
| HFE-43-10pccc (H-Galden 1040x, HG-11) | E1730133 | CHF ₂ OCF ₂ OC ₂ F ₄ OCHF ₂ | 1,870 |

| | | | |
|---|-------------|--|--------|
| HFE-125 | 3822-68-2 | CHF ₂ OCF ₃ | 14,900 |
| HFE-134 (HG-00) | 1691-17-4 | CHF ₂ OCHF ₂ | 6,320 |
| HFE-143a | 421-14-7 | CH ₃ OCF ₃ | 756 |
| HFE-227ea | 2356-62-9 | CF ₃ CHFOCF ₃ | 1,540 |
| HFE-236ca12 (HG-10) | 78522-47-1 | CHF ₂ OCF ₂ OCHF ₂ | 2,800 |
| HFE-236ea2 (Desflurane) | 57041-67-5 | CHF ₂ OCHF ₂ CF ₃ | 989 |
| HFE-236fa | 20193-67-3 | CF ₃ CH ₂ OCF ₃ | 487 |
| HFE-245cb2 | 22410-44-2 | CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₃ | 708 |
| HFE-245fa1 | 84011-15-4 | CHF ₂ CH ₂ OCF ₃ | 286 |
| HFE-245fa2 | 1885-48-9 | CHF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃ | 659 |
| HFE-254cb2 | 425-88-7 | CH ₃ OCF ₂ CHF ₂ | 359 |
| HFE-263fb2 | 460-43-5 | CF ₃ CH ₂ OCH ₃ | 11 |
| HFE-329mcc2 | 134769-21-4 | CF ₃ CF ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂ | 919 |
| HFE-338mcf2 | 156053-88-2 | CF ₃ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃ | 552 |
| HFE-338pcc13 (HG-01) | 188690-78-0 | CHF ₂ OCF ₂ CF ₂ OCHF ₂ | 1,500 |
| HFE-347mcc3 (HFE-7000) | 375-03-1 | CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₂ CF ₃ | 575 |
| HFE-347mcf2 | 171182-95-9 | CF ₃ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CHF ₂ | 374 |
| HFE-347pcf2 | 406-78-0 | CHF ₂ CF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₃ | 580 |
| HFE-356mec3 | 382-34-3 | CH ₃ OCF ₂ CHF ₂ CF ₃ | 101 |
| HFE-356pcc3 | 160620-20-2 | CH ₃ OCF ₂ CF ₂ CHF ₂ | 110 |
| HFE-356pcf2 | 50807-77-7 | CHF ₂ CH ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂ | 265 |
| HFE-356pcf3 | 35042-99-0 | CHF ₂ OCH ₂ CF ₂ CHF ₂ | 502 |
| HFE-365mcf3 | 378-16-5 | CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ OCH ₃ | 11 |
| HFE-374pc2 | 512-51-6 | CH ₃ CH ₂ OCF ₂ CHF ₂ | 557 |
| HFE-449s1 (HFE-7100) | 163702-07-6 | C ₄ F ₉ OCH ₃ | 297 |
| Chemical blend | 163702-08-7 | (CF ₃) ₂ CFCF ₂ OCH ₃ | |
| HFE-569sf2 (HFE-7200) | 163702-05-4 | C ₄ F ₉ OC ₂ H ₅ | 59 |
| Chemical blend | 163702-06-5 | (CF ₃) ₂ CFCF ₂ OC ₂ H ₅ | |
| Sevoflurane (HFE-347mmz1) | 28523-86-6 | CH ₂ FOCH(CF ₃) ₂ | 345 |
| HFE-356mm1 | 13171-18-1 | (CF ₃) ₂ CHOCH ₃ | 27 |
| HFE-338mmz1 | 26103-08-2 | CHF ₂ OCH(CF ₃) ₂ | 380 |
| (Octafluorotetramethyl-ene) hydroxymethyl group | NA | X-(CF ₂) ₄ CH(OH)-X | 73 |
| HFE-347mmy1 | 22052-84-2 | CH ₃ OCF(CF ₃) ₂ | 343 |
| Bis(trifluoromethyl)-methanol | 920-66-1 | (CF ₃) ₂ CHOH | 195 |
| 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropanol | 422-05-9 | CF ₃ CF ₂ CH ₂ OH | 42 |
| PPFMIE (HT-70) | NA | CF ₃ OCF(CF ₃)CF ₂ OCF ₂ OCF ₃ | 10,300 |

^aThe GWP for this compound is different than the GWP in the version of Table A-1 to subpart A of part 98 published on October 30, 2009.

Table C-1 to Subpart C of Part 98—Default CO₂ Emission Factors and High Heat Values for Various Types of Fuel

DEFAULT CO₂ EMISSION FACTORS AND HIGH HEAT VALUES FOR VARIOUS TYPES OF FUEL

| Fuel type | Default high heat value | Default CO₂ emission factor |
|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Coal and coke | mmBtu/short ton | kg CO₂/mmBtu |
| Anthracite | 25.09 | 103.69 |
| Bituminous | 24.93 | 93.28 |
| Subbituminous | 17.25 | 97.17 |
| Lignite | 14.21 | 97.72 |
| Coal Coke | 24.80 | 113.67 |
| Mixed (Commercial sector) | 21.39 | 94.27 |
| Mixed (Industrial coking) | 26.28 | 93.90 |
| Mixed (Industrial sector) | 22.35 | 94.67 |
| Mixed (Electric Power sector) | 19.73 | 95.52 |
| Natural gas | mmBtu/scf | kg CO₂/mmBtu |
| (Weighted U.S. Average) | 1.026×10^{-3} | 53.06 |
| Petroleum products | mmBtu/gallon | kg CO₂/mmBtu |
| Distillate Fuel Oil No. 1 | 0.139 | 73.25 |
| Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2 | 0.138 | 73.96 |
| Distillate Fuel Oil No. 4 | 0.146 | 75.04 |
| Residual Fuel Oil No. 5 | 0.140 | 72.93 |
| Residual Fuel Oil No. 6 | 0.150 | 75.10 |
| Used Oil | 0.138 | 74.00 |
| Kerosene | 0.135 | 75.20 |
| Liquefied petroleum gases (LPG) ¹ | 0.092 | 61.71 |
| Propane ¹ | 0.091 | 62.87 |
| Propylene ² | 0.091 | 67.77 |
| Ethane ¹ | 0.068 | 59.60 |
| Ethanol | 0.084 | 68.44 |
| Ethylene ² | 0.058 | 65.96 |
| Isobutane ¹ | 0.099 | 64.94 |
| Isobutylene ¹ | 0.103 | 68.86 |
| Butane ¹ | 0.103 | 64.77 |
| Butylene ¹ | 0.105 | 68.72 |
| Naphtha (<401 deg F) | 0.125 | 68.02 |
| Natural Gasoline | 0.110 | 66.88 |
| Other Oil (>401 deg F) | 0.139 | 76.22 |
| Pentanes Plus | 0.110 | 70.02 |

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Petrochemical Feedstocks | 0.125 | 71.02 |
| Petroleum Coke | 0.143 | 102.41 |
| Special Naphtha | 0.125 | 72.34 |
| Unfinished Oils | 0.139 | 74.54 |
| Heavy Gas Oils | 0.148 | 74.92 |
| Lubricants | 0.144 | 74.27 |
| Motor Gasoline | 0.125 | 70.22 |
| Aviation Gasoline | 0.120 | 69.25 |
| Kerosene-Type Jet Fuel | 0.135 | 72.22 |
| Asphalt and Road Oil | 0.158 | 75.36 |
| Crude Oil | 0.138 | 74.54 |
| Other fuels—solid | mmBtu/short ton | kg CO ₂ /mmBtu |
| Municipal Solid Waste | 9.95 ³ | 90.7 |
| Tires | 28.00 | 85.97 |
| Plastics | 38.00 | 75.00 |
| Petroleum Coke | 30.00 | 102.41 |
| Other fuels—gaseous | mmBtu/scf | kg CO ₂ /mmBtu |
| Blast Furnace Gas | 0.092 × 10 ⁻³ | 274.32 |
| Coke Oven Gas | 0.599 × 10 ⁻³ | 46.85 |
| Propane Gas | 2.516 × 10 ⁻³ | 61.46 |
| Fuel Gas ⁴ | 1.388 × 10 ⁻³ | 59.00 |
| Biomass fuels—solid | mmBtu/short ton | kg CO ₂ /mmBtu |
| Wood and Wood Residuals (dry basis) ⁵ | 17.48 | 93.80 |
| Agricultural Byproducts | 8.25 | 118.17 |
| Peat | 8.00 | 111.84 |
| Solid Byproducts | 10.39 | 105.51 |
| Biomass fuels—gaseous | mmBtu/scf | kg CO ₂ /mmBtu |
| Landfill Gas | 0.485 × 10 ⁻³ | 52.07 |
| Other Biomass Gases | 0.655 × 10 ⁻³ | 52.07 |
| Biomass Fuels—Liquid | mmBtu/gallon | kg CO ₂ /mmBtu |
| Ethanol | 0.084 | 68.44 |
| Biodiesel (100%) | 0.128 | 73.84 |
| Rendered Animal Fat | 0.125 | 71.06 |
| Vegetable Oil | 0.120 | 81.55 |

¹The HHV for components of LPG determined at 60 °F and saturation pressure with the exception of ethylene.

²Ethylene HHV determined at 41 °F (5 °C) and saturation pressure.

³Use of this default HHV is allowed only for: (a) Units that combust MSW, do not generate steam, and are allowed to use Tier 1; (b) units that derive no more than 10 percent of their annual heat input from MSW and/or tires; and (c) small batch incinerators that combust no more than 1,000 tons of MSW per year.

⁴Reporters subject to subpart X of this part that are complying with §98.243(d) or subpart Y of this part may only use the default HHV and the default CO₂ emission factor for fuel gas combustion under the conditions prescribed in §98.243(d)(2)(i) and (d)(2)(ii) and §98.252(a)(1) and (a)(2), respectively. Otherwise, reporters subject to subpart X or subpart Y shall use either Tier 3 (Equation C-5) or Tier 4.

⁵Use the following formula to calculate a wet basis HHV for use in Equation C-1: $HHV_w = ((100 - M)/100) * HHV_d$ where HHV_w = wet basis HHV, M = moisture content (percent) and HHV_d = dry basis HHV from Table C-1.

[78 FR 71950, Nov. 29, 2013]

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Table C-2 to Subpart C of Part 98—Default CH₄ and N₂O Emission Factors for Various Types of Fuel

| Fuel type | Default CH ₄ emission factor (kg CH ₄ /mmBtu) | Default N ₂ O emission factor (kg N ₂ O/mmBtu) |
|---|---|--|
| Coal and Coke (All fuel types in Table C-1) | 1.1×10^{-02} | 1.6×10^{-03} |
| Natural Gas | 1.0×10^{-03} | 1.0×10^{-04} |
| Petroleum (All fuel types in Table C-1) | 3.0×10^{-03} | 6.0×10^{-04} |
| Fuel Gas | 3.0×10^{-03} | 6.0×10^{-04} |
| Municipal Solid Waste | 3.2×10^{-02} | 4.2×10^{-03} |
| Tires | 3.2×10^{-02} | 4.2×10^{-03} |
| Blast Furnace Gas | 2.2×10^{-05} | 1.0×10^{-04} |
| Coke Oven Gas | 4.8×10^{-04} | 1.0×10^{-04} |
| Biomass Fuels—Solid (All fuel types in Table C-1, except wood and wood residuals) | 3.2×10^{-02} | 4.2×10^{-03} |
| Wood and wood residuals | 7.2×10^{-03} | 3.6×10^{-03} |
| Biomass Fuels—Gaseous (All fuel types in Table C-1) | 3.2×10^{-03} | 6.3×10^{-04} |
| Biomass Fuels—Liquid (All fuel types in Table C-1) | 1.1×10^{-03} | 1.1×10^{-04} |

Note: Those employing this table are assumed to fall under the IPCC definitions of the “Energy Industry” or “Manufacturing Industries and Construction”. In all fuels except for coal the values for these two categories are identical. For coal combustion, those who fall within the IPCC “Energy Industry” category may employ a value of 1g of CH₄/mmBtu.

Table W-1A of Subpart W of Part 98—Default Whole Gas Emission Factors for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production

| Onshore petroleum and natural gas production | Emission factor (scf/hour/component) |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Eastern U.S. | |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Gas Service¹ | |
| Valve | 0.027 |
| Connector | 0.003 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.061 |
| Pressure Relief Valve | 0.040 |
| Low Continuous Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 1.39 |
| High Continuous Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 37.3 |
| Intermittent Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 13.5 |
| Pneumatic Pumps ³ | 13.3 |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Light Crude Service⁴ | |
| Valve | 0.05 |
| Flange | 0.003 |
| Connector | 0.007 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.05 |
| Pump | 0.01 |
| Other ⁵ | 0.30 |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Heavy Crude Service⁶ | |
| Valve | 0.0005 |
| Flange | 0.0009 |
| Connector (other) | 0.0003 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.006 |
| Other ⁵ | 0.003 |
| Western U.S. | |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Gas Service¹ | |
| Valve | 0.121 |
| Connector | 0.017 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.031 |
| Pressure Relief Valve | 0.193 |
| Low Continuous Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 1.39 |
| High Continuous Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 37.3 |
| Intermittent Bleed Pneumatic Device Vents ² | 13.5 |
| Pneumatic Pumps ³ | 13.3 |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Light Crude Service⁴ | |
| Valve | 0.05 |
| Flange | 0.003 |

| | |
|--|--------|
| Connector (other) | 0.007 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.05 |
| Pump | 0.01 |
| Other ⁵ | 0.30 |
| Population Emission Factors—All Components, Heavy Crude Service⁶ | |
| Valve | 0.0005 |
| Flange | 0.0009 |
| Connector (other) | 0.0003 |
| Open-ended Line | 0.006 |
| Other ⁵ | 0.003 |

¹For multi-phase flow that includes gas, use the gas service emissions factors.

²Emission Factor is in units of “scf/hour/device.”

³Emission Factor is in units of “scf/hour/pump.”

⁴Hydrocarbon liquids greater than or equal to 20°API are considered “light crude.”

⁵“Others” category includes instruments, loading arms, pressure relief valves, stuffing boxes, compressor seals, dump lever arms, and vents.

⁶Hydrocarbon liquids less than 20°API are considered “heavy crude.”

Facility Total Actual Emissions (Criteria Pollutants)

Company: Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Facility: Los Mestenos Compressor Station

Date: February 2022

| Unit Number | Description | NOX, | | CO, | | VOC, | | SOX, | | TSP, | | PM10, | | PM2.5, | |
|----------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy | pph | tpy |
| 1 | Solar Saturn T1200 | 4.41 | 19.30 | 2.60 | 11.40 | 9.13E-02 | 4.00E-01 | 3.69E-02 | 1.61E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| 2 | Waukesha 7042GL | 4.38 | 19.20 | 7.74 | 33.92 | 2.92 | 12.80 | 5.77E-03 | 2.53E-02 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| 3 | Scania DS11 | 3.04 | 1.85E-01 | 6.56E-01 | 3.99E-02 | 2.48E-01 | 1.51E-02 | 2.00E-01 | 1.22E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 |
| 4 | Fuel Gas Heater | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| 5 | Tank Heater | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| SSM | SSM | - | - | - | - | - | 4.21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| F1 | Leaks | - | - | - | - | 1.10 | 4.81 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| L1 | Truck Loading (Condensate) | - | - | - | - | - | 1.85E-01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| L2 | Truck Loading (Produced H2O) | - | - | - | - | - | 2.16E-04 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T1 | Condensate Tank - 480 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 8.69 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T2 | Condensate Tank - 400 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 1.47 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T3 | Produced H2O Tank - 70 bbl | - | - | - | - | - | 1.72E-02 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T4 | Lube Oil Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T5 | Used Oil Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T6 | Ambitrol Tank - 350 gal | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| T7 | Methanol Tank - 500 gal | - | - | - | - | - | 2.24E-02 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | | 11.90 | 38.98 | 11.06 | 45.61 | 4.36 | 32.63 | 2.43E-01 | 2.01E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 7.78E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 7.78E-01 | 3.89E-01 | 7.78E-01 |

Residual oil #6 was used as an estimate for lubrication oil. As the vapor pressure of residual oil #6 is less than 0.2 psia, emissions from the tank containing lubrication oil are assumed to be insignificant.

Ambitrol is an inhibited ethylene or propylene glycol coolant containing ethylene or propylene glycol, water and less than 5% dipotassium hydrogen phosphate. As the vapor pressures of ethylene glycol and propylene glycol are less than 0.2 psia, emissions from the tank containing Ambitrol are assumed to be insignificant.

Turbine Exhaust Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **1**
 Description: Solar Saturn T1200

Horsepower Calculations

6,715 ft above MSL
1,200 hp
1,136 hp

Elevation
 Nameplate hp
 Site-rated hp

Mfg. data
 Mfg. data

Fuel Consumption

10.84 MMBtu/hr
 12,044 scf/hr
8,760 hr/yr
 94,958 MMBtu/yr
 105.51 MMscf/yr
900 Btu/scf

Hourly fuel consumption
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Annual operating time
 Annual fuel consumption
 Annual fuel consumption
 Field gas heating value

Btu/hp-hr x NMAQB site-rated hp / 1,000,000
 MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/scf
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 MMBtu/hr x hr/yr
 scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000
 Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | pph | tpy |
| NOX | 4.41 | 19.30 |
| CO | 2.60 | 11.40 |
| VOC | 9.13E-02 | 4.00E-01 |

Emissions brought forward from Part 71 TV permit R6NM-04-10-M1

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| SO2 | 3.40E-03 | 3.69E-02 | 1.61E-01 |
| TSP | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| PM10 | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |
| PM2.5 | 6.60E-03 | 7.15E-02 | 3.13E-01 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.1-2a

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Notes :

There were no downtimes in 2021.

Engine Exhaust Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **2**
 Description: Waukesha L7042GL
 Type: Four Stroke Lean Burn (Turbocharged)

Horsepower Calculations

6,715 ft above MSL
1,480 hp
 1,326 hp

Elevation
 Nameplate hp
 Mfg. Site-rated hp

Mfg. data
 Mfg. product bulletin Power Derate,
 S8154-6, April 2001
 (loss of 2% for every 1,000 ft over 1,500 ft)

Engine Specifications

1200 rpm
7040 cu in
 124.28 psi

Engine rpm
 Engine displacement
 BMEP

Mfg. data
 Mfg. data
 $792,000 \times \text{Mfg. Site-rated hp} / (\text{rpm} \times \text{cu in})$

Fuel Consumption

7408 Btu/hp-hr
 9.82 MMBtu/hr
900 Btu/scf
 10,912 scf/hr
8,760 hr/yr
 86,027 MMBtu/yr
 95.59 MMscf/yr

Brake specific fuel consumption
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Field gas heating value
 Hourly fuel consumption
 Annual operating time
 Annual fuel consumption
 Annual fuel consumption

Mfg. data
 $\text{Btu/hp-hr} \times \text{Mfg. site-rated hp} / 1,000,000$
 Nominal heat content
 $\text{MMBtu/hr} \times 1,000,000 / \text{Btu/scf}$
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 $\text{MMBtu/hr} \times \text{hr/yr}$
 $\text{scf/hr} \times \text{hr/yr} / 1,000,000$

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, g/hp-hr | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| NOX | 1.50 | 4.38 | 19.20 |
| CO | 2.65 | 7.74 | 33.92 |
| VOC | 1.00 | 2.92 | 12.80 |

Emission factors taken from Waukesha Bulletin 7005 0107

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = $\text{g/hp-hr} \times \text{hp} / 453.59 \text{ g/lb}$

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = $\text{Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph)} \times \text{hr/yr} / 2,000 \text{ lb/ton}$

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| SO2 | 5.88E-04 | 5.77E-03 | 2.53E-02 |
| TSP | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| PM10 | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |
| PM2.5 | 9.99E-03 | 9.81E-02 | 4.30E-01 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Table 3.2-2

Particulate factors include both filterable and condensable emissions

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = $\text{lb/MMBtu} \times \text{MMBtu/hr}$

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = $\text{Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph)} \times \text{hr/yr} / 2,000 \text{ lb/ton}$

Notes:

Since the engine is new and there are no operating hours for 2021, it is assumed the engine will operate 8,760 hours per year.

Engine Exhaust Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 3

Description: Scania DS11 Diesel Generator (Emergency)

Horsepower

250 hp

Nameplate hp

Mfg. data

The data sheet shows the DS11 has a horsepower rating of 250+. Since the associated alternator is rated at 130 kW, the assumption of a site rating at 250 hp should be conservative.

Fuel Consumption

0.69 MMBtu/hr

138,000 Btu/gal

5.00 gal/hr

121.8 hr/yr

609 gal/yr

84 MMBtu/yr

Hourly fuel consumption

Field gas heating value

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual operating time

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual fuel consumption

Mfg. data

Nominal heat content

MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/gal

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

gal/hr x hr/yr

MMBtu/hr x hr/yr

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMBtu | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | pph | tpy |
| NO ₂ | 4.41 | 3.04 | 1.85E-01 |
| CO | 9.50E-01 | 6.56E-01 | 3.99E-02 |
| VOC | 3.60E-01 | 2.48E-01 | 1.51E-02 |
| SO ₂ | 2.90E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 1.22E-02 |
| TSP | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 |
| PM ₁₀ | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 |
| PM _{2.5} | 3.10E-01 | 2.14E-01 | 1.30E-02 |
| Acetaldehyde | 7.67E-04 | 5.29E-04 | 3.22E-05 |
| Benzene | 9.33E-04 | 6.44E-04 | 3.92E-05 |
| Formaldehyde | 1.18E-03 | 8.14E-04 | 4.96E-05 |
| Naphthalene | 8.48E-05 | 5.85E-05 | 3.56E-06 |
| Toluene | 4.09E-04 | 2.82E-04 | 1.72E-05 |
| Xylene | 2.85E-04 | 1.97E-04 | 1.20E-05 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Tables 3.3-1 & 3.3-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Heater Exhaust Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: 4 & 5

Description: Fuel Gas Heater and Tank Heater

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Fuel Consumption

0.30 MMBtu/hr

333 scf/hr

8,760 hr/yr

2,628 MMBtu/yr

2.92 MMscf/yr

900 Btu/scf

Capacity

Hourly fuel consumption

Annual operating time

Annual fuel consumption

Annual fuel consumption

Field gas heating value

Mfg. data

MMBtu/hr x 1,000,000 / Btu/scf

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

MMBtu/hr x hr/yr

scf/hr x hr/yr / 1,000,000

Nominal heat content

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/MMscf | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, pph tpy | |
|------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| NOX | 100 | 3.33E-02 | 1.46E-01 |
| CO | 84 | 2.80E-02 | 1.23E-01 |
| VOC | 5.5 | 1.83E-03 | 8.03E-03 |
| SO2 | 0.6 | 2.00E-04 | 8.76E-04 |
| TSP | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| PM10 | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| PM2.5 | 7.60 | 2.53E-03 | 1.11E-02 |
| Lead | 5.00E-04 | 1.67E-07 | 7.30E-07 |

Emission factors taken from AP-42, Tables 1.4-1 & 1.4-2

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = lb/MMBtu x MMBtu/hr

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) x hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Notes:

It is conservatively estimated the heaters will each operate 8,760 hours per year.

Turbine & Compressor Blowdown Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **SSM**

Description: Turbine, Compressor & Piping Associated With Station

Throughput

1 # of units
0 events/yr/unit
5,780 scf/event
12,400 scf/event
0 scf/yr

Number of units
 Blowdowns per year per unit
 Gas loss per blowdown (compressor)
 Gas loss per blowdown (turbine)
 Annual gas loss

Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 Harvest Four Corners, LLC
 # of units x events/yr/unit
 x [scf/event (compressor)
 + scf/event (turbine)]

Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/scf | Uncontrolled, Emission Rates, tpy |
|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| VOC | 1.307E-02 | 0.00 |

Emission factors calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Gas Composition

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Emission Factors, lb/scf |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.01 | 1.002E-03 |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.07 | 0.000E+00 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.01 | 3.295E-04 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.04 | 3.329E-02 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.07 | 8.554E-03 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.09 | 5.897E-03 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.12 | 1.370E-03 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.12 | 2.392E-03 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.15 | 1.061E-03 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.15 | 8.176E-04 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.14 | 3.495E-05 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.17 | 2.951E-04 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.16 | 8.631E-05 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.18 | 6.525E-04 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.20 | 1.902E-04 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.19 | 1.439E-04 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 100.21 | 7.398E-06 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.11 | 2.533E-05 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.14 | 4.008E-05 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.17 | 5.598E-07 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.17 | 6.718E-06 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 110.00 | 5.423E-05 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | |
| Total VOC | | | 1.307E-02 |

Gas stream composition obtained from **Los Mestenos** extended gas analysis dated **05/06/2021**

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = (% / 100) x lb/lb-mole / 379.3 scf/lb-mole

Notes:

There were no turbine startups and shutdowns in 2021.

Compressor Blowdown Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **SSM**

Description: RICE Compressor & Piping Associated With Station

Throughput

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 # of units | Number of units | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| 100 events/yr/unit | Blowdowns per year per unit | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| 6,442 scf/event | Gas loss per blowdown | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| 644,200 scf/yr | Annual gas loss | # of units x events/yr/unit x scf/event |

Emission Rates

| Pollutants | Emission Factors, lb/scf | Uncontrolled, Emission Rates, tpy |
|------------|-----------------------------|---|
| VOC | 1.307E-02 | 4.21 |

Emission factors calculated from gas composition (see table below)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = scf/yr x lb/scf / 2,000 lb/ton

Gas Composition

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Emission Factors, lb/scf |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.01 | 1.002E-03 |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.07 | 0.000E+00 |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.01 | 3.295E-04 |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.04 | 3.329E-02 |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.07 | 8.554E-03 |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.09 | 5.897E-03 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.12 | 1.370E-03 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.12 | 2.392E-03 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.15 | 1.061E-03 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.15 | 8.176E-04 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.14 | 3.495E-05 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.17 | 2.951E-04 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.16 | 8.631E-05 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.18 | 6.525E-04 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.20 | 1.902E-04 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.19 | 1.439E-04 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 100.21 | 7.398E-06 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.11 | 2.533E-05 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.14 | 4.008E-05 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.17 | 5.598E-07 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.17 | 6.718E-06 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 110.00 | 5.423E-05 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | |
| Total VOC | | | 1.307E-02 |

Gas stream composition obtained from **Los Mestenos** extended gas analysis dated **05/06/2021**

Emission Factors (lb/scf) = (% / 100) x lb/lb-mole / 379.3 scf/lb-mole

Notes:

Since the engine is new and there are no startups and shutdowns for 2021, it is assumed there will be 100 events during the year.

Equipment Leaks Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **F1**

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Open-Ended Lines

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Equipment | Number of Components, # of sources | Emission Factors, kg/hr/source | Emission Factors, lb/hr/source | Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates, | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | pph | tpy |
| Valves | 315 | 0.0045 | 0.0099 | 3.12 | 13.66 |
| Connectors | 263 | 0.0002 | 0.0004 | 0.12 | 0.51 |
| Pump Seals | 0 | 0.0024 | 0.0053 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Compressor Seals | 32 | 0.0088 | 0.0194 | 0.62 | 2.71 |
| Pressure Relief Valves | 19 | 0.0088 | 0.0194 | 0.37 | 1.61 |
| Open-Ended Lines | 88 | 0.0020 | 0.0044 | 0.39 | 1.70 |
| Total | | | | 4.61 | 20.19 |

Number of components based on the numbers of compressors and dehydrators at the station (see next page)

Emission factors taken from the EPA "1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates"

Emission factors (lb/hr/source) = Emission factors (kg/hr/source) x 2.2 lb/kg

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) = lb/hr/source x # of sources

Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (tpy) = Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rates (pph) x 8,760 hr/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent of TOC, % | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, | |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | | | | pph | tpy |
| Carbon dioxide | 0.8632 | 44.010 | | | | |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.070 | | | | |
| Nitrogen | 0.4462 | 28.013 | | | | |
| Methane | 78.7294 | 16.043 | 1263.056 | 60.619 | | |
| Ethane | 10.7901 | 30.070 | 324.458 | 15.572 | | |
| Propane | 5.0734 | 44.097 | 223.722 | 10.737 | 4.95E-01 | 2.17E+00 |
| Isobutane | 0.8940 | 58.123 | 51.962 | 2.494 | 1.15E-01 | 5.03E-01 |
| n-Butane | 1.5609 | 58.123 | 90.724 | 4.354 | 2.01E-01 | 8.79E-01 |
| Isopentane | 0.5577 | 72.150 | 40.238 | 1.931 | 8.90E-02 | 3.90E-01 |
| n-Pentane | 0.4298 | 72.150 | 31.010 | 1.488 | 6.86E-02 | 3.00E-01 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0189 | 70.134 | 1.326 | 0.064 | 2.93E-03 | 1.28E-02 |
| n-Hexane | 0.1299 | 86.177 | 11.194 | 0.537 | 2.48E-02 | 1.08E-01 |
| Cyclohexane | 0.0389 | 84.161 | 3.274 | 0.157 | 7.24E-03 | 3.17E-02 |
| Other hexanes | 0.2872 | 86.177 | 24.750 | 1.188 | 5.47E-02 | 2.40E-01 |
| Heptanes | 0.0720 | 100.204 | 7.215 | 0.346 | 1.60E-02 | 6.99E-02 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 0.0556 | 98.188 | 5.459 | 0.262 | 1.21E-02 | 5.29E-02 |
| Isooctane | 0.0028 | 114.231 | 0.320 | 0.015 | 7.07E-04 | 3.10E-03 |
| Benzene | 0.0123 | 78.114 | 0.961 | 0.046 | 2.13E-03 | 9.31E-03 |
| Toluene | 0.0165 | 92.141 | 1.520 | 0.073 | 3.36E-03 | 1.47E-02 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.0002 | 106.167 | 0.021 | 0.001 | 4.70E-05 | 2.06E-04 |
| Xylenes | 0.0024 | 106.167 | 0.255 | 0.012 | 5.64E-04 | 2.47E-03 |
| C8+ Heavies | 0.0187 | 114.231 | 2.136 | 0.103 | 4.72E-03 | 2.07E-02 |
| Total | 100.0001 | | 2083.601 | | | |
| Total VOC | | | | 23.809 | 1.10 | 4.81 |

Gas stream composition obtained from **Los Mestenos** extended gas analysis dated **05/06/2021**

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (pph) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (pph) x (% / 100)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = Total Uncontrolled TOC Emission Rate (tpy) x (% / 100)

Equipment Leaks Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **F1**

Description: Valves, Connectors, Seals & Lines

Number of Compression Units at the Facility: **2**Number of Dehydrators at the Facility: **0**

| Process Equipment Description | Equipment Count | | | | | | Instrument Count | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|----------|------------------|-------|----------|
| | Valves | Connectors | Pump Seals | Compressor Seals | Pressure Relief Valves | Open-end | Flow | Level | Pressure |
| Station inlet, meter run to pulsation dampener | 17 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Pulsation dampener | 12 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Compressor suction header | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Suction header feed to instrument gas header | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Compressor discharge header and bypass to station discharge | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Compressor discharge header and suction header bypass lines | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Fuel gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Instrument gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Station discharge header | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Fuel gas recovery header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fuel gas feed and filter loop | 15 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Instrument gas feed and filter loop | 9 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Produced water storage tank | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| ESD panel | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Starting gas header | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hot gas header | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume bottle lop | 12 | 4 | 0 | 24 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Components from Compressors | 88 | 118 | 0 | 8 | 12 | 22 | 0 | 8 | 18 |
| Components from dehydrators | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 209 | 191 | 0 | 32 | 19 | 70 | 3 | 18 | 30 |
| Adjusted Total | 315 | 263 | 0 | 32 | 19 | 88 | | | |

The following additions are included in the Adjusted Total:

- 1 valve is added for each open end line
- 2 connectors are added for each flow meter
- 2 valves, 2 connectors and 1 open end line are added for each level gauge
- 1 connector is added for each pressure gauge

The component count is based on an evaluation of the Sim Mesa Compressor Station (two stage compression)

Truck Loading (Condensate) Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **L1**

Description: Truck Loading

Emission Factor

| | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 0.6 | Saturation factor, S | AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (submerged loading & dedicated service) |
| 2.28 psia | True vapor pressure of liquid, P | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 78.1 lb/lb-mole | Molecular weight of vapors, M | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 65 °F | Temperature of liquid | TANKS 4.0 output file |
| 524.6 °R | Temperature of liquid, T | °F + 459.67 |
| 2.54 lb/10 ³ gal | Emission factor, L | AP-42, Section 5.2, Equation 1 L = 12.46 (SPM/T) |

Production Rate

145.60 10³ gal/yr

Maximum annual production rate

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

(= 21,000 bbl/yr, which is approx. max historical throughput plus 10%)

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Rates, tpy |
|-----------|---------------------|
| VOC | 1.85E-01 |

Emission Rate (tpy) = lb/10³ gal x 10³ gal/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Truck Loading (Produced Water) Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: **L2**

Description: Truck Loading

Emission Factor

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 0.6 | Saturation factor, S | AP-42, Table 5.2-1 (submerged loading & dedicated service) |
| 0.3045 psia (average) | True vapor pressure of liquid, P | Estimated using Antoine's Equation (see calculations below) |
| 18.02 lb/lb-mole | Molecular weight of vapors, M | TANKS 4.0 Database |
| 65 °F (average) | Temperature of liquid | Estimated (see calculations below) |
| 524.67 °R (average) | Temperature of liquid, T | °F + 459.67 |
| 0.08 lb/10 ³ gal (average) | Emission factor, L | AP-42, Section 5.2, $L = 12.46 \frac{SPM}{T}$ |

Production Rate

5.53 10³ gal/yr

Maximum annual production rate

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Steady-State Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Rates, tpy |
|-----------|---------------------|
| VOC | 2.16E-04 |

Uncontrolled Emission Rate (tpy) = lb/10³ gal x 10³ gal/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

Vapor Pressure of Produced Water:

It is estimated that the true vapor pressure of produced water is approximately equal to the true vapor pressure of pure water. An estimate of the true vapor pressure for water is calculated using Antoine's equation (see AP-42, Section 7.1, Equation 1-25).

Average:

Temperature = **65** °F

$$\log P = A - (B / (C + T))$$

$$A = 8.07131$$

$$B = 1730.63$$

$$C = 233.426$$

$$T = 18.33 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$P = \text{mmHg}$$

$$P = 10^{(A - (B / (C + T)))}$$

$$P = 15.75 \text{ mmHg}$$

$$P = 0.3045 \text{ psi}$$

Note: 760 mmHg = 14.7 psia

Storage Tank Actual Emissions Data and Calculations

Unit Number: **T1 & T2**

Description: Condensate Storage Tanks

Emission Rates

| Source/Pollutants | Working/Breathing Losses, ppy tpy | | Flash Losses, tpy | Uncontrolled Emission Rates, tpy |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------|---|
| T1 VOC | 3,361.70 | 1.68 | 7.01 | 8.69 |
| T2 VOC | 2,937.44 | 1.47 | -- | 1.47 |

Working/breathing losses taken from TANKS 4.0 results

Flash VOC emissions taken from VMGSim results

Flash HAP emissions calculated from the flash VOC emissions and the weight % HAP (calculated in the table below)

Unit T2 does not have flash emissions because it is an overflow tank for Unit T1. All flashing occurs in Unit T1.

Condensate Composition (To Determine Working/Breathing Losses)

| Components | Mole Percents, % | Molecular Weights, lb/lb-mole | Component Weights, lb/lb-mole | Weight Percent, % |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 0.0016 | 44.010 | | |
| Hydrogen sulfide | 0.0000 | 34.070 | | |
| Nitrogen | 0.0016 | 28.013 | | |
| Water | 10.3467 | 18.015 | 186.3954 | 1.9609 |
| Methane | 0.2398 | 16.043 | 3.8476 | 0.0405 |
| Ethane | 0.2647 | 30.070 | 7.9592 | 0.0837 |
| Propane | 0.3284 | 44.097 | 14.4797 | 0.1523 |
| Isobutane | 1.3530 | 58.123 | 78.6407 | 0.8273 |
| n-Butane | 4.0043 | 58.123 | 232.7417 | 2.4485 |
| Isopentane | 5.2914 | 72.150 | 381.7734 | 4.0163 |
| n-Pentane | 4.7618 | 72.150 | 343.5631 | 3.6143 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.0479 | 70.134 | 3.3588 | 0.0353 |
| n-Hexane | 7.2009 | 86.177 | 620.5560 | 6.5283 |
| Cyclohexane | 4.2312 | 84.161 | 356.1035 | 3.7463 |
| Other hexanes | 0.0000 | 86.177 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Heptanes | 12.0651 | 100.204 | 1208.9690 | 12.7185 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 9.4637 | 98.188 | 929.2256 | 9.7756 |
| Isooctane | 0.3125 | 114.231 | 35.7007 | 0.3756 |
| Benzene | 1.1780 | 78.114 | 92.0162 | 0.9680 |
| Toluene | 0.4530 | 92.141 | 41.7421 | 0.4391 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.4864 | 106.167 | 51.6357 | 0.5432 |
| Xylenes | 3.3752 | 106.167 | 358.3340 | 3.7697 |
| n-Octane | 10.1150 | 114.232 | 1155.4546 | 12.1555 |
| n-Nonane | 5.6876 | 128.259 | 729.4821 | 7.6743 |
| n-Decane | 18.7903 | 142.286 | 2673.5942 | 28.1266 |
| Total | 100.0000 | | 9505.5736 | 100.0000 |

Gas stream composition obtained from VGMSym output

Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) = (% / 100) * Molecular Weights (lb/lb-mole)

Weight Percent of TOC (%) = 100 x Component Weights (lb/lb-mole) / Total Component Weight (lb/lb-mole)

In TANKS 4, the methane, ethane, and propane percentages are included with isobutane and n-butane (an even distribution)

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate ACT |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Vertical Fixed Roof Tank |
| Description: | 490 Barrel Condensate Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Shell Height (ft): | 16.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 14.75 |
| Liquid Height (ft) : | 15.00 |
| Avg. Liquid Height (ft): | 7.50 |
| Volume (gallons): | 19,173.00 |
| Turnovers: | 7.60 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 145,596.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |
| Roof Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Roof Condition: | Good |

Roof Characteristics

| | |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Type: | Dome |
| Height (ft) | 0.00 |
| Radius (ft) (Dome Roof) | 14.75 |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d **Emissions Report - Detail Format** **Liquid Contents of Storage Tank**

Los Mestenios - T1 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank **Gavilan, New Mexico**

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight. | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Condensate | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 3.4523 | 2.6161 | 4.3471 | 66.3334 | | | 95.42 | |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | | | | | | 0.7338 | 0.4989 | 1.0546 | 114.2300 | 0.0038 | 0.0011 | 114.23 | Option 2: A=6.8118, B=1257.84, C=220.74 |
| Benzene | | | | | | 1.4274 | 0.9846 | 2.0237 | 78.1100 | 0.0097 | 0.0058 | 78.11 | Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79 |
| Butane (-n) | | | | | | 29.9357 | 23.3576 | 34.6684 | 58.1230 | 0.0259 | 0.3227 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 26.1 VP70 = 31.31 |
| Cyclohexane | | | | | | 1.4738 | 1.0254 | 2.0729 | 84.1600 | 0.0375 | 0.0230 | 84.16 | Option 2: A=6.841, B=1201.53, C=222.65 |
| Cyclopentane | | | | | | 4.9596 | 3.6370 | 6.6394 | 70.1300 | 0.0004 | 0.0007 | 70.13 | Option 1: VP60 = 4.177 VP70 = 5.24 |
| Decane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0395 | 0.0291 | 0.0536 | 142.2900 | 0.2813 | 0.0046 | 142.29 | Option 1: VP60 = .033211 VP70 = .041762 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | | | | 0.1396 | 0.0876 | 0.2162 | 106.1700 | 0.0054 | 0.0003 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21 |
| Heptane (-n) | | | | | | 0.7600 | 0.5088 | 1.1128 | 100.2000 | 0.1272 | 0.0403 | 100.20 | Option 3: A=37358, B=8.2585 |
| Hexane (-n) | | | | | | 2.3100 | 1.6303 | 3.2059 | 86.1700 | 0.0653 | 0.0628 | 86.17 | Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41 |
| Iso-Butane | | | | | | 43.3083 | 34.4026 | 53.8185 | 58.1230 | 0.0097 | 0.1743 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 38.14 VP70 = 45.16 |
| Isopentane | | | | | | 11.8640 | 8.7212 | 15.5743 | 72.1500 | 0.0402 | 0.1985 | 72.15 | Option 1: VP60 = 10.005 VP70 = 12.53 |
| Methylcyclohexane | | | | | | 0.6886 | 0.4673 | 0.9913 | 98.1800 | 0.0978 | 0.0280 | 98.18 | Option 2: A=6.823, B=1270.763, C=221.42 |
| Nonane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0784 | 0.0568 | 0.1080 | 128.2600 | 0.0767 | 0.0025 | 128.26 | Option 1: VP60 = .065278 VP70 = .08309 |
| Octane (-n) | | | | | | 0.1769 | 0.1254 | 0.2493 | 114.2300 | 0.1216 | 0.0090 | 114.23 | Option 1: VP60 = .145444 VP70 = .188224 |
| Pentane (-n) | | | | | | 8.0308 | 5.9649 | 10.6537 | 72.1500 | 0.0361 | 0.1209 | 72.15 | Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558 |
| Toluene | | | | | | 0.4136 | 0.2726 | 0.6120 | 92.1300 | 0.0044 | 0.0008 | 92.13 | Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48 |
| Water | | | | | | 0.3402 | 0.2160 | 0.5229 | 18.0150 | 0.0196 | 0.0028 | 18.02 | Option 1: VP60 = .263 VP70 = .3679 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | | | | | | 0.1165 | 0.0728 | 0.1813 | 106.1700 | 0.0377 | 0.0018 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|--|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 2,577.2156 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,625.2961 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3649 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,625.2961 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.5117 |
| Tank Shell Height (ft): | 16.0000 |
| Average Liquid Height (ft): | 7.5000 |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 1.0117 |
| Roof Outage (Dome Roof) | |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 1.0117 |
| Dome Radius (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Shell Radius (ft): | 7.3750 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.7309 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range(psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6161 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 4.3471 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3649 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.5117 |
| Working Losses (lb): | 793.8586 |

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 145,596.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 7.6000 |
| Turnover Factor: | 1.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Volume (gal): | 19,173.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Height (ft): | 15.0000 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 14.7500 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| Total Losses (lb): | 3,371.0743 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T1 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Condensate | 793.86 | 2,577.22 | 3,371.07 |
| Iso-Butane | 138.34 | 449.12 | 587.46 |
| Water | 2.21 | 7.16 | 9.37 |
| Butane (-n) | 256.15 | 831.58 | 1,087.73 |
| Isopentane | 157.62 | 511.69 | 669.30 |
| Pentane (-n) | 96.01 | 311.70 | 407.71 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.58 | 1.88 | 2.46 |
| Hexane (-n) | 49.88 | 161.94 | 211.82 |
| Cyclohexane | 18.26 | 59.29 | 77.56 |
| Heptane (-n) | 31.97 | 103.80 | 135.78 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 22.27 | 72.28 | 94.55 |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | 0.91 | 2.96 | 3.87 |
| Benzene | 4.57 | 14.84 | 19.41 |
| Toluene | 0.60 | 1.95 | 2.55 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.25 | 0.81 | 1.07 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | 1.45 | 4.72 | 6.17 |
| Octane (-n) | 7.11 | 23.10 | 30.21 |
| Nonane (-n) | 1.99 | 6.46 | 8.45 |
| Decane (-n) | 3.68 | 11.93 | 15.61 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate ACT |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Vertical Fixed Roof Tank |
| Description: | 400 Barrel Condensate Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Shell Height (ft): | 16.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 13.50 |
| Liquid Height (ft) : | 15.00 |
| Avg. Liquid Height (ft): | 7.50 |
| Volume (gallons): | 16,061.00 |
| Turnovers: | 9.07 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 145,596.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |
| Roof Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Roof Condition: | Good |

Roof Characteristics

| | |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Type: | Dome |
| Height (ft) | 0.00 |
| Radius (ft) (Dome Roof) | 13.50 |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d **Emissions Report - Detail Format** **Liquid Contents of Storage Tank**

Los Mestenios - T2 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank **Gavilan, New Mexico**

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight. | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Condensate | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 3.4523 | 2.6161 | 4.3471 | 66.3334 | | | 95.42 | |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | | | | | | 0.7338 | 0.4989 | 1.0546 | 114.2300 | 0.0038 | 0.0011 | 114.23 | Option 2: A=6.8118, B=1257.84, C=220.74 |
| Benzene | | | | | | 1.4274 | 0.9846 | 2.0237 | 78.1100 | 0.0097 | 0.0058 | 78.11 | Option 2: A=6.905, B=1211.033, C=220.79 |
| Butane (-n) | | | | | | 29.9357 | 23.3576 | 34.6684 | 58.1230 | 0.0259 | 0.3227 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 26.1 VP70 = 31.31 |
| Cyclohexane | | | | | | 1.4738 | 1.0254 | 2.0729 | 84.1600 | 0.0375 | 0.0230 | 84.16 | Option 2: A=6.841, B=1201.53, C=222.65 |
| Cyclopentane | | | | | | 4.9596 | 3.6370 | 6.6394 | 70.1300 | 0.0004 | 0.0007 | 70.13 | Option 1: VP60 = 4.177 VP70 = 5.24 |
| Decane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0395 | 0.0291 | 0.0536 | 142.2900 | 0.2813 | 0.0046 | 142.29 | Option 1: VP60 = .033211 VP70 = .041762 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | | | | 0.1396 | 0.0876 | 0.2162 | 106.1700 | 0.0054 | 0.0003 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=6.975, B=1424.255, C=213.21 |
| Heptane (-n) | | | | | | 0.7600 | 0.5088 | 1.1128 | 100.2000 | 0.1272 | 0.0403 | 100.20 | Option 3: A=37358, B=8.2585 |
| Hexane (-n) | | | | | | 2.3100 | 1.6303 | 3.2059 | 86.1700 | 0.0653 | 0.0628 | 86.17 | Option 2: A=6.876, B=1171.17, C=224.41 |
| Iso-Butane | | | | | | 43.3083 | 34.4026 | 53.8185 | 58.1230 | 0.0097 | 0.1743 | 58.12 | Option 1: VP60 = 38.14 VP70 = 45.16 |
| Isopentane | | | | | | 11.8640 | 8.7212 | 15.5743 | 72.1500 | 0.0402 | 0.1985 | 72.15 | Option 1: VP60 = 10.005 VP70 = 12.53 |
| Methylcyclohexane | | | | | | 0.6886 | 0.4673 | 0.9913 | 98.1800 | 0.0978 | 0.0280 | 98.18 | Option 2: A=6.823, B=1270.763, C=221.42 |
| Nonane (-n) | | | | | | 0.0784 | 0.0568 | 0.1080 | 128.2600 | 0.0767 | 0.0025 | 128.26 | Option 1: VP60 = .065278 VP70 = .08309 |
| Octane (-n) | | | | | | 0.1769 | 0.1254 | 0.2493 | 114.2300 | 0.1216 | 0.0090 | 114.23 | Option 1: VP60 = .145444 VP70 = .188224 |
| Pentane (-n) | | | | | | 8.0308 | 5.9649 | 10.6537 | 72.1500 | 0.0361 | 0.1209 | 72.15 | Option 3: A=27691, B=7.558 |
| Toluene | | | | | | 0.4136 | 0.2726 | 0.6120 | 92.1300 | 0.0044 | 0.0008 | 92.13 | Option 2: A=6.954, B=1344.8, C=219.48 |
| Water | | | | | | 0.3402 | 0.2160 | 0.5229 | 18.0150 | 0.0196 | 0.0028 | 18.02 | Option 1: VP60 = .263 VP70 = .3679 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | | | | | | 0.1165 | 0.0728 | 0.1813 | 106.1700 | 0.0377 | 0.0018 | 106.17 | Option 2: A=7.009, B=1462.266, C=215.11 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|--|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 2,151.7664 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,349.2223 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3670 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 1,349.2223 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.4260 |
| Tank Shell Height (ft): | 16.0000 |
| Average Liquid Height (ft): | 7.5000 |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 0.9260 |
| Roof Outage (Dome Roof) | |
| Roof Outage (ft): | 0.9260 |
| Dome Radius (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Shell Radius (ft): | 6.7500 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0405 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Roof): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2940 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.7309 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range (psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6161 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 4.3471 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.3670 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 9.4260 |
| Working Losses (lb): | 793.8586 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 66.3334 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid | |
| Surface Temperature (psia): | 3.4523 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 145,596.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 9.0700 |
| Turnover Factor: | 1.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Volume (gal): | 16,061.0000 |
| Maximum Liquid Height (ft): | 15.0000 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 13.5000 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| | |
| Total Losses (lb): | 2,945.6250 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T2 - Condensate ACT - Vertical Fixed Roof Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Condensate | 793.86 | 2,151.77 | 2,945.63 |
| Iso-Butane | 138.34 | 374.98 | 513.32 |
| Butane (-n) | 256.15 | 694.30 | 950.45 |
| Isopentane | 157.62 | 427.22 | 584.83 |
| Pentane (-n) | 96.01 | 260.24 | 356.25 |
| Cyclopentane | 0.58 | 1.57 | 2.15 |
| Hexane (-n) | 49.88 | 135.21 | 185.09 |
| Cyclohexane | 18.26 | 49.50 | 67.77 |
| Heptane (-n) | 31.97 | 86.67 | 118.64 |
| Methylcyclohexane | 22.27 | 60.35 | 82.62 |
| 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (isooctane) | 0.91 | 2.47 | 3.38 |
| Benzene | 4.57 | 12.39 | 16.96 |
| Toluene | 0.60 | 1.63 | 2.23 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.25 | 0.68 | 0.93 |
| Xylenes (mixed isomers) | 1.45 | 3.94 | 5.39 |
| Octane (-n) | 7.11 | 19.28 | 26.40 |
| Nonane (-n) | 1.99 | 5.39 | 7.38 |
| Decane (-n) | 3.68 | 9.96 | 13.64 |
| Water | 2.21 | 5.98 | 8.19 |

Simulation Report



Symmetry

File Name: Los Mestenios Emissions Flash Model 2021 Actuals 1.14.2022
Company: VMG, a Schlumberger Technology
Customer:
Project:
Job No:
Prepared By:
Report Date: Friday, January 14, 2022
Unit Set: Field

File: U:\Environmental\Condensate Flash Calcs\Los Mestenios Emissions Flash Model 2021 Actuals 1.14.2022.vsym

Symmetry

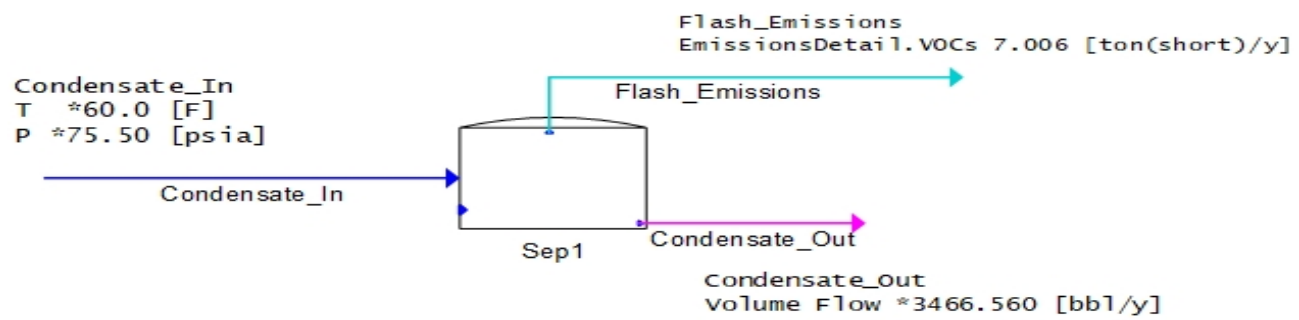
[Main Flowsheet](#)

[Material Stream \(3\)](#)

[2ph Separator \(1\)](#)

*Bold face throughout the report denotes specified values.

*Italic face throughout the report denotes recycle values.



| /Condensate_In (Material Stream) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | | Up Stream Unit Op | |
| In | <Disconnected> | | --- | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | | Down Stream Unit Op | |
| Out | Sep1.In0 | | --- | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | | Is Up To Date | False |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 0.0357 | 0.8681 | 0.0962 |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| P [psia] | 75.50 | 75.50 | 75.50 | 75.50 |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 1.10 | 0.04 | 0.96 | 0.11 |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 102.98 | 0.79 | 100.28 | 1.91 |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 0.0012 | 0.0290 | 2.02E-04 | 1.66E-06 |
| METHANE | 0.0497 | 0.8514 | 0.0222 | 1.06E-04 |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 1.14E-04 | 0.0011 | 8.69E-05 | 3.25E-06 |
| ETHANE | 0.0102 | 0.0547 | 0.0094 | 1.01E-05 |
| PROPANE | 0.0056 | 0.0095 | 0.0060 | 1.16E-06 |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0164 | 0.0110 | 0.0184 | 7.48E-07 |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0443 | 0.0196 | 0.0503 | 1.96E-06 |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0523 | 0.0088 | 0.0599 | 5.00E-07 |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0462 | 0.0058 | 0.0530 | 4.94E-07 |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 4.53E-04 | 2.94E-05 | 5.21E-04 | 1.89E-08 |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0672 | 0.0023 | 0.0773 | 1.88E-07 |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0873 | 7.77E-04 | 0.1006 | 3.16E-07 |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 0.0029 | 3.05E-05 | 0.0033 | 8.33E-10 |
| BENZENE | 0.0110 | 3.11E-04 | 0.0126 | 5.85E-06 |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0393 | 8.42E-04 | 0.0452 | 5.71E-07 |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.1114 | 0.0011 | 0.1283 | 6.65E-08 |
| TOLUENE | 0.0042 | 3.12E-05 | 0.0048 | 5.98E-07 |
| n-OCTANE | 0.0931 | 2.98E-04 | 0.1072 | 1.07E-08 |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 0.0045 | 1.17E-05 | 0.0052 | 1.82E-07 |
| m-XYLENE | 0.0214 | 4.29E-05 | 0.0247 | 7.30E-07 |
| o-XYLENE | 0.0096 | 1.50E-05 | 0.0111 | 4.18E-07 |
| n-NONANE | 0.0523 | 5.14E-05 | 0.0603 | 5.30E-09 |
| n-DECANE | 0.0024 | 7.43E-07 | 0.0028 | 1.01E-10 |
| n-UNDECANE | 0.0852 | 7.34E-06 | 0.0981 | 1.30E-09 |
| n-DODECANE | 0.0852 | 2.31E-06 | 0.0981 | 6.25E-10 |
| WATER | 0.0967 | 0.0034 | 4.10E-04 | 0.9999 |

| /Condensate_Out (Material Stream) | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Up Stream Unit Op | | |
| In | Sep1.Liq0 | --- | | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Down Stream Unit Op | | |
| Out | <Disconnected> | --- | | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | Is Up To Date | False | |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | |
| P [psia] | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 1.01 | 0.00 | 1.01 | |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 100.21 | 0.00 | 100.21 | |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 1.58E-05 | 0.0148 | 1.58E-05 | |
| METHANE | 0.0024 | 0.5885 | 0.0024 | |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 1.59E-05 | 0.0012 | 1.59E-05 | |
| ETHANE | 0.0026 | 0.0957 | 0.0026 | |
| PROPANE | 0.0033 | 0.0316 | 0.0033 | |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0135 | 0.0487 | 0.0135 | |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0400 | 0.0932 | 0.0400 | |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0529 | 0.0456 | 0.0529 | |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0476 | 0.0304 | 0.0476 | |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 4.79E-04 | 1.58E-04 | 4.79E-04 | |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0720 | 0.0121 | 0.0720 | |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0946 | 0.0041 | 0.0946 | |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 0.0031 | 1.60E-04 | 0.0031 | |
| BENZENE | 0.0118 | 0.0017 | 0.0118 | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0423 | 0.0045 | 0.0423 | |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.1207 | 0.0061 | 0.1207 | |
| TOLUENE | 0.0045 | 1.66E-04 | 0.0045 | |
| n-OCTANE | 0.1011 | 0.0015 | 0.1011 | |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 0.0049 | 6.13E-05 | 0.0049 | |
| m-XYLENE | 0.0233 | 2.24E-04 | 0.0233 | |
| o-XYLENE | 0.0105 | 7.81E-05 | 0.0105 | |
| n-NONANE | 0.0569 | 2.62E-04 | 0.0569 | |
| n-DECANE | 0.0026 | 3.70E-06 | 0.0026 | |
| n-UNDECANE | 0.0926 | 3.58E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| n-DODECANE | 0.0926 | 1.10E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| WATER | 0.1035 | 0.0191 | 0.1035 | |

| /Flash_Emissions (Material Stream) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|------|
| Thermo Model: APRNGL2 | | | | |
| Connections | | | | |
| Material Inlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Up Stream Unit Op | | |
| In | Sep1.Vap | --- | | |
| Material Outlets | | | | |
| | Connection | Down Stream Unit Op | | |
| Out | <Disconnected> | --- | | |
| Allocation / Product Allocation | | | | |
| Auto Calculate | False | Is Up To Date | False | |
| Status | Y?No Results | | | |
| Equilibrium Results | | | | |
| | Bulk | Vap | Liq0 | Liq1 |
| Phase Frac [Fraction] | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | |
| T [F] | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 | |
| P [psia] | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | |
| Mole Flow [lbmol/h] | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.00 | |
| Mass Flow [lb/h] | 2.77 | 2.77 | 0.00 | |
| Fraction [Fraction] | | | | |
| NITROGEN | 0.0148 | 0.0148 | 1.58E-05 | |
| METHANE | 0.5885 | 0.5885 | 0.0024 | |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 0.0012 | 0.0012 | 1.59E-05 | |
| ETHANE | 0.0957 | 0.0957 | 0.0026 | |
| PROPANE | 0.0316 | 0.0316 | 0.0033 | |
| ISOBUTANE | 0.0487 | 0.0487 | 0.0135 | |
| n-BUTANE | 0.0932 | 0.0932 | 0.0400 | |
| ISOPENTANE | 0.0456 | 0.0456 | 0.0529 | |
| n-PENTANE | 0.0304 | 0.0304 | 0.0476 | |
| CYCLOPENTANE | 1.58E-04 | 1.58E-04 | 4.79E-04 | |
| n-HEXANE | 0.0121 | 0.0121 | 0.0720 | |
| METHYLCYCLOHEXANE | 0.0041 | 0.0041 | 0.0946 | |
| 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE | 1.60E-04 | 1.60E-04 | 0.0031 | |
| BENZENE | 0.0017 | 0.0017 | 0.0118 | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 0.0045 | 0.0045 | 0.0423 | |
| n-HEPTANE | 0.0061 | 0.0061 | 0.1207 | |
| TOLUENE | 1.66E-04 | 1.66E-04 | 0.0045 | |
| n-OCTANE | 0.0015 | 0.0015 | 0.1011 | |
| ETHYLBENZENE | 6.13E-05 | 6.13E-05 | 0.0049 | |
| m-XYLENE | 2.24E-04 | 2.24E-04 | 0.0233 | |
| o-XYLENE | 7.81E-05 | 7.81E-05 | 0.0105 | |
| n-NONANE | 2.62E-04 | 2.62E-04 | 0.0569 | |
| n-DECANE | 3.70E-06 | 3.70E-06 | 0.0026 | |
| n-UNDECANE | 3.58E-05 | 3.58E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| n-DODECANE | 1.10E-05 | 1.10E-05 | 0.0926 | |
| WATER | 0.0191 | 0.0191 | 0.1035 | |

Storage Tank Actual Emissions Calculations

Unit Number: T3

Description: Produced Water Tank

Note: The data on this worksheet applies to each individual emissions unit identified above.

Throughput

70 bbl/turnover

1.88 turnover/yr

132 bbl/yr

Tank capacity

Turnovers per year

Annual liquid throughput

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

Harvest Four Corners, LLC

bbl/turnover x turnover/yr

Emission Rates

| Pollutant | Emission Factor, lb/bbl | Uncontrolled, Emission Rate, tpy |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| VOC | 0.262 | 1.72E-02 |

VOC emission factor is taken from the CDPHE PS Memo 09-02 (Oil & Gas Produced Water Tank

Batteries - Regulatory Definitions & Permitting Guidance)

Uncontrolled Emission Rates (tpy) = lb/bbl x bbl/yr / 2,000 lb/ton

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Identification

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| User Identification: | Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol |
| City: | Gavilan |
| State: | New Mexico |
| Company: | Harvest Four Corners, LLC |
| Type of Tank: | Horizontal Tank |
| Description: | 500 Gallon Methanol Storage Tank |

Tank Dimensions

| | |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Shell Length (ft): | 6.00 |
| Diameter (ft): | 4.00 |
| Volume (gallons): | 500.00 |
| Turnovers: | 12.00 |
| Net Throughput(gal/yr): | 6,000.00 |
| Is Tank Heated (y/n): | N |
| Is Tank Underground (y/n): | N |

Paint Characteristics

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Shell Color/Shade: | Gray/Medium |
| Shell Condition | Good |

Breather Vent Settings

| | |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Vacuum Settings (psig): | -0.03 |
| Pressure Settings (psig) | 0.03 |

Meterological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Albuquerque, New Mexico (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 12.15 psia)

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Liquid Contents of Storage Tank

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| Mixture/Component | Month | Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F) | | | Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F) | Vapor Pressure (psia) | | | Vapor Mol. Weight | Liquid Mass Fract. | Vapor Mass Fract. | Mol. Weight | Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations |
|-------------------|-------|---|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | Avg. | Min. | Max. | | | | | |
| Methyl alcohol | All | 67.36 | 53.93 | 80.79 | 59.23 | 1.8115 | 1.1881 | 2.6951 | 32.0400 | | | 32.04 | Option 2: A=7.897, B=1474.08, C=229.13 |

TANKS 4.0.9d

Emissions Report - Detail Format

Detail Calculations (AP-42)

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank Gavilan, New Mexico

| | |
|--|------------|
| Annual Emission Calculations | |
| Standing Losses (lb): | 36.5024 |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 48.0243 |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0103 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2419 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.8389 |
| Tank Vapor Space Volume: | |
| Vapor Space Volume (cu ft): | 48.0243 |
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 4.0000 |
| Effective Diameter (ft): | 5.5293 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 2.0000 |
| Tank Shell Length (ft): | 6.0000 |
| Vapor Density | |
| Vapor Density (lb/cu ft): | 0.0103 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 32.0400 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg. R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Average Ambient Temp. (deg. F): | 56.1542 |
| Ideal Gas Constant R (psia cu ft / (lb-mol-deg R)): | 10.731 |
| Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R): | 518.9042 |
| Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell): | 0.6800 |
| Daily Total Solar Insulation Factor (Btu/sqft day): | 1,765.3167 |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor | |
| Vapor Space Expansion Factor: | 0.2419 |
| Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R): | 53.7176 |
| Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia): | 1.5070 |
| Breather Vent Press. Setting Range (psia): | 0.0600 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.1881 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 2.6951 |
| Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 527.0322 |
| Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 513.6028 |
| Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R): | 540.4617 |
| Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R): | 27.9250 |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor | |
| Vented Vapor Saturation Factor: | 0.8389 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Vapor Space Outage (ft): | 2.0000 |
| Working Losses (lb): | |
| Working Losses (lb): | 8.2917 |
| Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole): | 32.0400 |
| Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia): | 1.8115 |
| Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr.): | 6,000.0000 |
| Annual Turnovers: | 12.0000 |
| Turnover Factor: | 1.0000 |

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Tank Diameter (ft): | 4.0000 |
| Working Loss Product Factor: | 1.0000 |
| | |
| Total Losses (lb): | 44.7941 |

TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Individual Tank Emission Totals

Emissions Report for: Annual

Los Mestenos - T7 - Methanol - Horizontal Tank
Gavilan, New Mexico

| | Losses(lbs) | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Components | Working Loss | Breathing Loss | Total Emissions |
| Methyl alcohol | 8.29 | 36.50 | 44.79 |

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Section 4

Federal Regulations Applicability

| <u>FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION</u> | Title | Applies to Entire Facility | Applies to Unit No(s). | Does Not Apply | JUSTIFICATION: |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 40 CFR 50 | NAAQS | ✓ | | | This regulation is applicable because it applies to all sources in the United States. |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart A | General Provisions | | 1, 2 & F1 | | This regulation is applicable because 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart GG is applicable. |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart K | Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After June 11, 1973, and Prior to May 19, 1978 | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the petroleum liquids storage tanks at the facility have capacities less than the minimum applicability threshold capacity of 40,000 gallons (see §60.110(a)). |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Ka | Standards of Performance for Storage Vessels for Petroleum Liquids for which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After May 18, 1978, and Prior to July 23, 1984 | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the storage tanks at the facility have capacities less than the minimum applicability threshold capacity of 40,000 gallons (see §60.110a(a)). |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb | Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984 | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because all storage tanks at the facility have capacities less than the minimum applicability threshold capacity of 75 cubic meters (19,812 gallons), or they have a capacity between 75 and 151 cubic meters (40,000 gallons) and store a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure less than 15.0 kPa (2.2 psi), or store petroleum prior to custody transfer (see §60.110b(a) & §60.110b(b) & §60.110b(d)(4)). |
| NSPS 40 CFR, Subpart GG | Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines | | 1 | | The regulation is applicable as the facility is equipped with a stationary gas turbine with heat input equal to 10 MMBtu/hour or greater, installed on or after October 3, 1977. |

| <u>FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION</u> | Title | Applies to Entire Facility | Applies to Unit No(s). | Does Not Apply | JUSTIFICATION: |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | | | | |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart KKK | Standards of Performance for Equipment Leaks of VOC from Onshore Gas Plants | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not an onshore natural gas processing plant as defined by the subpart (see §60.630(a)(1)). Natural gas processing plant (gas plant) means any processing site engaged in the extraction of natural gas liquids from field gas, fractionation of mixed natural gas liquids to natural gas products, or both (see §60.631). |
| NSPS 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart LLL | Standards of Performance for Onshore Natural Gas Processing: SO ₂ Emissions | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not a natural gas processing plant as defined by the subpart. It is not equipped with a sweetening unit (see §60.640(a)). |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII | Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not equipped with stationary compression ignition (CI) internal combustion engines (ICE) that commenced construction after July 11, 2005 and were manufactured after April 1, 2006 (see §60.4200(a)(2)(i)). For the purpose of this subpart, construction commences on the date the engine is ordered by the owner or operator (see §60.4200(a)). |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ | Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not equipped with spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE) constructed, modified, or reconstructed after June 12, 2006. Units 2 & 3 were constructed prior to the applicability date and have not been modified or reconstructed. See the definitions of construction, modification, and reconstruction referenced in Subpart OOOO below. |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO | Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production, Transmission, and Distribution | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not equipped with “affected” sources that commenced construction, modification or reconstruction after August 23, 2011 and on or before September 18, 2015: gas wells, centrifugal or reciprocating compressors, pneumatic controllers, and storage vessels (see §60.5365). Note that the facility is not a natural gas processing plant as defined by the subpart (see §60.5430). Commenced construction means a continuous program of fabrication, erection or installation (see §60.2). Modification means any physical change in or change in the method of operation of an existing facility which increases emissions or results in new emissions (see §60.2). The following, by themselves, are not modifications: routine maintenance, repair or replacement, production increase without capital expenditure, increase in hours of operation, addition of emission controls, or the relocation or change in ownership of an existing facility (see §60.14). Reconstruction means the replacement of components of an existing facility such that the fixed capital cost of the new components exceeds 50 % of the fixed capital cost required to construct a comparable entirely new facility. Fixed capital cost means the capital needed to provide all the depreciable components (see §60.15). |
| NSPS 40 CFR 60, Subpart | Standards of Performance for Crude Oil and | | 2 & F1 | | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not equipped with “affected” sources that commenced |

| <u>FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION</u> | Title | Applies to Entire Facility | Applies to Unit No(s). | Does Not Apply | JUSTIFICATION: |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| OOOOa | Natural Gas Facilities for which Construction, Modification or Reconstruction Commenced After September 18, 2015 | | | | <p>construction, modification or reconstruction after September 18, 2015: gas wells, centrifugal or reciprocating compressors, pneumatic controllers, storage vessels, sweetening units, pneumatic pumps, and equipment leaks (see §60.5365a).</p> <p>In general, this regulation may apply if existing affected equipment is replaced or new affected equipment is installed.</p> <p>In particular, this regulation will apply to fugitive emissions components at the facility if any engines and compressors are installed. Fugitive components monitoring is required if a compressor station is modified. For the purpose of fugitive components monitoring as required by this subpart, modification of a compressor station is the addition of a compressor or replacement of a compressor with a larger unit (greater total horsepower) (see §60.5365a(j)).</p> <p>Note that the facility is not a natural gas processing plant as defined by the subpart (see §60.5430a).</p> <p>See the definitions of construction, modification, and reconstruction referenced in Subpart OOOO above.</p> <p>Note that the Waukesha engine has not yet been installed. The facility will not be subject to this regulation until that unit is operational.</p> |
| NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart A | General Provisions | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because no other 40 CFR Part 61 subparts apply (see §61.01(c)). |
| NESHAP 40 CFR 61 Subpart V | National Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks (Fugitive Emission Sources) | | | ✓ | <p>This regulation is not applicable because none of the listed equipment at the facility is in VHAP service.</p> <p>The provisions of this subpart apply to each of the following sources that are intended to operate in volatile hazardous air pollutant (VHAP) service: pumps, compressors, pressure relief devices, sampling connection systems, open-ended valves or lines, valves, connectors, surge control vessels, bottoms receivers, and control devices or systems required by this subpart (see §61.240(a)). VHAP service means a piece of equipment either contains or contacts a fluid (liquid or gas) that is at least 10 percent by weight of VHAP. VHAP means a substance regulated under this subpart for which a standard for equipment leaks of the substance has been promulgated (see §61.241).</p> |
| MACT 40 CFR 63, Subpart A | General Provisions | | 2 & 3 | | This regulation is applicable because 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ applies (see §63.1(b)). |
| MACT 40 CFR 63.760 Subpart HH | National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants For Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities | | | ✓ | <p>This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not equipped with affected equipment.</p> <p>The facility is an area HAP source. Note that since it is a production field facility (located prior to the point of custody transfer), only HAP emissions from glycol dehydration units and storage vessels are aggregated for a major source determination. Storage vessels include crude oil tanks, condensate tanks, intermediate hydrocarbon liquid tanks, and produced water tanks (see §63.761).</p> <p>At area HAP facilities, the regulation is only applicable to dehydrators (see §63.760(b)(2)).</p> |

| <u>FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS CITATION</u> | Title | Applies to Entire Facility | Applies to Unit No(s). | Does Not Apply | JUSTIFICATION: |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| MACT 40 CFR 63, Subpart HHH | National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is not a natural gas transmission and storage facility as defined by the subpart. A compressor station that transports natural gas prior to the point of custody transfer or to a natural gas processing plant (if present) are not considered a part of the natural gas transmission and storage source category (see §63.1270(a)). |
| MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart YYYY | National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Combustion Turbines | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable, as the facility is an area HAP source (see §63.6080). |
| MACT 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ | National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (RICE MACT) | | 2 & 3 | | This regulation is applicable because the facility is equipped with affected sources. The station is an area HAP source as defined by the subpart. For production field facilities, only HAP emissions from engines, turbines, dehydrators, and storage vessels with the potential for flash emissions are aggregated for the HAP major source determination (see §63.6675). Unit 2 is a 4-stroke, lean burn (4SLB) spark ignition (SI) RICE with a site rating of more than 500 hp, and was constructed prior to December 19, 2002. Unit 3 is an emergency generator as defined by the Subpart. |
| NESHAP 40 CFR 64 | Compliance Assurance Monitoring | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because no equipment at the facility requires a control device to achieve compliance with emission limits or standards where pre control emissions equal or exceed the major source threshold (100 tons per year). (see §64.2(a)). |
| NESHAP 40 CFR 68 | Chemical Accident Prevention | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility does not store any of the identified toxic and flammable substances in quantities exceeding the applicability thresholds (see §68.10(a), §68.115(a), and §68.130 Tables 1-4). |
| Title V – 40 CFR 70 | State Operating Permit Programs | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility is located within the exterior boundaries of the Jicarilla Apache Indian Reservation, and therefore not within the jurisdiction of the State of New Mexico Environment Department. |
| Title V – 40 CFR 71 | Federal Operating Permit Programs | ✓ | | | This regulation is applicable because the facility is located within the exterior boundaries of the Jicarilla Apache Indian Reservation. |
| Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 72 | Acid Rain | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA). |
| Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 73 | Sulfur Dioxide Allowance Emissions | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable because the facility does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA). |
| Title IV – Acid Rain 40 CFR 76 | Acid Rain Nitrogen Oxides Emission Reduction | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable to the facility because it does not operate a source subject to Title IV of the Clean Air Act (CAA). |

| <u>FEDERAL REGU- LATIONS</u> CITATION | Title | Applies to Entire Facility | Applies to Unit No(s). | Does Not Apply | JUSTIFICATION: |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Program | | | | |
| Title VI – 40 CFR 82 | Protection of Stratospheric Ozone | | | ✓ | This regulation is not applicable to the facility because it does not produce, manufacture, transform, destroy, import, or export ozone-depleting substances; does not maintain or service motor vehicle air conditioning units or refrigeration equipment; and does not sell, distribute, or offer for sale or distribution any product that contains ozone-depleting substances. |